GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Wednesday, Jan. 25, 1905.

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AFTER INVENTORY

REMNANT SALE.

Commencing Monday and lasting for

One Week.

HEINEMAN Mercantile Co.

Sale of Muslin Underwear

FOR ONE WEEK

Johnson & Hill Co's

Beginning Monday Jan. 23rd.

It is our aim to make this the greatest sale of dependable dainty trimmed Undermuslins we have ever planned for the women of Grand Rapids, and you have heretofore attended many succful and satisfactory ones. The two leading reasons that created our supremacy cannot be to strongly emphasized. Our qualities are what particular women want; our prices are in perfect accord with the governing principles of our business---the lowest, the very lowest. Whether you have a mite to spend or a large amount, come here. This appeal is for the frugal and thrifty of all classes.

Sale for One Week Beginning January 23rd.

Johnson & Hill Company

Dry Goods Department.

ARE OUT OF WORK.

Many of Our Laboring Men and Their Families in a Destitute Condition.

During a conversation with Rev. W. A. Peterson on Tuesday that gentleman stated that in his rounds about the city he had discovered a large number of families that are in straightened circumstances, owing to the fact that work is so scarce just at present that the head of the family is unable to get anything to do. Mr. Peterson is of the opinion that the condition of affairs is much worse than any need be and he proposes to alleviate the circumstances as much as possible by establishing at his home a free employment agency where the workingmen may make application and he will endeavor to discover those in the city in need of labor, and by this means attempt to give more people work.

There is no doubt but there is a wave of depression sweeping over the country at the present time. Not only do our home merchants complain of the hard times and dull business but the traveling men who make this city report that the same condition exists all over their territory. In fact they reported this to be the case several months before we began to feel the depression here, so that so far we have really been lucky.

Now that the depression has struck us the case is all the more aggravated, as the activity in this city during the past few years was unusual, and the consequence is that many laboring men came here, having heard of the boom that was on, and many of them are now unable to obtain any kind of work, and are compelled to loaf and live the best way they can, hoping that things will liven up in the near future.

Mr. Peterson reports that many of those who are out of work are men who have never received aid from the city and are not in the habit of begging, and as a consequence they have suffered rather than apply to anybody for aid. Some of our coal men also report that they have received many applications for fuel from people who are unable to pay for same, asking to be trusted, stating that they have nothing whatever to burn, and that their families are suffering.

Parties who have any employment for labor are requested to make use of Mr. Peterson's labor bureau and thus do what they can to help out some deserving person who is in search of employment.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

Last Friday evening the girls' and boys' basket ball teams played the Sparta high school teams at Sparta. The boys won by a score of 25 to 14, while the girls were defeated by the small score of 14 to 10. In two or three weeks we will have return games here. At that date the girls expect to redeem themselves and outshine the Sparta players. We hope to have a good attendance on that date, as the expenses will be considerable to bring 16 players from Sparta.

One week from the coming Friday there will be a double game here. Black River Falls vs. Grand Rapids boys' and girls' teams. Two excellent games are anticipated, so come and bring your friends. General admission to see two games, 25 cents. Come and see the games.

Examinations were held Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of last week. One half of the school year is now over. English History is being taken up and also Bookkeeping or Algebra by the Sophomores in place of Medieval History and Arithmetic. The Juniors are taking Civics in place of English History. Geometry or Psychology is being taken by the Seniors in place of Sentential Analysis.

"Laurel" met Monday at which time the following new officers were installed: Georgia Ridgamn, president; Ruby Natwick, vice president; Mae Baruch, secretary; Edna Muir, treasurer; Mattie Slattery, censor. After the installation the following program was rendered:

Music—Mozart Genevieve Carden.
Reading—Burns Flossie Hansen.
Charades Minnie Witte, Cordelia Richards.

The boys' Literary society expect to have an open meeting soon.

Friday night the boys' basket ball team plays the Stevens Point Normal at Stevens Point. We all expect them to win because of the excellent game they put up against the Oshkosh Normal, in which the score was 24 to 19. Only the night before the Oshkosh Normal defeated the Stevens Point Normal by the score of 35 to 24.

A Narrow Escape.

August Shoeffelbein had a narrow escape from death while at work for the Nekoosa Paper company on Wednesday afternoon. He was engaged in unloading logs from a car when the wire cable that supported the arm of the steam loader broke, allowing the arm to fall and strike Shoeffelbein on the head. He was knocked senseless by the blow and medical aid was at once summoned and an examination showed that the skull had been fractured. Wm. Leverance was also struck on the arm and severely bruised. While Mr. Shoeffelbein's injuries are serious, it is expected that he will recover. The fact that the arm was stopped in its drop by striking across some obstruction probably saved the lives of both men.

Conway-McGrath.

On Thursday at Waupaca occurs the marriage of W. J. Conway of this city and Miss Hannah McGrath of Waupaca. The wedding occurs at 8:30 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Hart, Mrs. Hart being a sister to the bride, and the ceremony will be performed by Rev. Mortell.

Miss Laura Duggan of Oshkosh, who is well known here, will act as bridesmaid and Wm. McGrath of Monroe, a brother of the bride, will be best man.

Mr. and Mrs. Conway will go for a short wedding tour after their marriage, after which they will return to this city and make their home. They will be at home to their friends after March 20th.

Mr. Conway, who is our county judge, is one of Grand Rapids' bright and rising young attorneys, and has many friends in the city and county. Miss McGrath taught in our public schools for a number of years, and during her residence here she has made a host of friends who thoroly appreciate her good qualities. The Tribune unites with their many friends in wishing the young couple an ideal existance and a successful and happy journey thru life.

A GAME APIECE.

Sparta and Grand Rapids Break Even at Basket Ball.

The two basket ball teams from the Lincoln high school went to Sparta on Friday and that evening played the Sparta high school teams. Honors were even in the events, for the girls from here lost their game by a score of fourteen to ten and the local boys won by a score of twenty to fourteen.

The players from here say that the baskets were higher than they have been in the habit of playing with and this fact put them out of the race to a certain extent, tho the boys won in spite of this inconvenience.

The girls report that they were a trifle nervous at the start in and did not play quite up to their usual standard as they do at home, and this fact handicapped them somewhat also. They report a very nice trip and say they were treated very well.

Farmers' Course.

The College of Agriculture will offer again this year the special ten days Farmers' Course which proved so popular last year, the meetings to extend from February 14-24.

The course is open to all persons over twenty-five years of age and no fees or charges are made by the University for instruction, as the course is intended for farmers in agriculture. Last year, when the course was given for the first time, there were 175 farmers in attendance from 42 counties of the state. This year several new features are to be added to strengthen the course materially, and the work will include instructions in improved method of raising live stock, and of cultivating new varieties of corn, oats, and other grains, with especial attention to the judging of seed corn.

In connection with this Farmers' Course, the department of Household Economics of the University, under the direction of Professor Caroline L. Hunt, will hold a special ten days housekeepers' conference for the women of the state, and especially for the wives and daughters of those attending the Farmers' Course. The purpose of this housekeepers' conference is to furnish instructions and demonstrations, and encourage discussion in subjects of interest connected with housekeeping. The work will include a daily lecture and demonstration of food and cooking, and lecture on household management, house furnishings, health and care of children, and gardening.

An illustrated circular now in press giving detailed information concerning both courses, and calling attention to the fact that rooms and board can be obtained at reasonable prices, and that reduced railroad rates have been secured, will be sent to those interested, by Dean Henry of the College of Agriculture, who is in charge of the course.

A New Salting Station.

The Pittsville Times is authority for the statement that Alart and McGuire will establish a salting station at Pittsville the coming summer. Pittsville is surrounded by some of the best land in this section and if the company can get the farmers and holders of small tracts interested in the pickle industry it should prove a paying venture both for the company and the people who do the growing. These small industries distribute a lot of money among the farmers each season.

Must have Stamps.

A recent ruling of the postoffice department will be of considerable interest to county people who receive mail by rural route deliveries. Recently an Ohio carrier found in a mail box on his route two letters that were intended for the owner of the box and had been put there by some one in passing. These letters were confiscated and sent to the postoffice department at Washington with a request for a ruling on the question. The government approved of the carrier's action and said that all mail found in any box without stamps or proper amount of money for postage must be collected and taken to the postoffice from which the route is operated and held for postage. The ruling means that the owner of the box has no control over it.

A MIDNIGHT FIRE.

The Three Shea Buildings on the East Side Wrecked by Fire Last Night.

The buildings owned by W. J. Shea, situated on the east side, just north of Spafford's store, were totally destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning, and despite the efforts of the firemen, only a few charred remains now stand to mark the spot.

The alarm was turned in shortly after two o'clock this morning, but the weather was very cold, and but few people turned out except the firemen. The buildings were occupied by Eugene Miller, who ran a bicycle repair shop, Joseph Silverman, saloon, and Dessaint & Arndt, paint and repair shop.

The insurance on the buildings was only about one thousand dollars. This will not cover the loss, notwithstanding the fact that the buildings were old wooden structures. On the Silverman saloon there was an insurance of $1,150 on stock and $150 on furniture and fixtures. Just what the loss will be is not known at this time.

On the Dessiant & Arndt stock there was an insurance of $400, which will probably cover the loss. Eugene Miller got the most of his stock out, so that his loss will not amount to much. Mr. Silverman says that his loss will be about $2,000 over the insurance.

The origin of the fire is unknown, although it started in the saloon of Mr. Silverman. That gentleman states that everything was all right when he left there about eleven o'clock.

Spafford's store had a close call from being destroyed, as the building next to their's stood very close, and had their building not been of solid brick, no doubt the loss would have been considerable.

Toll Line Meeting.

The stockholders of the Telephone Toll Line Co. held their annual meeting last Thursday evening, at which there was a fairly good attendance. The following directors were elected for the ensuing year: R. L. Kraus of Marshfield, Dr. Karl Dodge of Marshfield, Dr. B. M. Wood of Pittsville, C. F. Kruger, T. A. Lipke, J. A. Gaynor, and L. M. Schlaterer of this city. The directors then elected as their officers as follows: T. A. Lipke, president; C. F. Kruger, secretary and treasurer.

The business of the concern has been fairly good during the past year, but the members feel that the concern has not been properly advertised and that the people do not realize the accommodations that the system offers. Thru their lines to Pittsville and Marshfield it is possible to get connections to nearly all of the small towns in this vicinity, while many of the larger places may be reached by the connections with other local companies.

Pepin-Groehler.

Tomorrow, at Wausau, occurs the marriage of Arthur Pepin of this city and Miss Henrietta Groehler of Chicago. Miss Groehler is a talented young lady, who has visited in this city several times, being a vocalist of considerable note. Mr. Pepin is one of Grand Rapids bright young men who has lived here his entire life, and who has a friend wherever he has an acquaintance. The Tribune unites with the friends of the contracting parties in extending the heartiest of congratulations.

Pittsville Times Sold.

Once more the Pittsville Times has been sold, this time to P. O. Winther who formerly ran a paper at Wausaue. Mr. Winther is a practical printer and a man who has had considerable experience in the newspaper business and should be able to make a success of the paper if anyone can. The people of Pittsville are anxious to have a paper in their city, but up to date they have not given the sheet enough support so that the man who ran the thing was able to stay there any length of time. In the case of keeping up a paper in so small a place as Pittsville, it would not hurt the people to put themselves out a little in their endeavor to support the institution.

Building and Loan Association.

The first payment on the stock of the Grand Rapids Building and Loan association will be made on the 15th of February. The sale of stock in the association has been very satisfactory up to date, and several have signified their intention of investing in the association as soon as it is in running order. The Marathon Building and Loan association located at Wausau paid 13 per cent on the investment, which is no better than our local organization should do after being in operation for a proper length of time.

Wreck at Plover.

A small wreck occurred at Plover last Tuesday morning. The trouble was caused by a Wisconsin Central freight train running into the side of a Green Bay and Western freight. Several cars were demolished and several others derailed and both of the engines were somewhat smashed up, but nobody was hurt.

Advertised Letters.

Letters advertised Jan. 23, 1905. Ladies: Gous Mrs. Lena; Young Miss Frances; Gentlemen: F. Gesslie Wm., Sage Chas., Trudeau, G. S A. L. Fontaine, P. M.

A Case of Poisoning

Dr. Haugen received a hurry up call to the home of Albert Clzek on Thursday, being informed that two members of the family had taken poison and were badly in need of a physician. Upon arriving at the home of Mr. Clzek the doctor found that the man of the house was suffering from a badly inflamed mouth and was suffering considerable pain, while the little girl, about seven years of age, was in an unconscious condition.

Inquiry developed the fact the Mr. Clzek had by mistake taken a swig out of the ammonia bottle, thinking it was whiskey, and as a result was suffering considerable inconvenience, but was nothing serious.

The doctor then turned his attention to the little girl and after some inquiry and a close examination decided that she had found the whiskey bottle that her father had been searching for and was at that time dead drunk. Subsequent developments proved that the doctor's diagnosis was correct, and at last reports the patients were getting along nicely. The family lives northwest of the city in the town of Sigel, and on the day in question the woman of the house had gone to Vesper on a shopping tour, and the family took advantage of her absence to have a little time.

REBELS RUN RIOT.

City of St. Petersburg the Scene of Riots and Bloodshed on Sunday.

The city of St. Petersburg, Russia, was the scene of one of the greatest riots on Sunday that has been chronicled in modern history. Some 500 citizens were shot down by the government troops as they were approaching the executive buildings for the purpose of presenting the czar with a petition. The citizens were unarmed and had no means of defending themselves against the attack of the soldiers.

Other cities in Russia are in a state of turmoil and an outbreak of hostilities is expected at any time. The common people seem to be in earnest in their endeavor to free themselves from the galling yoke of a monarchy, and the cry now is "Death to the Czar."

The following proclamation, dated Jan. 22, has been issued by the Russian Social Democratic labor party:

Comrades: So long as autocracy exists no improvement in our condition is possible. Therefore, we continue to inscribe on our banners the following demands:

"The immediate cessation of the war.

"The summoning of a constitutional assembly of representatives of the people elected by universal and equal suffrage and direct, secret ballot.

"The removal of class and race privileges and restrictions.

"The inviolability of the person and domicile.

"Freedom of conscience, speech, the press, meetings, strikes and political associations."

A second proclamation, dated January 23, says:

The proletariat of all countries are united.

Citizens, you yesterday witnessed the bestial cruelty of the autocratic government. You saw blood flowing in the streets. You saw hundreds slaughtered, defenders of the cause of labor. You saw the dead and heard the groans of the wounded women and defenseless children. The blood and brains of workmen were shattered around where their heads had been laid.

Who directed the soldiers to aim their rifles and fire bullets at the breasts of the laborers? It was the Emperor, the grand dukes, the ministers, the generals, the nobles of the court. They are the murderers. Slay them!

To arms, comrades! Secure the arsenal and the arms at the depots and at the gunsmiths. Lay low the prison walls. Liberate the defenders of freedom. Demolish the police and gendarmerie stations and all the government and state buildings.

We must throw down the Emperor and the government, and must have our own government.

Long live the revolution!

Long live the constituent assembly of the representatives of the people!

A third proclamation appeals to the people not to attempt to injure private property.

Special.

—A good quality of canned corn, peas, tomatoes, beans, pumpkin and salmon at 8 cents per can at Johnson & Hill Co These are absolutely the best canned goods for the money in this or any other city. We are the leaders of low prices on good merchandise. The most complete assortment of groceries and canned goods constantly on hand.

Johnson & Hill Co.

Gloria Lung Balsam Will Save You.

If you have a cough, throat or lung trouble don't wait until you have pneumonia but stop that cough today. Simply get a bottle of Gloria Lung Balsam and all will be peace and comfort. Best for children. Sold by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Dissolution Notice.

The partnership that has heretofore existed between Edmund Wheelan and Edward Daly has been dissolved by the mutual consent of the interested parties.

Ed Daly.
E. W. Wheelan.

A GOOD SHOW.

Japanese Extravaganza Proves a Pronounced Success and Has Crowded House.

The Japanese Extravaganza, King Chop Suey, given under the auspices of the young ladies of SS. Peter and Paul church at the opera house last night was a pronounced success from every point of view. The house was filled to the doors with an interested and appreciative audience which greatly enjoyed the numerous solos and other musical selections, and it was the general verdict that Mr. and Mrs. Smith had done remarkably well to prepare those who took part so thoroly for the role in which they appeared.

Lack of space prevents a special mention of each one, but the following is the program as rendered last night:

A Jolly Old King Fred Stamm
My Japanese Miss Antoinette Smith
Back, Back to Baltimore Art Porterville
Down the Amazon Miss Eva Cahill
Everywhere Chas. Laramie
Flower of Old Japan Lalah Purnell
Lucy Lindy Lady Ed Armstrong
Wild and Wally West John McCarthy
Johnson Masquerade Guy Joyce
Honey Lou Bob Nash
Big Indian Chief A. J. Freund
Uncle Sammy Company
Illustrated Songs, "A Baby for Sale" and "The Little Place I Call Home," Miss Anna Reeves.
Ad. Slides and Humorous Views.
"Good Bye, My Lady Love," Mrs. E. Armstrong and Japanese Girls.
"Blue Bell" Male Quartette
"When the Band was Playing Dixie," Miss Belle Harding and The Dixie Girls.
Illustrated Songs: "Good Night, Beloved," W. E. Lower; "I've Got a Feeling for You," Miss Eva Cahill.
Pianist Miss Nellie Stolp

Civil Service Reform League.

(Invitation to Join.)

Friends of the Civil Service Reform, desirous of having the Legislature at Madison enact a law introducing the merit system into as many of the state, city and county offices in the state of Wisconsin as is consistent with good policy and wishing to obtain the best possible law for this purpose have organized themselves into a State Civil Service Reform League. The purpose of the League is to call the attention of the Commonwealth to the importance of the merit system, to invite expressions of opinions or suggestion regarding the provisions to be embodied in a Civil Service Law, to examine pertinent bills introduced at the legislature now in session, to discuss the same in meetings or publish their opinions thereof in the daily press, and to awaken general interest in and further discussing about this subject.

We hereby urgently request all persons in accord with us to send, at their earliest convenience, their names for the purpose of adding them to our list of members, feeling assured that the influence exercised by a numerically strong body of patriotic fellow citizens united for furthering the welfare of the community in this direction will bring the desired results.

Irving M. Bean, President,
G. Herami Dorner, Secretary,
1922 Cedar Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Contract Completed.

At a recent meeting of the directors of the Grand Rapids Brewing company a final settlement was made with the contractors who erected the building and those interested in the plant are greatly pleased with the manner in which the work was carried out and finished up. W. E. Ule & Co., being W. E. Ule and Louis J. Ule, were the contractors, the carpenter work being sublet to Playman Bros., and all of those parties carried out the terms of their agreement to the letter. The structure as it stands is a building that the projectors are proud of, and they feel that a large measure of the success of the enterprise is due to the efficient and workmanlike manner in which the contract was executed. The plant is now entirely completed and in operation right along and the product will be on the market about March 1st.



Your Money

cannot be invested so safely or so advantageously as in good

Real Estate

Only be sure to buy right. We can point you to several splendid opportunities at present. Lots in Cloverdale $100.00; payable $5.00 per month.

Taylor & Scott, Agents

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

GRAND RAPIDS. · WISCONSIN.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

News from German southwest Africa of the surrender of several chiefs of the Hereros, including William Maherero, gives rise to hopes in Germany that the Hereros' part of the African rebellion is ending. About 2,300 fresh German troops are being sent forward, however.

A collision in which three trains were involved, including two Scotch expresses, occurred on the Midland railway near Barnsley. Four passengers and two railwaymen were killed and a score were injured. The accident occurred in a fog. Among the injured is Robert Brough, the artist.

Winston Churchill, who has formally allied himself with the Liberal party in England, was the guest of honor at the National Liberal club's dinner. In a speech he declared that Joseph Chamberlain had been completely discredited. He predicted a great Liberal victory at the next elections.

Coroner Moses J. Jackson of New York city was arrested on the charge of having attempted to bribe Deputy Assistant District Attorney Charles Chadwick to release a man accused of murder.

Corporal punishment for men who beat their wives or any other female is provided for in a bill filed in the Massachusetts senate by Senator E. B. Callender in behalf of Frederick W. Peabody of Boston.

G. H. Boughton, the artist, was found dead in his studio in London, where he had been working alone. He had been under treatment for heart disease. Mr. Boughton's boyhood was spent in Albany, N. Y.

The British ship Tamar, from Hamburg, for Seattle, put into Plymouth, England, with her commander, Capt. Griffiths, in irons. Later he was taken into custody by the police on the charge of having attempted to murder the mate and a sailor.

W. L. Spalding, who is said to have lost $42,000 in world's fair enterprises, dropped dead in the city hospital at St. Louis.

Former Senator William E. Mason, ill at the Shoreham hotel in Washington, D. C., is reported to be rapidly regaining strength.

Engineer James Keasey and Fireman Harry Jones were killed and an unknown boy was fatally injured in a wreck on the Powelton & Pocahontas railroad near Mount Carbon, W. Va.

Mrs. Garrett A. Hobart and son, Garrett A. Hobart, Jr., have accepted an invitation to attend the banquet in celebration of McKinley's birthday in Canton, Ohio, on Jan. 31. Mrs. McKinley will be present.

The American Steel Foundries company of Franklin, Pa., purchased the interests of the Simplex Railway Appliance company of Chicago. It is said the deal involves millions.

Mysterious buying of Schwarzchild & Sulzberger stock in Boston is said to have been traced to Chicago packers, who are now reported to have secured enough to warrant a demand for representation in the board of directors.

Physicians were called Wednesday to see Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick, who is seriously ill in jail in Cleveland.

The committee of twenty-seven legislators named by the Colorado general assembly convened in Denver and began the hearing of the contest for governor filed by James H. Peabody. The evidence tended to show gross election frauds in Denver.

Grieving over his son's absence, Jacob J. Baker of Muskegon, Mich., committed suicide by hanging.

At a special election in company K of the Sixth infantry, I. N. G., held at Kewanee, Ill., Robert G. Williams was elected first lieutenant and Mark A. Saunders second lieutenant to fill vacancies.

John Pettit, an ex-Confederate soldier, froze to death on the Clinton-Paris gravel road near Clinton, Ind. He was 65 years old.

Gov. Herrick commuted the sentence of Alexander Guy, colored, condemned to die by the electric chair, to life imprisonment. Guy killed his wife in Chillicothe, Ohio.

Besties Cowan, a flagman on the Chicago & Alton, residing in Bloomington, Ill., was killed at Williamsville by being run over while coupling a car.

The governor of Virginia granted a reprieve to J. Samuel McCue, who was to have been hanged at Charlottesville Friday for the murder of his wife, until Feb. 10, to give time for the state supreme court to consider his amended application.

The Michigan Democratic state central committee met at Saginaw and decided to hold the state convention to nominate a candidate for justice of the supreme court in Battle Creek, Feb. 28.

G. S. Brows of Chicago was elected school principal of Salina, Kan.

After a search of almost ten years Capt. W. P. Walsh of the secret bureau arrested William H. Souser in Pittsburg on the charge of having impersonated a United States secret service officer in Minneapolis, and having obtained credit for jewelry valued at $102.60.

Postmaster W. D. Jacobson of Lyons, Iowa, was married to Miss Julia Gordon.

The Boston chamber of commerce elected Henry M. Whitney president and discussed the discrimination practiced by the railroads.

Frederick Guderian and A. R. Groenke, both of Minneapolis, Minn., have received appointments as requisition clerks of the Panama canal.

It has been decided to throw open the gates and all exhibit buildings at the Lewis and Clark exposition at Portland, Ore., on Sundays.

A. J. Scorer, a Pittsburg steamship agent, was arrested charged with embezzling $1,500. He is alleged to have sold worthless drafts to tourists sailing for Europe, and it is said that several persons are still stranded abroad as a result of his work.

Fire at Berlin Heights, Ohio, destroyed Newton Andrews' block and adjoining buildings. Loss, $40,000.

The authorities of the Congo independent state deny the report of the massacre of whites and Catholic missionaries in the upper reaches of the Congo river.

John Sprechen, aged 72, was found lying in an abandoned coal shed in the Burlington railway yards at St. Joseph Mo. He had been without food for three days and his limbs were badly frozen. Thirty years ago he was a prosperous merchant of Kansas City.

LATEST CASH MARKET REPORTS

Chicago Produce.

Butter—Creamery, extra, jobbing prices, 26c; prices to retailers, 30½c; prints, 31½c; June extras, 29½@30½c; firsts, 25@28c; seconds, 19@20c; storage, 27c; renovated, 22½c; dairies, Coolleys, 24@26c; firsts, 21@23c; ladles, 15½@16c; packing stock, 18½@19c.

Cheese—Full cream, daisies, 11½@11¾c; twins, 11½@11¾c; young Americas, 11¾@12c; long horns, 11¾@12c; cheddars, eastern, 11¾@11¾c; Swiss, block, 11¾@12c; drum, 11½@12c; off grades, 7½@10c.

Eggs—Fresh stock at mark, new cases included, 22@27c; cases returned, 20@26c; firsts, 27c; prime firsts, packed in 26c; firsts, 27c; prime firsts, packed in white-wood cases containing 30 per cent fresh stock, 27c; extra (high grades), packed for city trade, 29c.

Live poultry—Turkeys, per lb, 13c; chickens, fowls, good weight, 11½c; spring, 16@17c; ducks, 10½@11½c; geese, per doz, $6@10.

Sweet potatoes—Illinois, choice, $2.25@2.50; common, $1@2.

Potatoes—Car lots, on track: Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan Burbanks, good to choice, 34@35c; extra fancy, 36@37c; rurals, good to choice, 32@33c; fancy, 35@36c; extras, large lots, not well assorted, 28@30c; Kiaus, common to fancy, 32@33c.

Onions—Home-grown, yellow, 70@75c per bu; red, 70@75c per bu; white, 90@$1.10 per bu; Spanish, $1.50 per box; Valencias, $4.25@4.50 per case.

New York Produce.

Butter—Steady; unchanged.

Cheese—Firm; unchanged.

Eggs—Weak; receipts, 10,871; state, pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected, white, 28@28c; do choice, 27@27c; mixed, fancy, 30@31c; western, fancy selected, 29c; do firsts, 28c; southern, 22@23c; refrigerator, 19@23c.

Grain Quotations.

WHEAT.

Chicago—No. 2 red, $1.17¾@1.18¼.
New York—No. 2 red, $1.20½.
Minneapolis—No. 1 northern, $1.14¼.
St. Louis—No. 2 red, $1.14¾.
Duluth—No. 1 northern, $1.13¾.
Kansas City—No. 2 hard, $1.06@1.07.
Milwaukee—No. 1 northern, $1.16½@1.17.

CORN.

Chicago—No. 2, 42½c.
Liverpool—American mixed, 3s 11½d.
New York—No. 2, 52½c.
Peoria—No. 3, 42½c.
St. Louis—No. 2, 43c.
Kansas City—No. 2 mixed, 42½c.
Milwaukee—No. 3, 42@43½c.

OATS.

Chicago—Standard, 36½c.
New York—Mixed, 37@38c.
St. Louis—No. 2, 31c.
Kansas City—No. 2 mixed, 31c.
Milwaukee—Standard, 32@32½c.

Live Stock.

CATTLE.

Chicago—$1.50@6.25.
Omaha—$4.50@5.75.
Kansas City—$4.75@5.75.
St. Louis—$4.75@5.75.
St. Joseph—$4.50@4.75.
New York—$3.50@5.90.
Pittsburg—$5.00@5.60.
Buffalo—$5.50@ 5.80.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

Chicago—$2.50@7.85.
Omaha—$4.25@ 7.40.
Kansas City—$2.50@6.60.
St. Louis—$2.00@7.50.
New York—$4.00@8.00.
Pittsburg—$2.50@ 7.85.

Mrs. Robert S. McCormick, wife of the American ambassador to Russia, and President Charles W. Eliot of Harvard university and Mrs. Eliot were passengers on the steamer Bleicher, which left New York for Europe.

In the case of George Sorenson, charged by the government with offering $5,000 to have the land fraud indictments dismissed, former United States District Attorney John H. Hall testified in Portland, Oregon, that Sorenson had made the offer to him.

Secretary of the Treasury Leslie M. Shaw was the principal speaker at the board of trade dinner in Newark, N. J. His theme was "Nonpartisan Statesmanship," one triumph of which, he said, resulted in the building of the transcontinental railroads.

The new steamers Prins Valdemar and Slam have been purchased by Russia from the East Asiatic company.

In Stockholm the report that King Oscar of Sweden and Norway is dangerously ill with facial paralysis is denied. The king is said to be enjoying perfect health.

By the terms of an order received by the Seattle, Wash., quartermaster from Quartermaster General Humphrey at Washington, Capt. A. H. Laffin, hitherto commander of the cableship Burnside, has been removed for cause, and Capt. A. N. Walton, formerly commander of the transports Dix and Egbert, has been appointed in his stead.

American Minister Dudley and Gen. Bates visited President Pardo of Peru at Lima.

Rev. Dr. Nehemiah Boynton, pastor of the First Congregational church, Detroit, Mich., has been voted a call to become the pastor of the Clinton Avenue Congregational church, Brooklyn.

John Merriman, while sawing lumber at his mill in Ramsey, Ill., slipped and fell on the saw, receiving injuries from which he died.

King Christian of Denmark has conferred the title of knight upon H. H. Birkholm, a San Franciscan, who for ten years has represented the Danish government as consul general to California, Oregon and Washington.

Virginia Emerson, an actress, has obtained at Baltimore an absolute divorce from Charles F. Emerson on the grounds of abandonment. They were married April 6, 1899, in Chicago and lived together until August, 1901. Mrs. Emerson is a sister of Lillian Grubb.

Clothing believed to have been worn by Mabel Scholley, 9 years old, daughter of Lieut. Ernest Scholley of Hesperia, Mich., who was abducted, was found by her father on a train at Benton Harbor, Mich. Lieut. Scholley believes the child was abducted by his divorced wife and her mother.

The American minister to Peru, Mr. Dudley, and Gen. A. E. Bates have arrived at Lima.

Express messenger L. L. West was killed and thirteen other persons injured in the wreck of a Santa Fe passenger train near Derby, Kas.

Charles Barton of Moweaqua, Ill., was taken to Shelbyville to be examined as to his sanity. He threatened to kill his family.

The recent cold weather has killed all of the fall vegetables in central Texas and up and down the Brazos valley.

An attempt was made to rob the bank of Lafayette, Ala. The outer door of the vault was blown off, but the robbers evidently became frightened and left before completing their work. The papers and money are intact.

City Councilman Joseph Schweininger of Cincinnati was indicted charged with conducting and permitting gambling in his place of business.

Joseph Wilkes and Luke Gay, colored firemen, were instantly killed as a result of a boiler explosion in the Vulcan building, Cleveland, Ohio.

James M. A. Watson, the clerk in the auditor's office of the District of Columbia, who was accused of embezzling $73,000 of funds intrusted to him by Auditor Petty, was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

The Union Pacific railroad has let contracts for the double-tracking of the Union Pacific line in Kansas from Kansas City to Topeka and for the construction of a new line from Menoken and Onaka, Kan., which will complete a cut off from Topeka, Kan., to Grand Island, Neb.

HIDDEN PUZZLE PICTURE.



Up, sluggard, and waste not life; in the grave will be sleeping enough. Find the Sluggard.

NATIONAL SOLONS

Monday, Jan. 16, 1905.

By a vote of 30 to 24 the senate decided to consider the cross-town street railway bill for Washington. The statehood bill was discussed for three hours by Messrs. Simmons and Heyburn, who favored the elimination of Arizona from the bill.

The senate resolution fixing Wednesday, Feb. 8, as the time for counting the electoral vote for president and vice president was adopted by the house. A resolution was agreed to providing for the collection of additional cotton statistics by the census bureau. The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was sent to conference. Discussion of the Swayne impeachment charges occupied the remainder of the session.

Tuesday, Jan. 17, 1905.

In the senate Mr. Lodge presented the conference report on the Philippine bill and railroad bill and it was ordered printed. Mr. Mitchell of Oregon made a statement on his recent indictment in connection with land frauds. Bills were passed transferring the control of forest reserves from the interior to the Agricultural Department and abolishing the office of the assistant attorney general for the postoffice Department and providing a solicitor for that department. Mr. Hoyburn concluded his speech on the statehood bill. A resolution was adopted setting Feb. 17 as the date for receiving the statue of Frances E. Willard from the state of Illinois to be placed in statuary hall.

The Swayne impeachment charges were debated at length in the house, and it was agreed to begin voting at 3:30 o'clock tomorrow. The postoffice appropriation bill was reported.

Wednesday, January 18, 1905.

In the senate Mr. Stone (Mo.) spoke in support of his resolution providing for an investigation of the charges of improprety made in connection with the campaigns of 1896 and 1904. Mr. Hansbrough had the clerk read the text of President Roosevelt's reply to the Parker charges and the resolution was allowed to lie on the table. The discussion of the statehood bill continued. Mr. Berry offered an amendment permitting the annexation of West Fort Smith, now in Indian Territory, to Arkansas. The senate committee on appropriations reported the fortifications appropriation bill. Messrs. Foraker and Dorman were appointed tellers to count the electoral vote on Feb. 8. A bill authorizing the secretary of the interior to utilize Rhett Lever and other navigable streams on the Oregon and California boundary in connection with arid land reclamation was passed.

The house adopted the twelve articles of impeachment against Judge Charles Swayne by a close margin, the first three on a motion to table the first three articles standing 189 to 185. The speaker was authorized to appoint seven managers to present the case to the senate and conduct the impeachment proceedings before that body. Mr. Little (Ark.) introduced a resolution directing the secretary of commerce and labor to investigate the iron and steel trade for the purpose of ascertaining the measure of control by the United States steel corporation and its methods. The house committee on election of president, vice president and representatives in congress favorably reported the bill adding the secretary of agriculture and the secretary of commerce and labor to the line of presidential succession.

Thursday, Jan. 19, 1905.

A resolution requesting the International Prison congress to hold its next meeting in Washington was adopted by the senate. The bill for the relief of American sufferers through seizure of far sealing vessels was debated, but no action was taken. The statehood bill was taken up and Mr. Stone, speaking against the measure, occupied the time until adjournment.

Consideration of the army appropriation bill was completed in the house. A proposition to abolish the canteen was defeated, 89 to 47, after debate in which Commissioner Degetau of that island made his maiden speech. The provision for the army transport service was retained in spite of a vigorous attack by Mr. Humphrey of Washington, who said the service was rotten and a national disgrace. Feb. 17 was fixed as the date for the acceptance of the Frances Willard statue from the state of Illinois. A bill was passed extending the extradition laws of the United States to the Philippines. The senate amendments to the bill transferring jurisdiction of the forest reserves from the interior to the Agricultural department were concurred in and the bill was sent to conference. The military academy appropriation bill was reported.

Iron and Steel Probe.

Washington dispatch: A resolution introduced by Representative Little of Arkansas directs the secretary of commerce and labor to investigate the conditions of the iron and steel industry of the United States to ascertain to what extent the industry is controlled by the United States Steel corporation; to what extent, if at all, does the steel corporation sell its products cheaper in export trade than in domestic trade, and whether such conditions form a trust or conspiracy in restraint of commerce.

Americans Control Chinese Road.

Washington special: Sir Chentung Liang Cheng, the Chinese minister, has recommended his government not to cancel the franchise of the Hankow-Canton railway, as he has been informed that J. Pierpont Morgan and other Americans have bought back their stock in the road. The agitation for canceling the franchise was due to the passing of the road from American control.

Nonpartisan Judges.

Washington dispatch: "Politics will not be permitted to enter at all in the selection of federal judges for Chicago," said Senator Hopkins. "We hope to secure the passage of a bill giving Chicago a new district and a new circuit court. When these courts are authorized the men chosen to preside will be representative citizens, who are not politicians."

Extradition Pact.

Washington dispatch: The senate committee on foreign relations authorized a favorable report on an amendment to the extradition treaty between the United States and Spain providing that the person extradited shall not be tried for political offenses or for any crime other than that specified.

National Freight Classification.

Washington dispatch: A bill introduced in the house by Representative Shackelford requires the interstate commerce commission to publish Jan. 1, 1906, a classification of freight articles and rules, regulations and conditions for freight transportation to be known as the "national freight classification."

Refuses Elder's Request.

Washington dispatch: The cabinet declined to grant the request of Homer C. Stuntz, presiding elder of the Methodist church in the Philippines, who asked that the Philippine commission be compelled to reverse its decree making Dec. 8, the natal day of the virgin of Antipolo, a legal holiday.

Favor Arbitration.

Washington dispatch: Engrossed copies of a resolution recently adopted by the Boston chamber of commerce favoring the adjustment of international differences by arbitration and urging the ratification of the arbitration treaties now pending before the senate were presented to the president.

Philippine Tariff.

Washington dispatch: The house ways and means committee will begin hearings on the Philippine tariff bill next Monday. Representative Curtis of Kansas introduced a bill to reduce the duty on Philippine tobacco and sugar to 25 per cent of the existing Dingley tariff rates.

To Receive Willard Statue.

Washington dispatch: Senator Cullom secured the adoption of a resolution setting Feb. 17 as the time for receiving the statue of Frances E. Willard, the gift of the state of Illinois. The statue will be the first figure of a woman placed in Statuary Hall.

Mexican Treaty.

Washington dispatch: Ambassador Azpiroz of Mexico and Secretary Hay signed an arbitration treaty similar to those recently negotiated by the United States with other countries.

George Foster Peabody Ill.

New York dispatch: George Foster Peabody, banker and treasurer of the Democratic national committee, is reported to have broken down physically and is now at his farm in northern New York.

Dying From Stab Wounds.

Dayton, Ohio, dispatch: William Robinson, a member of the hospital staff of the Soldiers' Home, was found dying from a dozen stab wounds. William Clay, a negro, was arrested.

Students in School Fire.

Brighton, Ill., dispatch: Forty students had thrilling escapes from death in a fire which completely destroyed the Dodge and Clark school for stammerers. One student was severely burned.

Thirty Are Poisoned.

Pine Grove, W. V., special: Thirty persons, representing fourteen families, are suffering from ptomaine poisoning in a serious form. The poisoning was caused by canned fruit.

Hotels Are Burned.

New York dispatch: Three hotels and two cottages in the West Arverne section, Rockaway Beach, R. I., were destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at $40,000.

At Wilson, Kan., City Marshal Tillman shot and killed Sam Hutchinson, the postmaster and editor of a paper, and then committed suicide. Tillman had whipped Hutchinson's boy and the latter scored the marshal in his paper.

Shoots Man and Wife.

Cincinnati, O., special: After W. T. Ridge fired six shots, three lodging in the body of John W. Dunkie and three striking Mrs. Dunkie, he walked to the Covington police station and surrendered. Mrs. Dunkie may die.

Children Burn to Death.

Philadelphia: dispatch: In a fire which destroyed the residence of George Troxell; two children—George, 17 months old, and Teresa, 4 years old—were burned to death.

Two Skaters Drown.

Richmond, Va., dispatch: While skating on Reservoir Lake, Barton Thompson, an ex-member of the United States Marine Corps, and Ernest J. B. Land, a commission merchant, were drowned.

Folding Bed Kills Woman.

Anderson, Ind., special: While Mrs O. I. Townsend was making up a folding bed the bed closed, catching her between the rails, breaking her neck and killing her instantly.

Favor Shipping Bill.

Washington dispatch: The house committee on merchant marine and fisheries authorized a favorable report on the shipping bill reported to congress by the merchant marine commission.

Centenarian Dies in Cadillac.

Cadillac, Mich., special: Ira Brown died at the home of his daughter here, aged 100 years and 8 months. He was born in Chasey, N. Y., in 1804.

CZAR'S LIFE IS IMPERILED

Finest Battery in the Russian Army Fires Salute to the Emperor From Gun That Is Loaded With Grape Shot.

Czar Nicholas' life was imperiled just at the close of the ceremony of the blessing of the waters Jan. 19, when a charge of grape shot tore through the top of the little chapel built over the frozen Neva in front of the winter palace, where the emperor and every member of the Romanoff family and Ambassador McCormick, Secretary Eddy and Second Secretary Bliss of the American embassy were participating in the celebration of the festival of the Epiphany.

The bullets came from the direction of the bourse and passed over the heads of the imperial and diplomatic parties, but several persons were struck, one man, a policeman, being seriously injured. The windows of the chapel were shattered and the bullets, striking the opposite wall, clattered down on the parqueted floor of the white salon. The incident was unnoticed by the crowd, the crash of breaking glass being unheard in the boom of the cannon.

An investigation, promptly set on foot by the authorities, is said by them to have developed the fact that the shell was fired from one of the guns of the Seventeenth battery of the First Horse artillery of the guard from the SS. Peter and Paul fortress directly across the Neva. The authorities say the gun was accidentally shotted by an officer.

While the authorities profess to believe that the cannon from which the shots were fired was charged by accident, St. Petersburg populace is not inclined to take so complacent a view of the matter.

Coming as it did at the climax of the labor disturbances that have been shaking Russia, the charge of shot is regarded as the agency by which assassins sought to wipe out once and for all the Romanoff dynasty. The plot, the people say, was so cleverly laid as to outwit the most astute of the czar's guardians, and its only flaw the czar's guardians, and its only flaw consisted in the fact that the cannon which was intended to belch forth death was aimed too high. It is strongly intimated also that army officers are implicated in the conspiracy.

The general belief is that a widespread plot did not exist, but evidences of design are so apparent that the statement attributing the presence of a loaded shell to previous target practice evoked smiles in many quarters.

It is pointed out as being highly improbable that the gun had not been cleaned for two days, and it is impossible that a second cartridge could have been inserted for saluting purposes behind the first, and it is certainly a startling coincidence that the gun containing this missile should have been trained directly on the imperial chapel.

Whatever may be the solution, it is a strange fact that the shot came from the bourse.

Practically all of the St. Petersburg correspondents of the London papers agree regarding the incident at the blessing of the waters of the Neva as a deliberately planned attempt on the czar's life. The Express correspondent sends the following to his paper:

"It is now admitted that the occurrence was the result of a conspiracy among the men of the battery of horse artillery who were charged with the firing of the salute. Instead of a blank charge the third gun of the battery was loaded with case shot, and this gun was pointed directly at the pavilion where the czar was standing, its elevation being much lower than that of the rest of the guns. The whole battery is under arrest and a searching inquiry is proceeding.

"The court officials are horrified to think that so dastardly an outrage could have been attempted by one of the finest batteries in the Russian army—a battery wherein all of the officers are noblemen of the highest rank, whose attachment to the throne was believed to have been sufficient to insure equal loyalty throughout all the ranks.

"Grand Duke Sergius, who was in the pavilion, and is the chief of the Russian artillery, himself saw the flash from the third gun and saw the policeman fall. He hurried across the bridge to the captain in demand of the saluting party and demanded to know why the gun had been loaded with case shot, and was told that it was an accident.

Call Strike Political Plot.

The London papers and their St. Petersburg correspondents take the gravest view of the internal conditions in Russia. The majority express the belief that the firing of grape in St. Petersburg was a premeditated attempt on the life of Emperor Nicholas and maintain that the strike is much more a political than an industrial movement. In short, they consider that every sign makes it apparent that the empire is on the verge of a revolution.

It is alleged that the St. Petersburg manufacturers have decided to reject the strikers' demands and that the orthodox priest, Father Gopon, the picturesque figure who has constituted himself the leader of the strike movement and possesses the men's complete sympathy, threatens to march at the head of 100,000 strikers to the winter palace with a petition for political rights, and that he will refuse to depart until the document is presented to the emperor.

DARING LEADER OF RUSSIAN CAVALRY.



General Mistchenko

Gen. Mistchenko led several thousand Russian Cossacks over 100 miles of snow and ice covered plain and surprised the Japanese in their rear a few days ago. After attacking the Japanese at old Newchwang, at Yinkow and at Anshanshan, a few miles in the rear of Liaoyang, Oyama's headquarters, and damaging the railroad at several points, he eluded the Japanese, despite their system of bonfire signals, and escaped without losing the artillery he had brought along, and carrying his wounded with him.

Count Eulenberg a Suicide.

Berlin cablegram: Count Arthur Bothu Eulenberg has committed suicide at Bartanstein. Count Arthur Eulenberg was born January 14, 1853, had served in the army, and resided at Gallingen, near Bartanstein.

Coal Strike Near Settlement.

Essen, Germany, cable: The coal strike will probably be settled by the mine owners yielding a small part of the workmen's demands now, thus allowing them to win a moral victory.

To Take Office March 4.

Washington dispatch: Representative Vespasian Warner of Illinois informed Secretary Hitchcock that he would be ready to assume his new office of commissioner of pensions March 4.

Want "Professor of Baking."

Lafayette, Ind., dispatch: The Master Bakers' association of Indiana met here and started a movement for the establishment of a chair of bakery at Purdue university.

Big Fire at Utica.

Utica, N. Y., special: The Crouse building, at Broad and John streets, was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of $150,000. There is some suspicion that the fire was of an incendiary origin.

Illinois Town Is Burned.

Aurora, Ill., special: The business section of Leland, Ill., twenty-eight miles west of Aurora, was wiped out by fire Monday. The loss is $100,000.

Makes Sure of Death.

Los Angeles, Cal., dispatch: Driven to desperation by a fruitless search for health, Harry West, a tourist from Akron, Ohio, committed suicide by shooting himself through the breast and inhaling chloroform.

Kills Woman and Himself.

Norfolk, Neb., dispatch: Andrew Nelson, a farm hand, murdered Miss Carrie Jacobson, 19 years old, and then killed himself near Neligh, Neb. Jealousy was the cause of the tragedy.

Find Gas in Central Illinois.

Sterling, Ill., dispatch: Two great flowing gas wells have been located near Ohio, Bureau county, and a company has already been organized to develop them. Mains will be laid to nearby towns.

Murder Is Feared.

St. Joseph, Mich., dispatch: With brains blown out, the lifeless body of H. Nelson has been found near New Buffalo. The authorities are convinced he was slain.

Ex-Mayor McCue Is Reprieved.

Richmond, Va., dispatch: The governor has granted a reprieve to ex-Mayor Samuel McCue, who was to have been hanged at Charlottesville Friday for the murder of his wife, until Feb. 10.

Walk on the Mississippi.

Cairo, Ill., dispatch: For the first time in several years people are walking across the Mississippi river at Cairo. The ice is four to nine inches thick.

CARNEGIE PAYS CHADWICK DEBTS

Steel Magnate Sends Check to President King of Oberlin College.

NAMES THOSE TO BE AIDED

Old Soldiers, Women of Small Means and Others Who Lost Means of Support in Bank Failure Are to Be Reimbursed.

Cleveland, Ohio, dispatch: Andrew Carnegie has made good the losses of those who suffered worst in the failure of the Citizens' bank of Oberlin through the operations of Cassie L. Chadwick. A draft has been received by President King of Oberlin college covering the amounts. Those included in the list of beneficiaries are the Oberlin students, old soldiers, people of small means, churches and the like.

A big sensation has been caused here by the inference that Mr. Carnegie will make good all the losses sustained by banks and individuals through the alleged forgery of his name to notes used as collateral by Mrs. Chadwick.

Mrs. Chadwick Is Mute.

In her prison cell Mrs. Chadwick when told of the startling development as the result of her Oberlin operations moved not a feature. As if to carry out her tale that entangled the name of Andrew Carnegie in her financial career she simply said, "I can say nothing. Anything of this must come from Mr. Carnegie himself." She expressed no surprise at the steel king's move.

President King of Oberlin made the announcement that Andrew Carnegie was the man who was doing the philanthropic act of reimbursing losses. All the students had received their money from the college treasurer before Christmas and a draft for $15,000 was received from the steel king. But Mr. Carnegie's magnanimity does not stop here, said President King.

Carnegie Will Pay.

"The Y. M. C. A. is to receive upward of $3,000 which had been laid aside for a new building and he expressed a wish that all old soldiers, women of small means and others who had lost their means of support through the bank failure should be aided. As yet we cannot tell what amount of money will be needed to pay back the losses to these people, but Mr. Carnegie will send a sufficient amount to pay all such worthy cases.

"The matter of paying these claims has not been fully arranged. We have made some investigations concerning the depositors and will probably appoint a commission which will investigate each case. Colonel J. W. Steele will act as chairman of this commission and we feel satisfied that the matter will be ably attended to.

Boon to Students.

"As soon as Mr. Carnegie's attention was called to the fact that the unfortunate forgery of his name had caused untold hardship among many of the students of the college he expressed himself as willing to come to the rescue. Many students would have been compelled to leave the institution if he had not done so, and we have every reason to feel very thankful for his generosity and kindness.

"Col. Steele is postmaster at this place and is a director in the defunct bank. He is making every effort to carry out the wishes of Mr. Carnegie to the letter and the people here believe he is the best man possible for the undertaking."

The students alone had $9,000 in the bank. The others who will be benefited will add a large amount to this sum, just how much more is not now known.

Woman to Be Released.

Attorney J. P. Dawley appeared before United States Circuit Judge Wing and asked that the amount of bail for the release of Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick be fixed. District Attorney Sullivan asked that bail be fixed at $25,000. Mr. Dawley suggested $15,000. Judge Wing compromised by placing the amount of bail at $20,000 and Attorney Dawley said this amount would be furnished.

This would release Mrs. Chadwick on the federal charges. There are, however, three other indictments against her in the Cuyahoga county courts. It was said by Mr. Dawley that he would at once ask the state courts to fix the amount of bail for the immediate release of Mrs. Chadwick. Mr. Dawley said he thought Mrs. Chadwick would remain in Cleveland with her husband.

Operation May Be Fatal.

San Francisco, Cal., dispatch: H. J. Gildermeister, a wealthy business man of New York City, is in the McNutt hospital, where he submitted to an operation and probably will die.

Wisconsin Indian School Burns.

Shawano, Wis., dispatch: The government school for Indians on the Menominee reservation, Keshano, eight miles north of here, has been totally destroyed by fire. The loss will reach $50,000.

Engineer Is Killed.

Leesville, La., special: In a wreck near here spreading rails overturned the engine, catching Engineer Albert Gresendorf under the cab and crushing in his head, causing instant death.

Flee Fire in Night Robes.

Indianapolis, Ind., special: Fire in the Ardmore apartment house did over $50,000 damage, causing 200 occupants to flee from the blazing building in their night robes. Two firemen were seriously injured.

Kills Coal Operator.

Burlington, Kas., special: Evan Evans, a resident of this place, shot and killed J. S. Kelly, a coal operator, on the main street here, the result of an old grudge. Evans escaped.

Natural Gas Explosion.

Garnett, Kan., special: Eight persons were injured by the explosion of natural gas used for heating purposes, in the basement of J. W. Fashing's bakery.

Gessler Rosseau, charged with sending an infernal machine to the Cunard dock to blow up the steamship Umbria, was indicted by the grand jury in New York city under the section of the penal code which makes such action a felony.

Buried Treasure—

These two words often describe the lost opportunities for facial improvement.

Delve after impurities and bring out the best that nature can bestow.



WOODBURY'S FACIAL SOAP.

is busy making facial fortunes, its free curative lather, acts as a balm while cleansing.

25 cents A CAKE.

INITIAL OFFER.

In case your dealer cannot supply you send us his name and we will send you postpaid, to any address for $1.00 the following toilet requisites.

1 Cake Woodbury's Facial Soap.
1 Tube " Facial Cream.
1 " " Dental Cream.
1 Box " Face Powder.

Together with our booklet "Book of Beauty's Magic," a careful treatise on the care of the "outer self."

Booklet free on application.

THE ANDREW JERGENS CO.,
CINCINNATI, O.

Thought Him "Catnipped."

Mary Coles Carrington of Richmond sends us the following:

"One of the curious characteristics of the old time darkies in their ability to make themselves always intelligible, no matter how twisted the long words, which are their delight.

"'Aunt Dilsey, what has become of young Tom Billups?' I asked my 'mammy' recently.

"'De Lan' sakes, Miss Baby,' she replied, with uplifted hands and eyes like saucers, 'he dan run off to de Lewis Imposition, but we ain't heard from him, nary line, 'ceptin'n'dis one o' dese sump'n new picture cards; an' I jes' believe, Miss Baby, dat he's dun bin catnipped!'"—Atlanta Constitution.

15 YEARS OF TORTURE.

Itching and Painful Sores Covered Head and Body—Cured in Week By Cuticura.

"For fifteen years my scalp and forehead was one mass of scabs, and my body was covered with sores. Words cannot express how I suffered from the itching and pain. I had given up hope when a friend told me to get Cuticura. After bathing with Cuticura Soap and applying Cuticura Ointment for three days, my head was as clear as ever, and to my surprise and joy, one cake of soap and one box of ointment made a complete cure in one week. (Signed) H. B. Franklin, 717 Washington St., Allegheny, Pa."

Elusive Gotham Millions.

A couple of years ago 737 millionaires who are citizens of this city were officially named and the approximate accuracy of the list was never questioned. Many of these were multimillionaires. The property which makes some of them millionaires is largely taxed in real estate, but it would be an absurdly small estimate to say that the whole number given had an average of $1,000,000 each in personal property. Yet the assessor this year is able to call the roll of but eight New Yorkers who confess to as much as $1,000,000 of personality, and these eight are taxed for only $16,500,000 altogether!—New York Mail.

Queer Language of India.

Among the 145 distinct languages spoken in British India are some possessing only a few hundred words, others rivaling English, as Dr. Grierson says, or Russian, in their copiousness; some in which every word is a monosyllable, others in which some are elongated by agglutination till they run to ten syllables, like da-po-ocho-akan-taben-tae-tin-a-e—a Sontall word meaning, "He who belongs to him who belongs to me will continue letting himself be made to fight."

A GREAT SUFFERER

LAY HELPLESS AND SPEECHLESS FOR HOURS AT A TIME.

Sinking Spells, Headaches, Rheumatism, All Caused by Poor Blood—Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

When Mrs. Williams was asked for some details of the fearful illness from which she had so long suffered, she spoke as follows:

"Ever since I had nervous prostration, about thirteen years ago, I have had periodical spells of complete exhaustion. Any excitement or unusual activity would throw me into a state of lifelessness. At the beginning my strength would come back in a moderate time, but the period of weakness kept lengthening until at last I would lie helpless as many as three hours at a stretch."

"You were under medical treatment, of course?"

"Yes, when I became so bad that I had to give up my housework, in May of 1903, I was being treated for kidney trouble, and later the doctor thought my difficulties came from change of life. I was not only weak, but I had dizzy feelings, palpitation of the heart, misery after eating, hot flashes, nervous headaches, rheumatic pains in the back and hips. The doctor did me so little good that I gave up his treatment, and really feared that my case was incurable."

"What saved you from your state of hopelessness?"

"In July of 1903 I had a very bad spell, and my husband came in one day with a little book which told of remarkable cures effected by a remedy for the blood and the nerves, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He bought a box for me, and that was the beginning of my return to health. My appetite grew keen, my food no longer distressed me, my nerves were quieted, and my strength began to revive."

"How long did you take this remedy?"

"For two months only. At the end of that time I had regained my health and cheerfulness, and my friends say that I am looking better than I have done for the past fifteen years."

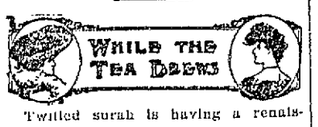
Mrs. Lizzie Williams is now living at No. 416 Cedar street, Quincy, Illinois. The pills which she praises so highly, cure all diseases that come from impoverished blood. If your system is all run down, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the very best remedy to take. Any druggist can supply them.

FOIBLES OF FASHION

Parisian Trotting Gowns.

For morning saunters short skirts and long jackets are most popular. And every Parisienne who is a woman of fashion deems it her duty, as well as her pleasure, to walk for an hour in the mornings in the Avenue des Acacias, and so smart broughams and victorias are drawn up in a double line near this favorable promenade along which the elegantes love to loiter and meet their friends.

The only frivolous notes in the build of these tailor suits are the touch of color in the velvet of collars and cuffs and a line of embroidery upon a light velvet waistcoat.



Twilled surah is having a renaissance.

Cashmere is becoming the vogue in Paris.

Aurore is the name given a delicate pinkish blue.

Blouse jackets look particularly well on small women.

All the muffs are large and most of them inclined to flatness.

Old rose, shading to a brick red, is a popular shade for a hat.

A few are wearing bright green net face veils, with curious effect.

The pearl-laced cap of the ill-fated Juliet is again a popular ornament.

Women with very plump faces should never wear a thick neck ruche.

Vitality of Wild Mustard Seed.

In the Seed Laboratory at Ottawa, Canada, one hundred fresh seeds of Wild Mustard were planted in good soil in a box, and under the most favorable conditions only thirty-five of them could be induced to grow. The box was then placed in the open air for a week with the thermometer below zero. When again put in the germinator, seventeen more of the seeds produced plants. The soil was then allowed to become thoroughly dry and again put out to freeze, after which twelve more of the hundred seeds germinated. This operation was repeated several times, until finally every seed demonstrated that the mother plant had not lived in vain.

Ladies' Costume.

Fashion has decided that all smart costumes must be made with waists and skirts to match, and a charming design in plum-colored crepo de chine is here pictured. The full waist is made over a vest of embroidered batiste. Graceful fullness is given in front by tucks in the upper part, and the wide shoulder effect is successfully carried out by the shoulder straps that extend from the neck out over the sleeve. The full puff sleeve is prettily finished by a small turned back cuff. The skirt is one of the

latest models and is exceedingly graceful. The fullness in the upper part is disposed of by small tucks around the hips, although the pattern provides for rows of shirring or for a plain gathered skirt. It is cut in seven gores, and wide tucks at the lower edge assist in giving the fashionable flare.

All fabrics that are soft and pliable are suited to the mode, such as etamine, voile, chiffon cloth and liberty satin. The medium size requires three and one-quarter yards of forty-four inch material for the waist, and six yards of forty-four inch material for the skirt.

To Offset Gray Fur.

The gray furs are apt to prove rather trying to most complexions, and a clever milliner gave this hint anent their adoption for hats and headgear. Where the hat is such that the hair shows between the hat and the face, the color of the hair will often offset the trying effect of the gray fur; but where the hat comes close to the forehead then an underfacing of rose-colored chiffon, of geranium red velvet, or whatever especial tint in pink or red will prove most complimentary to the wearer is used, with the result that a rosy reflection is cast upon the face, and the hardening result of the fur is entirely overcome.

Apple Sauce.

Pare and cut into small pieces twelve good-sized tart apples, put them into a sauce pan with half a pint of water, cover and stew them all till tender; add one cup of sugar, press it through a sieve or colander; pour into a glass dish and serve either hot or cold. Apples should never be stewed in rusty tins or iron pots, as they will spoil the appearance of the sauce.

Cashmere Very Popular.

The very latest fabric employed to build midwinter frocks is cashmere. This material has been, so to speak, put upon the shelf for several years, but its popularity is now reassured. It is one of the most attractive of light weight cloths, it lends itself readily to drapery and it is especially suitable for house gowns. Draped waists and full sleeves are now universally worn, and this sort of light weight material is particularly practical for the purpose. Perhaps the most popular is red, and cashmeres are found in every shade from bright scarlet to the deepest claret or dahlia tones. The pastel shades are as well modish and chestnut brown is also fashionable. Velvet and silk braid is the popular trimming. Velvet is fashionable in ruches and in flat bands the same tone as the corsage. Another fashionable material is crepe de paris. There is as well a soft serge that has made its appearance, and it appears in new weaves and designs, and the diagonal serges in fine checks are much used for street costumes.

Neck and Hat Sets.

With every hat there must go something for the neck these days, and the most beautiful creations are planned to go around the throat and to fasten in the front.

There are lovely art noveau boas made of ermine and decorated with art noveau buttons, which are set on about six inches apart. And there are dressy things in peacock feathers to match handsome breast ornaments for the hat. It can be taken as a settled thing that neck trimmings must match hat trimmings and that they must be alike no only in one way, but in all ways. The colors, the materials and the general style must match.

Perhaps the best hat and neck effects can be obtained with crushed velvet. A hat can be trimmed with a band of the velvet and the very same material can be used for a four-in-hand necktie. It must be about five inches wide and finished up precisely as though it were made of fur. Its ends are trimmed with fringe or with tails.

Handsome fluffy neck ruffles are made to match hats and there are ruffles that are in the most attractive shades of green to go with Charlotte Corday hats that are made of green velvet with flutings of green muslin and green chiffon.



To treat paint spots that painters have left on your panes of glass soak in turpentine. If they have been left long enough to be very stubborn scrape the spots with the edge of a penny. It will not scratch as would a knife.

Mice have the greatest dislike to the smell of peppermint. A little oil of peppermint sprinkled round their haunts and holes will soon make them look for other quarters and forsake those which have become so disagreeable to them.

A piece of camphor forms a popular barometer. If the lump of camphor remains dry when exposed to the air, dry weather is to be expected. If, on the other hand, the gum absorbs moisture and appears damp, rain may be anticipated.

To renovate a black felt hat brush the hat to remove all dust and then sponge with equal parts of liquid ammonia and boiling water. Rub this on the felt thoroughly, then set the hat on the table or some other flat surface to dry, for if this precaution be not taken the brim is sure to get out of shape.

In Gray Velvet.

A fascinating frock of gray velvet has a skirt that fits the hips perfectly, and plaits are let in at the bottom to give the fullness desired. At intervals from below the hips are strips of braid reaching across from one seam to another, and then a space. The next breadth has the space filled in with the braid. The skirt frees the ground all the way round. The loose-fitting jacket has a loose-stitched girdle holding it closely to the figure, above which it blouses all the way round. Braid is applied at each side of the back seam and over the shoulder and down the front on each side of a white waistcoat embroidered in black and gray. Full puffed sleeves come below the elbows, and they are caught into deep cuffs of the embroidery.

Late Vogues in Laces.

There is the splendidly showy Point de Flanders which wears forever and can be patched and darned afterward with bits of finer lace. And there is the heavy Irish crochet which can always be reclaimed by a stitch or two of crochet work.

There are hundreds of imitation laces which are very nice, indeed, both for trimmings and for making up the vest and smaller parts of the gown.

A great many laces are applied in long panelesque fashion and, for this purpose, the strong heavy laces are used. And, then, along each side of the lace panel there is an opportunity for some very fine handwork. One lace panel was bordered with embroidered daisies in the middle of which was set a little rhinestone. Another lace panel was bordered with roses upon the petals of which there were fastened the smallest seed pearls, just enough to look like drops of dew.

Theater or Evening Waist.

Bodice of ivory colored silk, tucked at the top and draped below the bust. The slightly crossed fronts are bordered with a fine embroidery of silk cord to match and ornamented at the bottom with rosettes of the silk.



The plastron is of lace, also matching the waist, and is ornamented with bows of lilac velvet ribbon. The little collar piece and the shoulder straps are composed of narrow bands of the silk, fagoted together. The sleeve is composed of two puffs, finished at the elbow with a little frill of the material and a deep frill of lace.

Checks and Plaids.

Small checks and plaids in lightweight woolens are found in great variety. The blue and green plaids in soft camel's hair wool are the most popular. Plain cheviots and mixed tweeds and zibelines are also modish. Tailored frocks have not had such a reign for many a day. The long plain coat and the Eton are the favorite models. Whereas there is a great tendency toward elaborateness, many of the season's models are very simple. Draped bodices are almost universally becoming to all figures. They bring out the waist line and they may be adjusted in such a way that they add slenderness or increase size to the contour. The Louis XV. separate bodice is fitted to the figure. There is a dart on each side of the front and a lace jabot decorates the front of the bodice. These are also universally becoming.

Lace Robes in Favor.

Lace robes are growing more and more into popular favor and they are shown in all varieties, from the ordinary machine laces such as Lierre and Alencon, to the very costliest hand made varieties, point and duchesse and Irish crochet, which latter varieties, by their costliness, are forever debarred from the average purchaser.

Iridescent effects in silk are also high in popular favor. They were first developed in taffetas and louisines, but they are now shown in crepes, colliennes and voiles. Along with them are displayed iridescent spangled and beaded embroideries.

Child's Winter Frock.

Child's frock of dark green cloth. The skirt is made with box plaits and trimmed with a band of ermine and straps of black braid. The blouse is box-plaited at the top (where it is trimmed with straps of braid) to a yoke of black astrakhan bordered with a band of ermine.



The yoke is finished around the neck with a little collar of the cloth forming tabs in front, ornamented with buttons. The vest is of the material braided with black soutache, and over this is a little scalloped waistcoat, also of the material, embroidered with soutache.

The sleeves are box-plaited and trimmed with the braid at the top, then are plaited in at the bottom to form cuffs finished at the wrists with bands of astrakhan. The girdle is of the material or of silk to match.

Open Work Belts.

Patent leather belts, so glossy and alluring in their dainty shades, have not escaped the fad for open work notions, some of them showing off very bold designs through the vacant spaces of which gleams the color of the blouse.

FALL OF FRENCH CABINET.

End of Combe's Regime Brought About by Natural Means.

The developments of the last three months have prepared intelligent observers for the announced resignation of the Combes cabinet. At the outset it had a majority of eighty, and it could count absolutely on one of forty or fifty—a margin deemed sufficient in the group-ridden parliament of France. Four distinct and coherent groups were behind Combes originally,

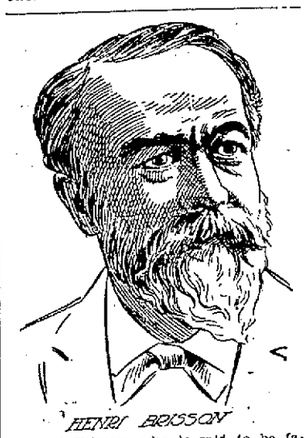


M. Rouvier, who was minister of finance in the French cabinet which has just resigned, is looked upon as the most likely man for the head of the new cabinet. He has long been a distinguished figure in French politics, and has been highly successful as minister of finance, receiving much praise for his work in converting government rentes from a 3½ to the present 3 per cent basis.

as they had been behind Waldeck-Rousseau, and not the least influential of them was the socialist group. Rousseau was unable to organize a purely republican ministry, as the moderates under Meline were bitterly opposed to the reopening of the Dreyfus case, and he was obliged to invoke socialist aid. Socialist votes kept him in power for the extraordinary term of three years, from June, 1899, to June, 1902, and the same votes have enabled the obscure Combes to weather many storms and retain office in a country of short-lived cabinets, for thirty months.

Combes' programme included the rigorous application of the anti-clerical associations law passed under Rousseau, old-age pensions for workmen, the reduction of the term of military service to two years and an income tax. His conflict with the Vatican and his gradual conversion to disestablishment (the repeal of the century old concordat) will be regarded as the feature of his career as premier. Separation projects approved by him are now pending in the chamber of deputies.

Whether the retirement of Combes spells a decided change of legislative policy time will show. Much will depend on the fate of the "bloc." If it remains fairly intact the next ministry will continue the work of the retiring one. If it dissolves and the socialists



Henri Brisson, who is said to be favored by Premier Combes as his successor in the French cabinet, has been for many years a prominent figure in French politics. Three years ago, at the time that Combes succeeded to the government, Brisson was first offered the task of forming a cabinet, but he declined. At the present time France thinks that M. Rouvier is the man to straighten out the cabinet tangle, but it is the custom when the premier retires voluntarily for him to have a strong voice in the naming of his successor.

are excluded from the government majority, as many republicans wish, there is likely to be a new policy.

Chinese Cooks and Cooking.

A German epicure comes to the rescue of the Chinese in regard to their alleged habit of eating rotten eggs. The eggs, he says, are simply preserved in lime until they get a consistency like that of hard butter and they taste somewhat like lobster. He declares them one of the choicest delicacies he has ever eaten. He thinks there are no better cooks in the world than the Chinese. When he went to live among them his friends predicted he would starve, but he had a good time and gained weight—more than he wanted to.

Says Kipling Doesn't Know India.

Rama Chandra Rao, a Hindoo writer, declares in a London periodical that Rudyard Kipling does not know his India. He cites numerous instances to prove his contention that, "although Kipling has come in contact with certain aspects of Indian life, true India and the destinies of its teeming millions are an unsolved mystery to him." The Hindoo critic is intimately acquainted with his native country, but finds in Kipling's books characters such as he has never met in his travels.

Deserved to Lose Money.

A wealthy eastern tourist lost in an electric car at Los Angeles a purse containing $5,026. Upon the conductor, who found and returned it, he bestowed, after carefully counting the money, a reward of two dimes.

World's Silk Production.

According to a German authority, the world's silk production in 1903 amounted to 39,897,000 avoirdupois pounds, not including what was produced and consumed in the home markets of China and Japan.

Spencer's System of Smoking.

Herbert Spencer's secretary, James Collier, says that while dictating Spencer always "smoked a cigar, to promote the flow of thought—the cigar carefully cut in two, to avoid excess."

Year's Sealskin Production.

The number of sealskins delivered in the London market this year is about 23,000, made up as follows: Victoria, 11,400; Japan, 7,000; Falkland islands, etc., 4,600.

BRIDESMAIDS' GOWNS.



The gown at the left is of white voile. The skirt is gathered at the top and trimmed at the bottom with wreaths of mousseline de soie roses, which are united by blue ribbons. The blouse has a yoke of guipure bordered with roses and the bretelles are of the blue ribbon. The short puffed sleeves are finished with bands and knots of the ribbon. The wide, draped girdle is of blue or white silk. The other gown is of white mousseline de soie. The full skirt is trimmed at the bottom with little ruffles of the material, in two groups, separated by a band of guipure. The blouse is entirely covered with the ruffles and is finished around the low neck with a band of guipure. All these ruffles are edged with white taffeta, of which the girdle is also made, the latter finished on one side with a knot of the silk. The sleeves are each composed of two puffs, separated by a drapery of the mousseline de soie and finished with frills of the same.

Wisconsin Legislature

RAILWAY RATE COMMISSION.

Senator W. C. North of Dodge county introduced in the senate the first bill of the session covering the proposition of a railway rate commission. The bill provides for the regulation of railroads and other common carriers, of telephones, telegraphs, interurban electric railway companies, sleeping car companies and express companies. The bill provides for the election of a board of public utilities commissioners to consist of three members, to be elected in the same manner as justices of the supreme court are now chosen. The first election shall be held in April, 1905, and the members elected for two, four and six years, and all vacancies shall be filled by election. Section 2 provides that no person holding any official relation to any company or corporation to which the bill is applicable, or the holder of stock or bonds thereof, shall be eligible. The bill provides for a salary of $5,000 a year and expenses, and for the appointment of a secretary.

The bill gives the power of supervision to the board over steam and electric railways, excepting street railways wholly within the limits of any city, and also supervision of express, sleeping car, telephone and telegraph companies. It gives the board wide powers to examine into the business affairs of the company or corporation and provides for a penalty of $1,000 for refusing to give information or for obstructing the board in the performance of its duties. It provides for reports to the legislature of all matters of fiscal concern to the companies.

Section 11 of the bill gives the commissioners the power "to examine into and inquire whether any rate charged for the transportation of freight or passengers by any railway company, sleeping car company or interurban railway company, or the rate charged by any express, telephone or telegraph company for the transportation of freight, or the transmission of any messages, or the rate charged for the use of any telephone is unreasonable, unjust or discriminative, and it should be determined by the board, after a full and fair hearing, that any such rate is unreasonable, unjust or discriminative, it shall be the duty of the board, and it is hereby authorized and empowered to fix a rate in lieu thereof, and compel the rate so fixed to be substituted for the one determined to be unreasonable, unjust and discriminative."

Complaint is to be made by verified petition, and upon receipt the board shall have the power to appoint a time and place of hearing and the power to compel the attendance of witnesses and require the production of books and records. Provision is made for the establishment of a joint rate where the transportation charge pertains to more than one company, and that no discrimination shall be practiced because the business is transmitted or carried over different or competing lines. The bill provides for procedure in case of appeal from the decision of the board.

This is the first of a number of bills upon the same subject that will come before the legislature during the next few weeks. Senator Wipperman will have a bill of this nature and it is understood that there may be two or three more introduced, all seeking the same object but differing as to details in operation and as to the scope and power given to the commission.

Discussion on Rates.

The question of creation of a railroad commission with power to regulate passenger and freight transportation rates was the topic of discussion at the monthly meeting of the Six O'Clock club of Madison Tuesday. Legislators, representatives of the railroads, disinterested lawyers, and members of the university faculty took part in the discussion. All of the members of the legislature were invited to attend and a large number of them availed themselves of the opportunity to be present.

The discussion of this important question now occupying wide public attention did not bring out anything particularly new. Neither the advocates nor the opponents of a railroad rate commission made any better arguements than were heard during the time the question was before the legislature two years ago.

Dean Richards, the first speaker, traced the court decisions on the question of government regulation of railroads. He concluded that the government has such power and that the test of such action is whether it is rational.

Attorney Clancey, who followed, scored the effort made to inject politics into the present controversy. He believed that owners of railroad property were entitled to say what transportation charges should be and said that he thought that the present statutes were adequate to afford a remedy for any injury to a shipper. He concluded by enumerating his objections to a railroad commission.

Attorney Richmond said that the public as well as the stockholders had an interest in a railroad and that reasonable rates should be granted.

Former Speaker Huckstaff said that not only the manufacturer, but also the community depending on any particular factory were equally interested in railroad rates. If a rate enabled one manufacturer to undersell another manufacturer in the same line at a certain mutual point, it would mean that the one more unfavorably situated would have to suffer loss or go out of business, and if he suffered a loss it would necessarily have to be distributed to some degree among his employes. He cited cases where the furniture manufacturers of Wisconsin were able on account of freight rates to compete in the extreme southwest and western territory with the Chicago manufacturers, who make two-thirds of the furniture put out in Michigan, Illinois and Wisconsin. The competition among manufacturers, he said, is fierce and the rates granted are the result of a constant war between the manufacturer and the railroad. The manufacturer dreads railroads, he said, and he understood that the only things that could be called rebates in Wisconsin were the comparatively small charges for sidetrack privileges. He did not believe rebates were being given now in Wisconsin.

S. W. Gilman, an expert accountant engaged by Commissioner Thomas in examining the accounts of railroads running through Wisconsin, gave an academic account of the organization and management of a railroad company.

Thomas H. Gill of the Wisconsin Central said that he was in favor of an appointive commission, but that he believed the appointments should be taken out of the hands of a politician.

Senator Frear declared that the state should regulate the railroads and should use its power to secure just and reasonable rates. He believed that under present circumstances the rights of the citizens of the state were not being adequately protected.

Auto Regulation.

J. W. R. Turner of Columbia introduced a bill to regulate the operation of automobiles and other motor cycles. It is similar to a bill introduced during the last session, but which failed to pass. It provides that all autos and motor cycles must be registered in the secretary of state's office. The registration fee is to be $2. A dealer or manufacturer of these machines can register any number of machines for a fee of $10, but the purchaser of any of them must register it again. The bill is to go into effect June 1 next.

When approaching a team the chauffeur must stop his machine if the person driving the team should make a signal of any kind. If necessary to insure the protection of those with the team, the chauffeur must assist in leading the team past the machine. A speed limit of ten miles an hour within five miles of a city and fifteen miles in other districts is provided. The penalty for violation of the act is a fine of not to exceed $25 for the first offense and $50 for the second or subsequent offenses. A person guilty of operating an auto after the license has been revoked will be liable to a fine not exceeding $100 or imprisonment not to exceed ten days, or both fine and imprisonment.

House Committees.

The feature of the assembly session Tuesday was the announcement of the joint and regular committees of the lower house. A large part of the hardest work of the session will be performed by these committees, which number thirty-one.

The social democrats and most of the regular democrats were well treated. John A. Henry of Adams and Marquette counties, who was a member four years ago, got a chairmanship. Other new members placed at the head of committees are: A. P. Jerdee of Polk and Burnett, J. S. Bletcher of Milwaukee, F. J. Bohri of Buffalo, John O. Thomas of Racine, John B. Hagerty of Price and Taylor, Jones Swenholt of Shawano, and E. E. Winch of Wood. These chairmanships are, however, on minor committees.

Banquet for Legislators.

The Forty Thousand club, the business men's association of Madison, has decided to tender the members of the Wisconsin Press association and the state legislature a banquet in the university gymnasium on the evening of Feb. 15. All of the business men of the city will unite with the club members in tendering this banquet. Arrangements will be made for spreading 700 covers.

Primary Elections.

Bills were introduced in the assembly relating to passenger rates, providing for 2 cents a mile fare, and amending the primary election law, making it apply specifically to United States senators.

Corporation Stock Voting.

Speaker Lenroot introduced a bill amending the statutes so as to enable any officer or agent of a corporation to vote its stock in another corporation.

Hagerty's Divorce Bill.

John B. Hagerty of Price and Taylor introduced a bill to detach land from the town of Halway, in Taylor county, and create the town of Maplehurst, and one declaring the plaintiff in a divorce suit not entitled to recover money from the defendant for support after plaintiff's marriage.

Interstate Commerce.

Senator McGillivray's resolution requesting congress to strengthen the interstate commerce commission was adopted unanimously.

Commends Congressman.

In the senate a resolution was offered by Senator Noble commending the action taken by members of the Wisconsin delegation in congress in regard to readjustments of tariffs, and, further, that it is the sense of the Wisconsin legislature that promises made in the national Republican platform regarding readjustment of tariffs be kept.

A large portion of our standing army does a stunt on the street cars during the rush hours.

To Circulate Governor's Message.

H. L. Ekern of Trempealeau introduced a resolution instructing the chief clerk to have 10,000 copies of the governor's message printed for distribution by the members. The resolution was adopted.

Railroad Commissioner's Report.

J. S. Bletcher of Milwaukee presented a bill providing that a certain number of the reports of the state railroad commissioner be bound in cloth.

Gets Chairmanship Plum.

Prof. Duncan McGregor of Grant, for many years president of the Platteville normal school, got the best of the chairmanships accorded the new members, the chairmanship of the committee on education.

To Prevent Use of School Funds.

The first bill introduced was by George E. Beedle of Waupaca, and it repeals an act allowing the town of Helvetia, in that county, to expend school funds for the improvement of highways.

Utility Commissioners.

Senator North introduced a bill in the senate providing for a board of utility commissioners to be elected by the people. The board shall have supervision of railroads, express, sleeping car, telephone and telegraph companies. The board is given power to fix rates and compel their enforcement subject to review by the circuit court.

A young man's idea of an attractive girl is one who doesn't care for ice cream or oysters.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS

FARMER FIGHTS WITH WILD CAT

Animal Found in Tree Near Hayton Makes Furious Defense.

Wildcats, which have not been known in the region for thirty years, are becoming numerous about Hayton. Several encounters with them have taken place, in which dogs have been torn to death and one man injured. Henry Kautzer, a farmer living in Manitowoc county, thinking he saw a coon, seized a club and climbed into a tree, intending to knock the animal off for his dog to finish. With a scream of rage the creature, a wildcat, launched itself at him. He struck blindly with the club, hitting the brute a terrible blow, but not before it had furrowed his cheeks with its sharp claws. Before Kautzer could descend the cat had killed the dog. A few blows from the club dispatched it, however.

BEET SUGAR WAR IS EXPECTED

Growers' Organization in Rock County Demands Weighing Stations.

Fifty delegates from Rock and Dane counties met at Janesville and organized the Rock County Beet Growers' association. Dr. J. H. Burdick of Milton Junction was elected president, J. B. Humphrey of Afton, vice president, and P. H. Beuts of Janesville, secretary. It is anticipated that a war between the Menomonee Falls factory and the Rock county sugar factory at Janesville may result. The men demand weighing stations in every locality where 200 acres are grown, instead of having to haul their product to the factory for weighing. The factory in defending their position claim that should they adopt such a method they would be purchasing a certain amount of dirt instead of solid beet matter.

Do Not Want Saloons Closed.

To a committee of the Ministers' association, appointed to wait upon him to thank him for suppressing the slot machines, and to ask him to close the saloons on Sunday and stop Sunday theaters, Mayor Davis of Marinette said popular sentiment would not support him in taking action against the saloons; that he had asked leading citizens to express themselves on the slot machine question and that not one had done so. He said that not a Marinette merchant would sign a petition to have the saloon laws rigidly enforced.

Saves Three From Death.

Peter Balzer, a night watchman, saved three unknown men from being cremated in a burning barn at Racine. The structure belonged to Mrs. Michael Wilton. Balzer found the three men asleep in the loft and was unable to awaken them. He then threw them bodily down through a hole which aroused them, and all ran away. Firemen easily got control of the blaze, which threatened a large store and factory building. The damage does not exceed $500.

Fear Loss to Marine Work.

Government engineers are much worried over the non-appearance of a rivers and harbors appropriations bill in congress. Failure to pass such a measure this year would result in a year's delay on the $1,000,000 project of building the cement piers at the natural entry to Superior harbor. All preparatory work which has been going on would suffer.

Fox River Medical Society.

Dr. A. C. Mailer of Depere was elected president to succeed Dr. J. R. Minihan of Green Bay; Dr. E. Sawbridge of Stephenson, Mich., first vice president; Dr. W. A. Gordon of Oshkosh, second vice president, and Dr. J. S. Reeves of Appleton, secretary of the Fox River Medical association at the annual meeting held in Green Bay.

Wolf Shot Near Janesville.

Samuel Keller of Green county brought in a wolf's head for the county bounty of $5, the first that has been presented to the county treasurer in Janesville in ten years. Keller says that it was one of the large pack that has been following a herd of deer from Illinois. Wolves have also been seen at Lake Koshkonong.

Agitate for Union Saloons.

Union saloons are likely to be a result of agitation among union labor leaders at Superior. The bartenders have organized a union and it has been affiliated with the trades and labor assembly, and this body is taking up the matter of causing all saloons to become union.

Freight Train is Wrecked.

An extra freight on the Northwestern was wrecked between Kewaskum and Barton. The heavy freight broke in two, the rear end crashing into the front end, piling up and smashing six cars and derailing several others.

Operation for Cancer.

At a clinic at St. Vincent's hospital at Green Bay, Dr. J. R. and Mayor R. E. Minahan operated for cancer upon Mrs. Octavo Waubeno, aged 46 years. Her entire right breast, clavicle and right arm were removed.

Dodge County Fair.

A. L. Wallace of Fox Lake has been elected president of the Dodge County Fair association, which has fixed its dates for Sept. 25-29, inclusive. The surplus is $1,525 and $3,000 will be offered in purses this year.

Club for Poor Boys.

Ten of Racine's wealthiest men have pledged themselves to give $100 a year each for a term of three years for the support of a club and reading room for poor boys of the north side of that city. One man may build a new clubhouse to cost $5,000.

Plant is Being Enlarged.

The Malleable Range company of Beaver Dam is enlarging its plant by the erection of a new two-story brick building, 150x75. The company now employs 250 people.

Babe Dies Suddenly.

Helen Neuemfeldt, the 4-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Neuemfeldt of Oshkosh, was found dead in its cradle by her mother.

Doctor is Insane.

Dr. Charles D. Kelly of Milton has been adjudged insane. He is one of the early settlers of Rock county.

Loses $110 in Gold.

George Dominick, a Racine Italian laborer, has been robbed of $110 in gold.

FISH COMMISSION ASSEMBLES

Superintendent Reports 48,000,000 Eggs Are in Process of Hatching.

The Wisconsin state fish commission held a special meeting at Madison and listened to a report on the fall collection of spawn and other work performed during the last four months under the direction of Supt. James Nevin.

In his report Supt Nevin said that 48,000,000 fish eggs are in process of hatching at the state hatcheries, and it is expected that this number will have been doubled when the annual collection has been completed. The fish from this large number of eggs will be planted in the public waters of Wisconsin next spring.

The fisheries of the great lakes appear to be holding their own, according to Supt. Nevin's report. The most important of these fisheries is that of catching lake trout. In this Lake Superior fishermen have experienced a poor year, the catch not being as large as during the year 1903, on the other hand more lake trout were taken from Lake Michigan waters in Wisconsin the last year than for several years immediately preceding.

A large amount of capital is employed and more men are engaged in the fisheries than ever before in the history of the lakes, Supt Nevin says. The old sailboat has been superseded by the steam tug and the gasoline launch, which enable the fishermen to make round trips to the fishing grounds thirty or forty miles from the home port in a single day.

The gasoline launch is becoming popular with fishermen of all classes, as it costs less to build, equip, and maintain a boat of this kind than a steamboat or any other craft.

The board ordered plans made for the building of a hatching house at the Minocqua branch.

The commission is unable to meet the constantly increasing demand for fish, notwithstanding the increased facilities for hatching them.

For Places in Panama Service.

The civil service commission will hold examinations June 30 to fill openings in six lines of work in the Panama canal service. These are for assistant civil engineers, instrument men, level men, rodmen, chainmen, and helpers. The age limits range from 18 to 50 years. Application blanks may be had at the following places from the secretary of the local examining board where the examinations will be held: Milwaukee, Appleton, Ashland, Chippewa Falls, La Crosse, Madison and Marinette.

Locomotives Are Smashed.

Two locomotives were badly smashed in a head-end collision at Wagner, a small station on the Wisconsin & Michigan road, the accident being due to a confusion of train orders.

Cats Turn on the Gas.

Two small cats nearly caused the death of John Wortman, his wife, and several children at Racine Sunday night, when in some manner they turned on the gas of a cooking range.

Poultry Exhibition.

The eighth annual convention and exhibition of the Wisconsin State Poultry association will be held next week in the Oshkosh armory, with 1,000 entries.

Are Opposed to Dancing.

Every Protestant clergyman in Oshkosh has joined in a petition to the board of education that the use of any school building for dancing be forbidden.

Pastor Quits Old Charge.

At the annual meeting of Good Shepherd church at Racine the Rev. A. C. Grier, who has been pastor of the congregation for ten years, resigned.

Taxpayers Must Settle.

Judge E. H. Belden has decided that the city of Racine had a right to build a revetment wall on North Michigan street, and that property owners must pay.

Falling Logs Kill Man.

August Holquist of Superior, 25 years of age, was killed while unloading logs at the Bliss landing on the bay front when two logs rolled over him.

Hotel Man Is Fined.

Morris Silver, a Racine hotel man, has been fined $15 and costs on charge of having sold liquor to a girl not yet 16 years old.

Ban on Cigarettes.

School authorities at Marinette have forbidden the smoking of cigarettes on the school grounds under penalty of suspension.

Barber-Mayor May Go Free.

It is said that W. H. Whitaker of Janesville, secretary of the state board of barbers' examiners, will not appear against Mayor James Gorman of Kenosha, who is alleged to have assaulted the state official.

Find Horse and Cutter.

A horse and cutter belonging to John B. Helm, superintendent of the Madison water works department, were stolen Monday night, and a man has been arrested at Jefferson with the rig in his possession.

Switchman Is Killed.

Isaac W. Houston, foreman of a switching crew in the North-Western yards at North Fond du Lac, was killed while drawing a coupling pin between two freight cars. He was 32 years old and leaves a wife and four children.

Former Congressman Is Stricken.

Former Congressman John Winans, once one of the foremost democratic politicians in southern Wisconsin, is seriously ill at Janesville, of paralysis, and death is momentarily expected.

New Treasurer Dies Suddenly.

Henry Schley, the newly installed treasurer of Calumet county, died suddenly in Chilton on Tuesday.

Falls on His Head.

August Wolke of Pewaukee fell fifteen feet, striking on his head, and was seriously injured.

Favor Pay for Aldermen.

Beloit aldermen favor an ordinance permitting them to receive pay for their services.

How to Get Health

The Secret of Restoring Health Lies in Replacing the Same Substances to the Body That Have Become Impoverished or Wasted

By disease, overwork, worry, exposure or abuse. When you are run down, getting thin, weak, and tire on the slightest exertion, the life and strength of your blood are wearing out. When you grow irritable, melancholy and nervous your nerve force is decaying and vitality is becoming low. Disease acts on those whose blood is watery, impoverished or impure, and never affects persons who have plenty of rich and pure blood. Dr. Chase's Blood and Nerve Food supplies what is lacking in the blood and nerve force. It contains everything that makes new and rich blood and perfect nerves, in fact, it is blood itself—the very essence of nerve force, making it the grandest of all tonics for the sick, convalescent and overworked. It restores vim, vigor and vitality to aged and worn out people, and imparts a glow of health to pale and sallow people. Price 50 cents.

Sold and guaranteed by

John E. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co

The "HUB"

SAMPLE ROOM.

C. W. MASON, Prop.

Dealer in Fine Wine, Liquors and Cigars.

West side, Grand Rapids.

ALL KINDS OF

COAL

PRICES RIGHT.

E. C. KETCHUM.

TELEPHONE:

Office, 164. Residence, 351

Do you Want A Piano?

I handle some of the best, the Cable goods. Among them are the

Conover,
Mason & Hamlin
Cable,
Kingsbury,
Wellington,
Mason & Hamlin Organ,
Chicago Cottage Organ,

I can give you a low price and easy terms. If you want an instrument, talk the matter over with me.

MRs. F. P. DALY.

Building Lots

I have a number of lots in the Daly addition on the east side, also in the Daly & Ring addition on the west side which will be sold cheap, on easy monthly payments. A chance for a cheap home.

MRS. F. P. DALY

ISAAC P. WITTER, PRESIDENT.
GEO. W. MEAD, VICE-PRESIDENT.
F. H. JACKSON, CASHIER.

[Established 1888]

Bank of Grand Rapids

[WEST SIDE]

CAPITAL, $50,000.
SURPLUS, $8,000.

"It's what you save, not what you earn, that makes wealth." Investigate our system of Home Savings Banks."

YOUR BUSINESS SOLICITED.

GET THE HABIT

And get your work done at the....

DIXON HOTEL BARBER SHOP.

All our work guaranteed.

Frank Dudley, Prop.

If Your Cough Tickles,

if you have fears of inflamed throat, try Gloria Lung Balsam. It will drive away the inflamed patches and will cure you when all others fail. Best for children. Sold by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

A Minister Testifies.

Rev. C. Sund of Harrisville, Wis., writes that Gloria Tonic, the new rheumatism cure, in tablet form cured two members of his congregation, one had suffered 18, the other 25 years. Sold by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Jan. 25, 1905

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....$1.50
Six Months..... 75

Advertising Rates.—For display matter a flat rate of 10 cents an inch is charged. The columns in The Tribune are 24 inches long, making a one column advertisement cost $2.40 for one insertion. All local notices, cards of thanks, resolutions of respect, and all notices of entertainments where an admission fee is charged will be published at 5 cents per line.

LaFollette for Senator.

Governor LaFollette has been elected United States Senator, and those who have imagined that he was in favor of anybody but himself for that position, are probably undeceived by this time. Many of our contemporaries have written long articles telling just why LaFollette should not be a candidate for the office, but either these articles never reached the eyes of the governor or else he did not care anything what his friends thought about the matter. It seems from the reports that he made promises to several persons who were aspirants for the office of United States senator that he would do what he could for them provided they gave him their help during the campaign, but as usual on such occasions, he picked the plum himself and left his friends to make the best of the situation.

This action on the part of LaFollette is no more than was predicted by the Tribune months ago, but many who had set the man up as an idol to worship were unable to believe it possible for him to do such a thing. He had gone the width and breadth of the state telling the people what a crying need there was for him as governor and that if he was not elected so that he could carry out the reforms that the people of Wisconsin wanted that he would start his campaign the day after election.

Personally the Tribune was strongly in favor of Judge Webb of this city for the office, not only because he was one of our citizens, but because he is eminently fitted for the office. While he has been before the people for a long term of years, he has never been what can be termed a politician and has never run after office. While he was willing to accept the office of United States Senator, it cannot be said that he brought any undue influence too bear in any way that might bring him the position, and in this he showed the true democratic spirit. It is probable that had he not been urged by his friends to go after the office he would never have done so, besides which he was promised the support of Governor LaFollette himself.

Letters from the People.

Communications under this head will be published only when the name of the writer is signed to the article. Opinions expressed in such articles are only the personal opinion of the writer, and in no way have any bearing on the policy of the Tribune.

Wants no Rebate.

As a taxpayer of the city of Grand Rapids during the past five years I wish to thank the city council because of the stand they took at the last meeting in refusing to rebate the taxes of the Consolidated Water Power and Paper Co.

At the present time I am paying taxes on my home on the west side for the full amount I paid for it, and I can't understand why a corporation that runs a plant worth $2,000,000 should not be treated accordingly, and especially not receiving any rebates.

Joseph Schiller.

A Horticultural Summary.

Secretary Cranefield in a recent address before the Six O'clock club of Madison, Wis. gave the following interesting facts concerning the great Wisconsin horticultural exhibit that has been so successfully carried to a finish with the closing of the St. Louis Fair.

Of the 1,200 acres of the exposition grounds, ten acres, under a single roof, is devoted to the products of the orchard and garden. In this space, equal in area to seven-tenths of our capitol park are exhibits from forty-one states, besides those from Mexico, Canada and other foreign lands.

Millions of apples, car loads of peaches and wagon loads of berries, the choicest product of every section, were there displayed from the first of May to the present time. The Wisconsin exhibit, covering 1,200 square feet of space, was installed promptly on May 1 with 700 plates of apples consisting of 35 varieties.

From that day to the present there has been no time when the tables have not been covered with fruit and flowers. The exhibit from the opening date to Aug. 1, or thereabouts, was supplied with apples from cold storage.

Beginning early in the autumn of 1903 members of the State Horticultural society searched in every corner of the state for choice apples. Collectors were appointed in every county who hunted in the highways and the by-ways for choice fruit.

In spite of it being an "off" year for apples we succeeded in collecting and storing with the Mound City Cold Storage company, of St. Louis, over 600 bushels of choice fruit.

With this supply to draw from we were enabled to outstrip many, if not all, of the other state exhibitors who had but little fruit in storage. To supply this deficiency on their part resort was had to glass or preserved fruit and it is the boast of our society that not a single vessel of preserved fruit has appeared on our tables. We have had the genuine article at all times.

With the beginning of the berry season, early in July we were able to score again. Wisconsin berries, always excellent, seemed never so fine as this year and appeared from southern Wisconsin, just as the berry displays from the eastern and southern states were over for lack of fruit. Then to make it emphatic, Wisconsin continued the strawberry show at the world's fair for a month after these states had none; for beginning with our southern boundary we followed the ripening strawberry from Beloit to the shores of Lake Superior.

Raspberries, blackberries, currants, gooseberries, cherries, plums, and grapes have all been shown in their season.

Wisconsin scored once more with the plum show. While New York was showing Green Gage, Purple Egg, Damson, and Japanese plums, all dull and unattractive, Wisconsin's tables were crimson with bushels of the highly colored and delicious native plums. This the improved, the educated offspring of what many of you know as the wild plum of the northern woods, has come to be an important fruit product of the northwestern states and in its development Wisconsin leads.

While the exhibits from other states have been wholly confined to cultivated fruits, Wisconsin scored once more with excellent exhibits of native fruits. From the tamarack swamps of Vilas and Oneida counties we brought the toothsome pie fruit, the blueberry or huckleberry. By the way of variety and to furnish entertainment to any possible European visitors, we showed also photographs of 600 Indians picking blueberries on a marsh of 2,000 acres near Rummels.

Another highly attractive feature was a section of Wisconsin cranberry bog, frequently renewed, showing vines with green and ripe fruit. Accompanying this was a chart giving information regarding the yield and revenue of the cranberry industry in Wisconsin.

In the decorations for our tables, wild flowers, native ferns and the attractive fruit pods of many native plants as juneberry, barberry, etc., have been used with good effect. In this, as in the use of native fruits, Wisconsin has scored once more, for the decorations in all other states' booths were, in the beginning either roses and carnations or carnations and roses an dahlias and gladiolus or more frequently simple gladiolus.

On Oct. 4, known in the annals of the exposition as Apple Day, we added another tally to our score. On this day each of the different states was expected to present to every visitor an apple. But few states responded, among them Wisconsin. On that day our superintendent distributed to the apple hungry public twenty-five barrels of Wealthy apples, each one bearing a poster and printed wrapper announcing the name and source as well as the name of the State Horticultural society, the donor.

Devises New Ballot.

A dispatch from Marshfield to the Oshkosh Northwestern is authority for the statement that a Marshfield man has devised a new ballot which it is said will take the place of the one now in use. The item is as follows:

"Dr. M. Dunn, an optician of Marshfield, is the inventor of a new form of ballot that finds general favor among politicians who have investigated its proposed workings, and it is understood that Senator Wipperman of Grand Rapids will introduce a bill in the legislature this winter making the use of an improved ballot possible.

This new ballot consists of a folder or envelope, having as many pockets on its inside surface as there are offices to be filled, each pocket or space being numbered in rotation. The candidates names are printed upon coupons joined together in sheets, each sheet containing all the candidates of one party and as many sheets as there may be parties, each sheet being colored differently. The coupons in each sheet are numbered to correspond with the numbers in the envelope. A plain envelope is also furnished in which the voter returns all the sheets and coupons he has not voted. With this system the voter sorts out his choice from the whole number of candidates and places them in the pocket envelope by themselves so that the attention of the counting board is only occupied with the voter's actual choice.

The fact that each party is represented by a different color and that each candidates coupons for the same office bear the same number makes it possible to count the results in much less time than in the old way. The colors and numbers are also a complete guide for the voter who may not be able to read the English language.

"There are many other points of advantage in this new method as it completely obviates some of the opportunities for fraud which exist with the old method. The cost, altho the candidate's names are printed on thin cardboard, will not be more than the old ballot as it will not be necessary to print but a very few extra ballots as there is practically no way to spoil them. The whole ballot is neat and small. The pocket envelope is about 4x8 inches and the ticket sheets 6x8 inches. It is possible to arrange the candidate coupons in several different ways, leaving a convenient way to vote the whole ticket straight, or in such a manner that the voter would have to give his attention to each office and candidate in making his choice. Or in such a manner that he could vote the state and national ticket straight if he wished and assort the county nominations. This system will prove very useful in the primary elections, especially in some states where there are a large number of names before the primaries. Application for patents has been made covering all different combinations and various methods of making the pockets.

Dr. Dunn is an old newspaper man, having founded The Hancock News in 1894. In his belief the ballot will be an easy one for the printer as the material used is to be found in any small office and should be seen to be appreciated.

Receipts.

Cranberry Fritters.

Cranberry Fritters are made as follows: Add to a cup and a half of milk one egg well beaten, one teaspoonful of sugar, a few grains of salt and one cup of flour with a heaping teaspoonful of baking powder sifted through it. Beat well, then add the last thing a scant cup of rich cranberry sauce. Cook as you would any variety of fritter. Serve with a liquid sauce.—Mrs. R. C. M.

Cranberry Sauce.

Wash the cranberries and pick out any soft ones that there may be among them. Put the berries in a saucepan and add enough boiling water to about half cover them. Stew until soft—but no longer—too long cooking spoils the flavor. Strain through an enamel lined colander—pressing with a wooden potato masher. Remove the skins from the colander—set the colander over the empty saucepan and strain the berries a second time. The second straining removes every one of the skins—but better put through the colander instead of a strainer the pulp remains in the sauce.

Return the saucepan of strained cranberry to the stove and let it come to a boil; then add a small cupful of sugar to two quarts of cranberries—measured before cooking. Let all come to a hard boil once more, and then remove from the fire and pour into an earthenware dish.—Maxwells Talisman.

Cranberry and Orange Jelly.

Stew a quart of cranberries until soft; strain through a coarse cloth, and add while hot sugar to taste. Stir well, and when cool add one third of a package of gelatine dissolved in half a cup of water and the juice of two oranges. Mold into fancy shapes.—Ms. W. A. Gilbert in Farmers Sentinel.

Cranberry Jelly.

To 1 qt. of cranberries add ¾ pt. of water. Cover closely and cook five minutes over a quick fire. Crush with a wooden or silver spoon such of the cranberries as have not burst, and rub through a colander. Put the strained pulp back into the saucepan, add ¾ pt. of granulated sugar, and simmer for 5 minutes stirring constantly. Turn into four small molds and set in a cold place until firm. Cranberries should always be cooked in a porcelain or enameled saucepan.—Margaret E. Searles.

Mock Cherry Pie.

One cup split cranberries, 1 cup sugar, 1 tablespoon flour sifted in dry, ½ cup seeded raisins chopped fine, 1 teaspoon vanilla, 1 teacup boiling water added last. Mix all together and let come to a boil. Let cool before putting it in the crust. A latticed crust gives a very tempting appearance.—M. A. Barber.

Cranberry Mince Pie.

Chop finely one cupful of cranberries and one half-cupful of stoned raisins. Place half of this mixture in a plate lined with pastry, cover with one half cupful of sugar and one tablespoonful of flour. Spread on the rest of the fruit and another half cupful of sugar; lastly add one-half cupful of water in which is one half-teaspoonful of vanilla and a pinch of salt. Add the upper crust and bake.

Shakespeare as an Actor.

About the year 1590 one of the London companies received an addition in the person of a young man who was not only a skillful and useful actor, but who also possessed the accomplishment of being able to adapt older plays to the taste of the times, and even proved to have the gift of writing tolerably good plays himself, though older and jealous colleagues might hint at their not being altogether original. This young man, whose capacities became of no slight use to the company and the theater, was named William Shakespeare.—From "A History of Theatrical Art."

A Cheerful Liar.

One time the late ameer of Afganistan asked the English diplomatic agent at his court to give a description amid a circle of Afghan boys of the largest gun in England. The Englishman described the 100 ton gun, and when he had finished the ameer observed to his admiring subjects, "I have seen a gun the cartridge of which was as large as the gun which has just been described to you." It would never do for an ameer to be astonished, much less to confess himself beaten.

Had No Business to Know.

Elderly Aunt—Gwendolen, you shock me when you talk of a wedding being "pulled off." You ought to be ashamed to use prize fighting slang in speaking of so solemn a thing as a wedding. Young Niece—You misunderstood me, Aunt Hepzibah. I said the wedding had been put off. But how did you happen to know that "pulled off" is prize fighting slang?—Chicago Tribune.

He Couldn't Tell.

The editor of an English paper recently received a fine chicken, which he, supposing it to be a token of appreciation from a discriminating reader, took home and enjoyed for dinner. The following day he received this letter:

Dear Editor—Yesterday I sent you a chicken in order to settle a dispute which has arisen here. Can you tell us what the chicken died of?

The New Stepmother.

A woman recently engaged to the father asked his son, a little fellow of seven years, "How would you like me for your stepmother?" "First rate, as far as I'm concerned," he replied. "You'll have to speak to papa about it, though."—New York Tribune.

Becoming.

"Isn't my new dress becoming to me?" asked the delighted wife.

"Yes," replied the head of the establishment, "and I suppose the bill for it will soon be coming to me."

Both Extracts.

Customer—Have you any extract of beef? Waiter—Yes, sir. Brown or white? Customer—Brown or white? Waiter—Yes, sir. Beef tea or milk?—Philadelphia Press.

Spent $500. Given up to Die.

I owe my life to Gloria Tonic writes Mrs. Emma Wallace, 130 Oak st., Vincennes, Ind. I was a victim of direful rheumatism and spent $500 with doctors who finally told me I had to die. The Christian Advocate told me of Gloria Tonic. I used it and it completely cured me. Sold by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

A GREAT NEWSPAPER

THE LONDON TIMES AND SOME OF THE THINGS IT HAS DONE.

Why "The Thunderer" Is Such a Power in Europe—The History of the Times Is the History of the World Since the Paper Started.

The London Times is the most complete and thorough news record published in any language. Its law reports, written by barristers of standing, are essential to all English lawyers. Its accounts of parliament form a convenient reference for public and private libraries throughout the world. In every department it gives a full report of what has happened.

The paper was started in 1785 under the name of the Daily Universal Register, which was changed to the London Times in 1788. In 1803 it began its great development under John Walter.

It is no vain compliment to say that the Times is part of British civilization. For over a hundred years it has belonged, with the Established church and the British constitution, to the historic greatness of the race.

"You cannot buy the Times," its editor proudly said when a powerful man sought to silence its thunder, and the words might well be written in letters of gold across the portal of Printing House square. You cannot buy the Times.

Lord Randolph Churchill in that dramatic moment when, locking up the wonderful budget which nobody has ever seen, he stepped for the last time out of the treasury in Whitehall, hailed a hansom and drove to the office of the Times. In ten minutes he was in the editor's room telling the editor the news which was next morning to startle the political world.

"Of course you will support me," Lord Randolph said in his own way.

"No," said the editor, while Lord Randolph stood aghast.

"But there is not another paper in England which would not be grateful for such a piece of information," exclaimed the wondering statesman, and the editor agreed. But would Lord Randolph take the news to any other paper? He might do so, and not a word should appear in the Times the next day. Lord Randolph left his secret with the Times and left the office, we may be sure, reflecting on the wonderful character of the one thing in the world which no man could buy. The Times the next morning reproved him severely for deserting his colleagues.

It has been so from the beginning. The Times was a child of four when its founder, the first John Walter, was put into jail for censuring the Duke of York. But they could not imprison the Times, and even while John Walter was in Newgate he was sentenced again for severely criticising the Prince of Wales and accusing the Duke of Clarence of leaving his ship without leave.

The government withdrew its advertisements and its printing contracts, but the Times went on its incorruptible way. It made cabinets and broke them, exposed plots and averted them. At least once, at a cost of £5,000, the Times nipped in the bud an international conspiracy which might have ruined half the banks in Europe, and there are two scholarships in London schools endowed by a thanksgiving fund then raised to the Times.

When the railway mania was at its highest the Times sacrificed a fortune in advertisements by denouncing the spirit of recklessness which was abroad, and neither the penalties of the law, the enmities of statesmen nor the loss of revenue has availed against the fearless determination of the Times to say the thing it thinks.

There were dramatic spectacles at times, when the great newspaper fought not only its own but foreign governments. Napoleon himself, who feared an editor more than an army, is said to have wanted to bring an action for libel against the Times, and Guizot, the French minister of a later day, did more. To punish the Times for its unfriendliness he detained its courier in Paris, delaying its dispatches. But the ingenuity of John Walter II. was too much for him.

The situation in India was grave, and the Times established an overland route to England without touching France. The Indian mail was handed to a messenger at Suez, the messenger rode on a dromedary 200 miles to Alexandria and there handed his packet to a passenger on an Austrian steamer bound for Triest. Thence the precious packet was dispatched via Ostend to Dover, where a special train waited to bring it up to London.

The French minister was angry and made another move. Special trains and steamers were placed at the disposal of the English rivals of the hated paper, and for once the genius of the Times failed. But a storm stopped the French vessel in the Mediterranean, while the Times steamer sailed quietly up the Adriatic, and the triumph of the paper coincided with the advent of its famous editor, Mr. Delane, who became editor of the Times when he was twenty-three.

The history of the Times is the history of the world since the paper began publication. No historian, writing of any period from the French revolution until now, can do without its files.

It was the Duke of Wellington who said that the editor of the Times was the most powerful man in the country. There was nothing the editor did not know, few things he could not do. It was through the Times that Lord John Russell learned of the indiscretion of Palmerston, which led to an apology to the king of Naples.

It was the Times which accused Lord Melville, the friend of Pitt, of

Japanese Swords.

Unlike the famous blades of Toledo and Damascus, Japanese swords are not flexible or elastic. They are unequaled for strength and hardness and hold a very keen edge. Japanese steel is said to excel even Swedish steel in purity. The manufacture of the swords is a very elaborate process. Some ceremonials and superstitious practices are intermixed with the scientific operations. The sword hardener is regarded as the most important personage connected with the manufacture. It is his name that is inscribed on the hilt and his reputation that enhances the value of a sword. Those who shape the blade, sharpen and adorn it are of minor importance.

The Thirsty Elm.

It has been computed that if the leaves of an elm tree sixty feet high were spread out on the ground edge to edge they would cover five acres of land. These leaves, averaging 7,000,000 to a full grown tree, will absorb water to the amount of seven tons during the normal summer day. Were it not for the ingathering by the stomata during the night a few elms would soon draw off all the water from a district.

THE BORANS OF AFRICA.

A Cowardly Tribe That Sacrifices Its Children and Cattle.

A cowardly tribe in the interior of Africa, the Borans, is thus described by a British explorer: "They carry long spears with huge blades, which look grotesque in the hands of such a craven race. They wear loose knickers of American cotton cloth and a wrap of the same material over their shoulders. These garments are treated with 'ghi' (butter) till they look like black waterproof. This American cloth is very durable and is the only cloth for which there is any demand. It is the ordinary medium of exchange among the tribes from Dirri to the coast. The Boran either shaves his head or keeps his hair short or long in ghi covered ringlets, but he always wears a small pigtail. He ornaments himself with a necklace of small beads or plaited giraffe tail hairs; also with many heavy bracelets of metal and ivory, which often incase his arm up to the elbow. Each of these is supposed to represent some dangerous animal, including man, which he has slain. Bands and tabs of giraffe skin complete his costume."

Borans are polygamists if they can afford the luxury. Their women have to content themselves with feather garments made of bullock hides scraped thin, clothing being considered much too valuable for them. They are weighed down with many bead necklaces. Their religion consists in a belief in a spirit, "Wak." The vagueness of their conception of "Wak" is shown by the fact that the same word is used in the Boran tongue for the sky. They do not believe in any future state of existence, but try to avert present calamity by propitiating Wak. This is done by sacrificing their children and their cattle. A Boran of any standing when he marries becomes a "raba," and for a certain period after marriage, probably four to eight years, he is obliged to leave any children that are born to him to die in the bush. No Boran cares to contemplate the fearful calamities with which Wak would visit him if he failed in this duty.

After the "raba" period the Boran becomes a "gudda." "This word," says the traveler who describes the natives, "happens to be the Hindoostanee for 'ass,' but if there were any connection the Boran would certainly be entitled to the rank earlier in life." Wak has no claim on Gudda's children, but neither has Gudda himself. He has to send them off at a very early age with a present of cattle and sheep to be brought up by the wata, who are the low hunter caste of the Borans. They remain with these people till they are grown up and then return to the bosom of their people.

Napoleon's Prize Essay.

Napoleon I. gained a prize as a boy from the Academy of Lyons for the best paper in answer to the question, "What are the truths and principles that ought to be inculcated in men that they may enjoy happiness?" Fifty louis he received for his effort. He mentioned the matter with a little pride one day in the presence of Talleyrand. The latter paid no obvious heed at the time, but a few days later he called on the emperor and handed him the manuscript of his boyish essay. He had just obtained it from the academy at Lyons. "Have you read it?" asked Napoleon as he took the paper. "No, sire; I have just received it." Napoleon at once threw the paper on the fire. Talleyrand, naturally pained and hurt, flushed up, but Napoleon explained: "I did not wish to let any one see the paper. It was written when I was very young and might expose me to ridicule as emperor."

Gloria Lung Balsam

is a pleasant preparation. Contains honey, tar and other healing balms. It is unequalled for coughs, colds, bronchitis and other forms of lung and throat trouble. Sold by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Bilious Colic Prevented.

Take a double dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as soon as the first indication of the disease appears and a threatened attack may be warded off. Hundreds of people use the remedy in this way with perfect success. Otto's Pharmacy.

HAIR!



I allow my picture published for the benefit of any one who may be annoyed with dandruff. My head was simply covered with it, and my hair came out dreadfully. My head itched continually. I was advised by my doctor to try Germ-a-Kila. I did, and since have stopped the itching, cured the dandruff, and as to my hair, it shows for itself. I shall never be without a bottle of Germ-a-Kila.—Mrs. N. Allen, 1425 West Ohio st., Chicago.

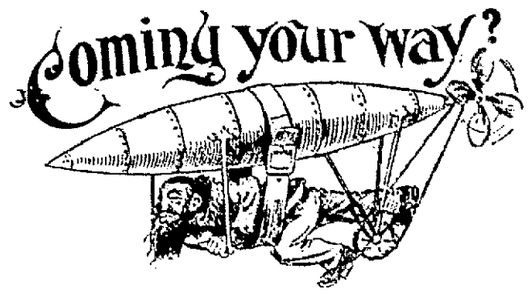


I make this sworn statement for the benefit of other people who are bald or getting that way. I have been bald for 14 years, and on the 14th of July one year ago I commenced the use of Germ-a-Kila. The picture without hair is a correct one of myself as I have been, and the one with the hair on it as I am now since I used Germ-a-Kila. My hair first came out after I had worn a scalskin cap, which I think was the cause. In 3 years after, I was entirely bald. I may say in 90 days after using Germ-a-Kila I noticed a new growth of hair.

People addressing me will please inclose stamp for answer. August Frederick Schultz, 486 Cass Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Does your head itch? If so, this germ is making on your scalp. This germ you see here is 28,000 times its natural size. However, this is just as it looks under a powerful microscope. It can be found on any scalp that has dandruff. Some people have as many as two or three thousand. Germ-a-Kila destroys this germ and causes the hair to grow; besides cures any case of dandruff, stops hair falling out in a very short time. Put up in 50c bottles only. This bottle is as large as most dollar bottles. We give no free samples. One 50-cent bottle will show for itself. Address all mail orders to The Germ-a-Kila Medicine Co., Milwaukee, Wis. For sale by all druggists.

CUT THIS OUT AND GIVE IT TO SOME FRIEND. YOU MAY NOT SEE IT AGAIN.



Are they? Are things coming right for you?

Do you imagine it'll be pleasant to get along this coming winter, as you did last year, without storm windows for the house? We don't pose as public benefactors—neverdid; we're not going to give away any public libraries, but in the matter of furnishing useful things for the house, why we can make Andy Carniege and Johnny Rockefeller look like pikers.

Storm windows are no longer considered luxuries—they're necessities—they will save their cost in fuel the first winter and the wise man puts them on before cold weather catches him. ***Order now.***

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Fully as much depends upon the accuracy of the compounding and the purity of the drugs used in compounding your physicians prescription, as upon the skill of the physician who prescribes it. We employ only skilled pharmacists and pure drugs in the preparing of all prescriptions and if you bring it to us it will be carefully and accurately compounded.

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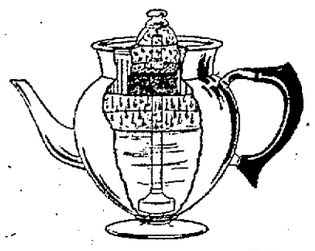
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Office on West side in New Lyon Block.

BRIEF LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Sam Church is confined to his home with an attack of the grip.

The W. C. T. U. will meet next Friday afternoon with Mrs. E. B Rossier.

Mike Kane of Vesper paid the Tribune office a pleasant call on Friday.

St. Catherine's Guild will meet next Friady at the home of Mrs. Carhart.

Miss Gertrude Gaynor is visiting her sister, Bessie, in Madison for a week or two.

E. T. Hahn of Marshfield was a business visitor at the court house on Thursday.

Judge Charles M. Webb went to Madison on Monday to look after his political chances.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Monfun of Wild Rose, are very happy over the arrival of a new baby girl.

Supt. H. S. Youker spent several days last week in Wausau and Merrill inspecting the schools.

Jacob Thomas and Mrs. John Erion of Marshfield were business visitors in the city yesterday.

Rev. B. J. H. Shaw left last Friday for Chicago, where he expects to spend a couple of weeks.

—Remember the date of Hi Henry's minstrels, at the Grand Opera House, Jan. 31st.

C. A. Muckey, formerly of this city but now of Duluth, was in the city between trains on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Cepress are happy over the arrival of a baby girl at their home on the west side.

Mrs. E. W. Lawler departed last week for Kankauna where she will visit relatives for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Erickson of the west side report the arrival of a daughter at their home last week.

Hans Bille, the Marshfield contractor, was in the city on Tuesday looking after business in his line.

Daisy La Vaque, Clara Casberg and Anton Yaeger enrolled at the Grand Rapids Business college this week.

F. Mackinnon is in Bradley, Ill., this week on business connected with the MacKinnon Manufacturing Co.

E. Oberbeck of the Oberbeck Manufacturing Co. was in Chicago last week, attending the furniture exhibit.

—For Sale—Coal and wood. For prices and particular inquire of Bossert Bros. & Ebert, phone 54.

Joseph Balderston of McGregor was a visitor at the home of Mrs. J. Balderston for several days last week.

—There will be a grand Mask Ball at H. Ramthun's hall on the west side on Feb. 4. All are cordially invited.

George Compton departed last week for Theresa where he has accepted a position as operator for the Wisconsin Central Ry.

—Hi Henry's Big Minstrel organization will be at the Grand Opera House next Tuesday night, don't miss it.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Martin are happy over the arrival of a baby boy at their home, which event occurred on Friday night.

—For sale—A new Smith Premier typewriter, cheap. Enquire at this office.



OF COURSE YOU'VE NOTICED

the improvement of Electric Lighting of today and what it was a few years ago. We are advancing each year in

MATTERS ELECTRICAL

Let us show you how handsomely we can illuminate your store, store window, home, office or factory. It will pay you to investigate.

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Have added a new stock Shoes, Ladies' Gents', Misses and Children.

Repairing is my Specialty.

G. Neiman & Son.

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All Kinds

PHONE 64

Fred Sydow of Watertown, Wis. is a guest at the home of his brother, Albert Sydow in the town of Port Edwards for a few weeks.

The Elks held a social hop at their hall last Friday evening and enjoyed a very pleasant time. About twenty-five couples were present.

John Joostin, one of Rudolph's prosperous farmers, was a business visitor in the city on Friday. This office acknowledges a pleasant call.

John Erion one of the pioneer settlers of Marshfield died last week at the age of fifty-three. He is survived by a wife and four children.

—Go to Bruderli for shoes. He gives the greatest value for the lease money.

Conductor H. L. Bartholomew is now running between Milwaukee and Green Bay, and as a consequence he does not spend any of his time at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Knoll are rejoicing over the arrival of a nine and one half pound boy at their home, the little stranger coming Monday morning.

The Elks of Merrill will hold their annual ball next Friday evening. The local lodge members have received an invitation and it is probable that a number will go up.

William Berg and Mrs. Ella Kobz, both of the town of Sigel were married by Justice Bert Brown on Friday. They expect to make their home in the northern part of the state.

Charles Lubeck has been confined to his home for a couple of weeks past by a mild attack of typhoid fever. Mrs. Lubeck has also been sick with an attack of the grip.

Senator Herman Wipperman and son, H. Wipperman, jr., came up from Madison on Friday and spent Saturday and Sunday in this city, returning to Madison on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. P. Witter left on Thursday for St. Paul where they went to visit with Mrs. Witter's brother. Mrs. Witter expects to extend her visit to a couple of weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Sierck of Valparise, Ind., who have been guests at the home of their son, Matt Sierck on the west side the past two weeks returned home on Saturday.

John Wittingham has been appointed postmaster at Arpin in place of Bart Gaffney who recently resigned. Mr. Whittingham will open a general store in the building formerly occupied by the Arpin company.

A party of merry makers surprised Dr. O. T. Haugen and wife on Monday evening and spent several hours wearing out the doctor's dancing floor to the strains of the seductive fiddle. A very pleasant time was had by those present.

Guy Wood and Walter Olson went to Stevens Point yesterday afternoon to take the Chapter degree in the Masonic lodge that evening. They were accompanied on the trip by C. F. Kruger, E. Oberbeck, C. F. Kellogg, T. A. Taylor and Dr. O. T. Haugen, who went along merely to see that the boys were properly handled.

Peter Kelly of Stevens Point died of a broken heart. He is said to have used $600 of the funds of St. Stephan's Catholic church, of which he was the treasurer, in his private business. When called upon for an accounting he was unable to settle. He worried greatly over the matter and when he arose Monday morning he was taken suddenly ill, and died in less than half an hour.

L. M. Nash left on Monday for Granville with the intention of disinterring the remains of his father and three brothers and bringing them to this city and having them placed in the family lot in the local cemetery. He was accompanied by R. A. Weeks, the monument man, who will see to the moving of the monument.

The home of Albert Gilmeister of the west side was the scene of a merry gathering on Sunday afternoon and evening, the occasion being Mr. Gilmeister's birthday. A large number of his friends and neighbors sprung a surprise upon him, but Mr. and Mrs. Gilmeister were up to the occasion and the guests all report a most enjoyable time.

The Ringling Brothers of Baraboo and James Bailey of Barnum & Bailey's shows have purchased the Forepaugh-Sells circus and will, under a partnership, go on the road in the spring. Henry Ringling will have charge, and Gus Ringling will be advance man. This venture will be run independently of the other two aggregations owned by the Ringlings.

The Wisconsin Press association whose membership consists of all the editors of the state, will hold its annual session in the capital city February 9. It is expected that some 300 editors will be present. The good people of Madison are now making arrangements for donning their Sunday clothes and exhibiting the elephant to the unsophisticated pen slingers.

Carsten Otto of Vesper is in the city today on business. Mr. Otto has been conducting a general store at Vesper in company with Mr. Dassow, the firm name being Otto & Dassow. Mr. Otto reports that the firm has been dissolved, however, and that Mr. Dassow will continue the buisness. Mr. Otto has not decided what he will engage in, but says he may remove to this city.

Lawrence University at Appleton, Wisconsin, has just received a gift of $50,000 from Andrew Carnegie for a Library building. Lawrence has recently been receiving several large gifts, for endowment and other purposes, and this gift of the Library building will greatly strengthen its work and facilities. The University authorities are now at work securing an additional endowment of $50,000, with every prospect of success. $25,000 having been promised, if the balance can be raised.

Wendell F. Mersch, of Carson, has disposed of his farm in that town, containing 120 acres, for the sum of $8,000, P. B. Stratton, of Waukesha, being the purchaser. Ten acres are under cultivation, and the soil is firstclass. The land was bought by Mr. Mersch, six years ago, for $650, and since then he has built a house, barn and other buildings on the premises.—Marshfield Times.

Portage county is going extensively into the work of building good roads and a committee of the county board this week purchased a stone crusher from the Austin-Western Co., of Chicago, for $1,375, and a Kelly stone road roller from the Kelly-Springfield Co., of Springfield., O., for $2,925. This machinery is to be used in the macadamizing of roads thruout the county.—Stevens Point Gazette.

The beautiful custom of observating the birthday of William McKinley, the assassinated president, by wearing his favorite flower the carnation, will be generally observed thruout the country on Sunday, January 29. Since the death of President McKinley in 1901 this annual custom has been kept up on the anniversary of his birthday, and in every state in the Union the day is recognized as "carnation day" and that flower is worn where possible

—We have opened a wholesale and retail Kentucky Liquor store in the Baudelin building. Those in need of goods of this kind will do well to see us. Jas. Kirschling & Co

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Saindon left Monday for Grand Rapids, where they expect to engage in the business of enlarging and coloring photographs. Mr. and Mrs. Saindon learned the business from a gentleman who was located in Wausau for the past couple of months. They expect to spend several weeks in Grand Rapids and will then move to some other city, as the business is such as to not enable them to remain in any one city any great length of time.—Wausau Herald.

At their last meeting the Masonic lodge appointed a committee to look over the ground with a view to putting up a building in this city for the use of the lodge There is probably no city in the country that has so many lodges that is so poorly supplied with appropriate rooms for lodge purposes as Grand Rapids. Many of the organizations that have a hundred or more members are crowded into rooms where if one half of their members happen to attend a meeting, there is hardly room to turn around.

The capitol is a great place to study types. Just the opposite of Senator Martin are Senators Wylie and Wipperman—jolly, hearty, joke loving solons whose laughter rings through the halls continually. Senator Burns is hesitant, plodding, apparently intent upon some object which absorbs his entire attention. Senator Whitehead is dignified, large, broad and deep chested, kindly genial, but unapproachable in his dignity. Senator Rogers, busy, hearty, chatting and laughing with anyone and everyone. Senator Merton, grandfatherly kind. And so on thru.—Evening Wisconsin.

—All lovers of good music minstrelsy will no doubt be pleased to know that they will have an opportunity of hearing "Hi Henry's Big Minstrel" organization at the Grand Opera House next Tuesday night, Jan. 31st. The character of this organization is too well known to require any special mention, but this season sees them in an entirely new line of costumes, as well as a complete change in program. You will miss a rare musical treat if you fail to hear Hi Henry's Minstrels. Reserved seats will be on sale at the usual places Monday morning at 8 o'clock.

Freight train No. 437 on the Northwestern road in charge of conductor Krause, struck a horse and wagon at the Arpin crossing near the depot last Friday afternoon, killing the horse and smashing the wagon to splinters. The driver of the horse leaped from the wagon just before the engine struck the rig and was uninjured. The man between the Central and Northwestern track had turned his horse around just in time to escape being run down by the Central engine, which was attached to a flanger, and had driven onto the Northwestern track before he saw the train coming. The dead horse was thrown onto the Arpin depot platform where it lay when the north bound passenger train came by a few minutes later.

There is a probability that the Upham logging operations on the large tract of timber owned by the company in the vicinity of Medford may cease after this week. Work was continued this week as a last trial and unless conditions are found to have improved to such an extent as to enable the men to work to fair advantage, it will be the last week of cutting. Maj. Upham says that there is little profit in logging with the snow so deep that when a good sized birch is felled the sawyers have to get out a search warrant to find the tree.

The company will have cut about ten million feet at the end of the week, and the season has been very successful. The present cut is sufficient to supply the mill until November of this year, by which time it will be possible to commence logging again.—Marshfield Times.

Dr. Lyman J. Rhodes of Fond du Lac, son-in-law of the late Dr. John Phillips of this city, has made a loan of the latter's extensive private medical library to the Stevens Point Public library and the books were removed to the library building today together with several cases to contain them. Dr. Phillips was a great student and during his long practice in this city, extending over a period of more than 50 years, he collected what is probably the most extensive medical library in Central Wisconsin, and represents a large cash outlay. Many of the books are quite valuable on account of their age, because they are now out of print and cannot be duplicated. There are upwards 1,000 volumes in the collection, a complete list having not as yet been made. These works will not be catalogued in with the regular library books at present, at least, and will not be available for withdrawal on library cards. They are intended solely for physicians, nurses and students and may be used for reference in the library building only, except by special arrangement.—Stevens Point Journal.

A dispatch from Marshfield states that the Fuller & Mathie company of that city has been notified to appear at Madison to show cause why it should not be declared bankrupt. The action was brought by the Creamery Package Manufacturing company of Chicago, holding claims amounting to several hundred dollars. It is said that Fuller & Mathie's business consisted of manufacturing butter at Marshfield, Neenah, Almond and Jewett, and selling hand separators and creamery supplies. An immense business was carried on, as high as $300 a week paid out for express on cream shipped to Marshfield from points as far north as New Richmond, the output of butter being about two tons daily. Frank Mathie, one of the partners, lived at the south side in this city for several years, being engaged in the meat market business with his father at the time, finally selling out to C. E. Emmons. It is said that lack of system and proper management put the firm in its present embarrassing position.—Stevens Point Journal

Hi Henry Coming.

J. C. Knapp, advance business manager of Hi Henry's Big Modern Minstrels, was in the city today making arrangements for the appearance of this famous company at the Grand Opera House on Tuesday, January 31. He claims that the company is better than ever and has the following criticism from the Grand Rapids, Mich., Post, where they appeared last week:

Grand Rapids Mich., Post: Better than ever. This is the criticism made last night by the large audience which witnessed the performance of Hi Henry's minstrels at Powers. It cannot be justly said that there is a dull feature on the program. In the grand ensemble in the first part, the stage mountings are superb, representing "Dreamland." The vocal music is one of the most pleasing features, double quartet, sextet and quartet numbers being introduced. Harry L. Webb and Johnnie Dove, the premier comedians of the company, kept the audience convulsed in laughter when they held the center of the stage. Both are remarkably clever and gifted in their line. The Bartelli troupe, European artists, do a remarkable tumbling act, some of their work being highly sensational. The LaToy brothers also introduce a very unique saltatorial act, much of it being original or at least new to the Grand Rapids stage. Hi Henry's minstrels undoubtedly contain some of the highest talent in the minstrel line and give an entertainment which will long be a pleasant memory.

Big Haul of Game.

Game Warden Brown of Pittsville made a big haul of illegal game on Central train No. 4 Friday night and pulled off 600 pounds of contraband partridges and venison at this station. He was given a tip that game was being shipped from St. Paul and had been watching trains for the past week. The game was packed in big express hampers, but after boarding the train he was not long in locating it. There were about 300 partridges packed in gunny sacks and boxes and several quarters of venison carefully wrapped in paper all stowed away in the hampers.

The consignment was sent out by a resident of St. Paul and was consigned to A. B. Aarin, 118 South Water street, Chicago. It is illegal to ship these classes of game out of Minnesota at this season and also illegal to ship them thru this state, hence the seizure.

The law provides that game that has been seized shall be shipped to the penal or charitable institutions of the state. This lot, which was the largest seizure ever made in the state, was shipped to Madison for use in the State Hospital for the insane.

The birds and venison would be worth at least $300 in the Chicago market. The shipment was being made on money way-bills, the consignment being done up in jewelry packages.

Under what is known as the Lacey act, being the inter-state commerce law, the shipper is liable to a fine of $200 and the person receiving them subjects himself to the same penalty. —Stevens Point Journal.

A Grim Tragedy

is daily enacted, in thousands of homes, as Death claims, in each one, another victim of Consumption or Pneumonia. But when Coughs and Colds are properly treated, the tragedy is averted. F. G. Huntley of Oaklandon, Ind., writes: My wife had the consumption and three doctors gave her up. Finally she took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which cured her, and today she is well and strong." It kills the germs of all diseases. One dose relieves. Guaranteed at 50c and $1.00 by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co. Trial bottle free.

One Year in Waupun.

Paul Abeldt of Marshfield was brought to this city last week charged with attempted rape. He was taken to Stevens Point on Tuesday, where he appeared before Judge O'Neill and pleaded guilty to the charge and was sentenced to one year in Waupun.

Greatly in Demand.

Nothing is more in demand than a medicine which meets modern requirements for a blood and system cleanser, such as Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are just what you need to cure stomach and liver troubles. Try them. At Daly Drug & Jewelry Co. drug store, 25c. guaranteed.

Spoiled Her Beauty.

Harriet Howard of 209 W. 34th St., New York, at one time had her beauty spoiled with skin trouble. She writes: "I had Salt Rheum or Eczema for years, but nothing would cure it until I used Bucklen's Arnica Salve." A quick and sure healer for cuts, burns and sores. 25c at Daly Drug & Jewelry Co. drug store.

FOR THE CHILDREN

Game of Sheep and Wolf.

Tear a piece of paper into as many pieces as there are players and on each piece write some number representing an hour in the day. As there are only twelve hours there can be only twelve numbers, but if more than twelve are playing you can make some of the figures half hours until there are the required number.

On one piece mark a cross and then shake all the numbers in a hat, each player drawing one out. The one who gets the slip with the cross on it is "it," or the "wolf," while the other players are called the "sheep."

A ring is then formed by the sheep, the wolf standing in the middle. The sheep then call out, "What time will you dine tonight, old wolf?" And Mr. Wolf calls out any hour he happens to think of. The sheep then who holds the slip corresponding to the number called by the wolf starts to run. If he can get around the ring three times before being caught by the wolf he is safe; if not he must be "wolf." The game keeps up until all have had their turn at being "wolf," and this does not take long, for the wolf is not supposed to call the same number twice

A Famous Dog.

A deservedly famous dog was Wolf, the "nigh leader" of the dog team that drew the sledges in the Greely arctic expedition. The off leader was Tiger, who fell a victim to starvation's demands, but Wolf lived for a number of years after the rescue. Wolf had a history. He was the only dog that ever enlisted in the United States navy, and after the close of the expedition Wolf was given his regular papers of honorable discharge from the government service. Wolf was born in the north many years ago and taught to draw sledges across the frozen sea by his Eskimo master. Lieutenant Greely chose Wolf for his superior strength and wonderful intelligence, and he and Tiger led the team that dragged the unfortunate band of explorers northward. He was a large animal, with long, gray, silky hair, and, although of grave demeanor, allowed children to romp with and ride on him.

The Magic Mirror Game.

It is very easy to make a magic mirror. All you have to do is to write or draw with chalk on an ordinary hand mirror and wipe it gently with a soft cloth. The words or pictures vanish, but they will reappear if the mirror is breathed upon. In telling fortunes with the mirror you must leave it in another room until it is wanted. Then, a question being put to you, go in quest of the mirror, write upon it and rub off an appropriate or amusing answer and take the mirror to your questioner and request him to breathe upon it. If you are a good, rapid draftsman you can during your short absence sketch the face of a girl's future husband on the glass, or if you have decided on your victim beforehand you can prepare the portrait at leisure.

Detecting a Thief.

A gentleman living in the West Indies had a large sugar plantation, with a great number of native laborers employed on it. He found that he was often robbed, and at length after losing a considerable sum he called his servants together.

"My friends," said he, "I have had a wonderful dream in the night. I dreamed that the person who stole my money should have at this instant a feather on the tip of his nose."

The thief on hearing this immediately put his hand to his nose to see if the feather were there.

"It is you," cried the master, "who robbed me!"

The simple negro confessed the theft, and the master recovered his money.

The Fable of the Four Men.

"I got off a street car this morning," said a doctor to me, "and, being in no hurry, I began moralizing on the actions and probable character of three men who had alighted just ahead of me. The first one was even then halfway down the block and was going on with such rapid strides that he had already put a couple of hundred yards between himself and the next man. 'There,' thought I, 'goes a hustler, a man who's bound to succeed in life.' The second man was walking rather slower and impressed me as one who would do fairly well perhaps in this world. But the last fellow was just dawdling along in the most shiftless sort of way. I very quickly set him down for a loafer.

"Just then another idea came home to me. All three were ahead of me!"—Hubert McBean Johnston in Success.

GRAY SQUIRRELS.

They Will Eat Meat and Have Been Known to Rob Birds' Nests.

It has been well said that the gray squirrels one sees everywhere in some of our New England towns are an indication of a higher civilization. It is certainly a pleasure to see these graceful creatures running across trolley tracks or over lawns unmolested. A stranger would have a very high estimate of the people of a city that could draw to it these shy animals. Like many rodents, however, gray squirrels will eat meat on occasions. They will even rob birds' nests. A friend on whom I can rely told me of two or three instances in Arlington, Mass., where gray squirrels had robbed robins' nests, having been caught in the very act.

One winter day, in going along a wild mountain stream, I was attracted by a fresh gray squirrel track, and on following it found where the squirrel had killed and eaten a mouse. He had evidently dug out the mouse, for I saw where he had dug snow and leaves away from the roots of some black alders to some depth. Then, taking the mouse in his teeth, he had run a few feet to a knoll, the mouse's tail having left its print in the snow between the tracks of the squirrel, and eaten it, leaving blood, hair and pieces of bone to tell of the feast.

One time I gave a young woodchuck to an old Irishwoman, who fed the chuck on ham. Now, if a woodchuck would eat ham, why not a gray squirrel eat mice or young birds? We have abundant proof that many flesh eaters will, on occasions, eat vegetable food as well as rodents eating flesh. Lovers of both squirrels and birds may find it possible to protect in some way the nests of thrushes, warblers, etc. John Burroughs in Outing.

MODEL LODGINGS.

What the Rowton House Scheme in London Gives Its Patrons.

Every man who comes to a Rowton house is impressed with the fact that he can there obtain better value and more comfort than he can get anywhere else. He finds that the conditions under which he lives are improved and that he has congenial surroundings and associates. All the resources of civilization he can have—bright, warm, comfortable rooms, lavatories with basins supplied with hot and cold water, footbaths without extra payment and a full length bath with soap and towels for the nominal charge of one penny. A man can do his own laundry work if he so wishes. He can use any of the reading, smoking or writing rooms, and, above all, he has absolute freedom as regards his mode of living.

Although the Rowton House scheme provides a complete restaurant where food of all kinds can be procured at exceptionally low prices, probably cheaper than at any other place in London, at the same time no resident is obliged to purchase any of the commodities supplied by the company. Residents can, if they choose, buy everything they want outside the building, while inside the Rowton houses they will find provided for them, without charge, every cooking utensil necessary, with cutlery, crockery, etc., without limit. A constant supply of boiling water is at hand, and good fires and cooking ranges are kept going at all times. A specially arranged scullery, fitted with white glazed sinks, with supplies of hot and cold water, is provided, so that any man desirous of preparing his own food can do so without any supervision or any interference from his fellows.—Sir Richard Farrant in Cornhill Magazine.

A Strange Accident.

Some time ago a man fell dead in a crowded street of San Francisco. The hospital surgeons were astonished to find that he had died of what appeared to be a bullet wound in his temple. A hundred people who witnessed the accident were ready to testify that no firearm had been discharged at the time. An examination exposed a small pebble in the man's brain. For a long time the case was a mystery, until an ingenious detective solved it with an explanation which he proved by experiment. The wheels of a heavy dray had jammed the pebble against the steel rails of the car track and then discharged it up into the air with such terrific force that it crashed into the brain of the passerby as if it had been a bullet.

A Township Treasurer Testifies.

Mr. John E. Schafer, treasurer of Riverdale, Cook Co., Ill., writes: Gloria Tonic has cured me of inflammatory rheumatism, which I contracted in 1884, after having been mistreated by a number of physicians. Sold by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

WE DO

Picture Framing

Refinishing of Furniture, Upholstering, House Painting etc. Give us a call. At Beadle's old stand.

Dessaint & Arndt.

HARVEY GEE & CO.

For Imported Wines and Brandies for Medical Purposes. Highest grade whiskies and cigars.

Prices right.

Gross & Lyons Co.

Are the People who Can Want

Apples

We have a few hundred barrels left

Prices

$1.50, $1.95 and $2.50 per Bbl.

Bulk Stock

50 to 65c Bu.

All good and sound stock.

Come in and see them

Gross & Lyons Company.



A GOOD WATCH

makes everybody happy all along the line, the workman is justly proud of his achievement when he turns it out, the manufacturer laughs with satisfaction when it leaves his renown, the Jeweler is as happy as a baby with its first rattle when he realizes and thoroughly appreciates the satisfaction it gives his customers and the man who wears it and tests it by daily use finds that the best may not always be the cheapest. When you want a good watch call on

A. P. Hirzy,
Jeweler and Optician.

Reduced Prices.

After taking our inventory we found a few damaged Plows, Axes, Cultivators and other goods that we decided to sell below cost. We are overstocked on Sleighs, Cutters and a few Heaters on which we have reduced prices twenty per cent. A good time to purchase hardware.

Centralia Hardware Co.

$500.00

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The Sentinel,
Milwaukee, Wis.

JOHN BURT

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS

Author of "The Kidnapped Millionaires," "Colonel Monroe's Doctrine," Etc.

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CHAPTER XXV.—Continued.

The valet opened the door and John Burt entered.

For a moment Blake did not recognize him. The moustache and beard had disappeared, and the strong regular lines of John Burt's face were in perfect harmony with the keen, calm and discerning eyes.

"Hello, Jim; what's the matter with you?"

"All right, John, ol' fellow; m'all right! Glad to see ye, dear ol' John! Have a drink, John! Glad to see ye!"

Blake swayed and fell into John Burt's arms. His flushed face and reeking breath told their own story without the help of the emptied decanter. Blake weighed two hundred pounds, but John picked him up and laid him on the couch as if he were a child.

"You're knocked out, Jim," he said. "Take a nap, old man, and you'll be all right when you wake up."

With a dull sadness on his lips Blake sank into a deep slumber.

The minute hand of the little clock crawled half its way around the circle before John Burt left the side of his friend. His eyes were fixed on the motionless figure, but his thoughts wandered far away.

Blake groaned and muttered in his sleep. At first his words were inconsequent, but as his excitement grew his voice became distinct, and in a higher key he exclaimed:

"This is awful—awful! What shall I do; what shall I do?" I love her! I love her, and no one shall stand between us, no one, by God! no one, not even —" The sentence ended in a moan and again he sank into quiet slumber.

Pacing up and down the room John stopped on a crumpled newspaper. He picked it up, glanced carelessly at the date and name and ran his eye over the pages.

The first words that caught his attention were "Miss Josalo Carden." John Burt stood like a statue and read the paragraph which had thrown Blake into a frenzy of fear.

Every word burned itself into his brain. Instinctively he drew back like one menaced by a blow struck in the dark. Then the enormity of the thing came to him. Crushing the paper in his hand, he strode across the room and lowered over the figure of the man who had requited years of friendship with an act of treachery.

Blake's face was turned toward him—the handsome, clear-cut features of the one he had known since boyhood. For an instant the impulse to strike this man dead in his sleep came to John Burt. Then a flood of feeling checked the swelling tide of his rage.

"How could you do such a thing, Jim?" he exclaimed, unconsciously aloud.

For hours John Burt concentrated his mind on the strange problem which had so suddenly arisen. At times a wave of anger swept over him, but in the end charity won against odds which seemed overwhelming.

It was dark when Blake awoke from his stupor. He raised himself on his elbows and stared wildly about the room until his eyes rested on John Burt. John laid aside the book he had made a pretense of reading.

"Do you feel better, Jim?" he asked, as Blake struggled to his feet, and passed his hand wearily across his eyes.

"I beg pardon for this foolishness!" exclaimed Blake looking ruefully first at John and then at the decanter. "As you know, I'm not given to drinking. I felt very bad this morning and took some brandy on an empty stomach. Are you sure I said nothing to offend you, John?"

"You have said nothing to offend me since that day we had the fight near the creek in old Rocky Woods," returned John, looking Blake frankly in the face. The latter's eyes dropped in confusion.

"We'll say no more about it," added John. "Take your bath, and by the time you are ready, I will see that Roberts has dinner served."

During and after the meal John led the conversation back over the years they had spent together. Blake was strangely silent. As a rule he took the lead over his quiet companion on such occasions, but this evening when he attempted to join in the conversation, something arose in his throat and choked him.

CHAPTER XXVI.

Hawkins Makes a Discovery.

John Hawkins strode into the office of James Blake & Company at an early hour the following Monday morning, and after greeting the nominal head of the firm was shown to John Burt's room.

"Mighty glad to see you, my boy," his deep voice rumbled as he laid a giant palm on the shoulder of the younger man.

They talked for several minutes on commonplace topics. Mr. Hawkins studied the face of the younger with a scrutiny which did not escape John Burt.

"In your new disguise—or lack of disguise—you strangely remind me of some one," said Mr. Hawkins suddenly. "You told me once, as I remember, that you were born in Massachusetts, didn't you?"

"I did," replied John, "and I also told you that Burton was not my right name. Now, I'm going to tell you who I am, though you must guard my secret for a while yet—a short while, I hope."

"'John Burton' is good enough for me," asserted the magnate, grimly. "I know you're all right, and I'll bet a million on it. Don't tell me, my boy, if you run any risk by doing so."

"There is no reason why I should not tell you," said John, after a moment's pause. "Here is an advertisement I recently ran across in a San Francisco newspaper. Read it."

John Hawkins adjusted his glasses and read the following:

"To John Burt of Hingham, Mass.—All rewards offered for your arrest by Randolph or Arthur Morris are hereby withdrawn, and you are exempt from prosecution at our hands.

"(Signed)

"Randolph Morris,
"Arthur Morris."

John Hawkins read it slowly and looked searchingly into the face of the young man.

"So your name's Burt? Ever have a relation by the name of Peter Burt?"

"My grandfather's name is Peter Burt," replied John.

"Was he a whaling captain?"

"He was captain and part owner of the whaler 'Segregansett,'" answered John.

Hawkins vented his surprise in strange exclamations, and John Burt was silent, in puzzled amazement.

"John Burt, grandson to old Captain Pete Burt! This is too rich! My boy, there's a feud between the houses of Burt and Hawkins, but it shall not extend to your generation. We'll bury it right now! Did the old man ever mention the name of Jack Hawkins to you?"

"Never."

"I suppose not. It isn't likely he would," and again Mr. Hawkins seemed vastly amused. "Well, I was his first mate on the Segregansett. Cap. Burt was nearly sixty years old then, and I was about twenty-six. There was an idea abroad that no man who trod a deck beneath an American flag could lick Jack Hawkins, and, barring one man, I guess they had the facts rized up about right. Do you see that scar?"

He ran his fingers through the irongray locks and pushed them back from his forehead. There showed a livid mark with four black circles.

"Those round black marks are the prints of your dear old grandfather's knuckles," he said, letting the hair drop back into place. "They've been there thirty odd years. I'll tell you how it happened. Captain Burt was a very religious man, according to his own standards. He was particularly down on swearing. A cuss word drove him crazy and I've seen him pound a man nearly to death for a harmless 'damn.'

"We had a sailor named Bilson," continued Mr. Hawkins. "He was one of those clumsy, aggravating fouls whose very looks were an incentive to profanity. It came on to blow one night and I sent Bilson aloft. He managed to foul the fore-royal clew lines and when I yelled at him he laughed in his idiotic way, and I was boiling mad all over. While I was relieving my mind I felt a hand on my shoulder, and it wasn't a gentle one, either.

"'Not another word from your blasphemous mouth, Jack Hawkins!' said Captain Burt.

"'You go to hell!' I said, so mad I didn't know what I was saying.

"He gave me a cuff on the side of the head with the palm of his hand. It was not heavy, but it made me crazy.

"'Go below and pray God to forgive you,' he said.

"No man had ever struck me before and I swung at him with my right. I caught him a glancing blow above the eye. He didn't even raise his hands.

"'Hit me again, Jack Hawkins!' he said, calm as if asking me to pass him the salt.

"I aimed for his chin, but caught him on the neck. It was like striking a brick wall. His arm smashed through my guard, and his fist landed full on my temple. It was a frightful blow and I went sprawling to the deck. Before I could make a struggle he picked me up and hurled me over the rail. As I came up I caught one glimpse of the Segregansett through the mist, as she heeled to port in the gale.

"The water revived me, and I succeeded in kicking off my boots. I swam in the direction of the ship, and by sheer good luck bumped into a hencoop, which some one—Captain Burt most likely—had thrown overboard. I floated around on that hencoop until morning.

"Along about noon I heard a splashing, and a big canoe filled with natives came in sight. I yelled at them and after much palaver they took me in. They were friendly savages on a visit from one small island to another. I went along as a guest, and it was months before the boats of the 'Jane M' came ashore and took me off.

"A year later I landed in 'Frisco, just in time to be in the gold excitement. That's all. If your grandfather hadn't thrown me overboard in the middle of the Pacific ocean, it's not likely I'd have located the Challenge mine. I forgave him years ago, and you can bet I harbor no grudge against his grandson."

"He has been the one to suffer," said John. "He imagines himself your murderer, and for years has prayed for forgiveness. I expect to go back to him in a few days, and you must go with me."

Then he told John Hawkins the story of his boyhood and of the shooting of Arthur Morris. He told of his love for Jessie Carden, and of his determination to restore to General Carden the fortune filched from him by the elder Morris.

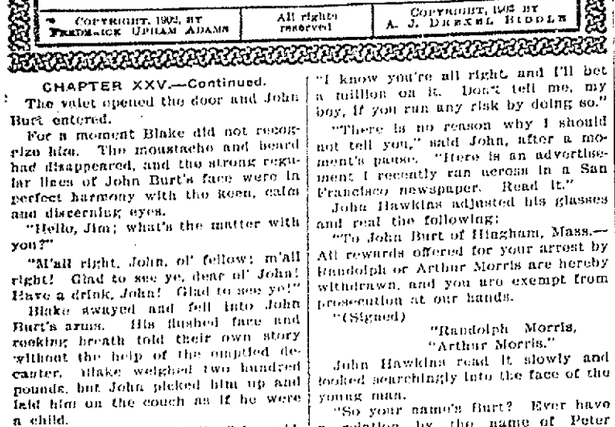
"When last I saw Miss Carden," said John, "she was the heiress to a comfortable fortune. I had nothing but health, strength and ambition, but she believed in my future, and something has told me that she would wait for me. I shall see her in a few days, and I wish her to be as proud and independent of my wealth as on that night I left her side, five years ago. She has been robbed of her birthright, but if my judgment of the value of L. & O. is accurate, it will be restored to the keeping of her father."

"I have news for you about L. & O." said John Hawkins, "but first tell me exactly how you stand."

"The company is organized with one hundred thousand shares, of a par value of one hundred dollars each," he said, "with bonds to the amount of five millions more. Morris holds thirty-five thousand shares, and his associates twelve thousand. That is three thousand less than control, but he imagines that General Carden cannot exercise his option on ten thousand shares. As I wrote you, I've had Blake acquire this option from General Carden, but of course, Morris knows nothing of this. By private purchase and in the open market, our agents have picked up twenty-nine thousand shares."

"Let's see," mused Hawkins. "I have 7,460, you have 29,000 and an option on Carden's 10,000. That makes a total of 46,460 shares. You yet lack 3,541 of control. Go into the market and buy 'em, my boy! You've done a great piece of work; a bigger one than you realize."

(To be continued.)



THE BURT OPENED THE DOOR AND JOHN BURT ENTERED.

HE BROUGHT THE RAIN.

Hungarian Mayor Either Worked Miracle or Made a Great Bluff.

Hungary's great central plain has lately been suffering from lack of rain and the agricultural population are disquieted in consequence. At a village near Grosswardein called Rozsaalya, the district judge—a government official and a man of university education, who must have taken a legal degree—convened a meeting of the inhabitants and informed them that the drought might infallibly be brought to an end if they would follow his instructions. The great bell in the church tower must be solemnly taken down from its place and deposited beneath the water of a deep well. This proceeding would have the effect of attracting the clouds and rain would result—of that his hearers might rest assured.

Full of admiration for the profound wisdom of their judge, the men of Rozsaalya went to work without delay. The local clergyman blessed the undertaking and offered prayers for its success and the bell was solemnly lowered into the well in the presence of a believing and deeply impressed multitude. And the next day brought the longed-for rain.

Whether the immersed bell exercised any sort of influence upon the clouds that so soon began to collect above it, readers probably will be inclined to doubt, though the peasants of Rozsaalya regard the miracle as proved up to the hilt.—Chicago News.

Women Folks Took His Clothes.

The present tendency in feminine fashions to imitate masculine garb leads frequently to disastrous consequences, as in the case of a well-known lawyer here in Portland.

He is a senior member of the firm, and somewhat addicted to slumbering away the morning hours, so his partner was not much surprised one morning some time since when he did not appear at the usual time. But when 11 o'clock came he thought it would be well to call up his number and see what was the matter, and received this doleful reply: "Am in bed. Will explain when I see you."

It seems that his wife, who is a devotee of golf, had left early for the links, appropriating his hat and his new shoes. His eldest daughter, noticing the threatening sky, had been delighted to wear his raincoat, and his other daughter had substituted his tie and negligee shirt for her own, as it was gymnasium day at school.

He is reported to have said that the rest of his apparel, though less presentable, would have been parading the streets also if there had been another girl in the family, so he consoles himself with the fact that there wasn't and gets up with the early bird nowadays.—Portland Oregonian.

Valuable Scientific Instrument.

In recording the death of the late Prof. Adolfo Cancani, a foreign science journal tells of his introduction into seismometry, while at the University of Modena, of the use of large and heavy horizontal pendulums, the movements of which were recorded mechanically. The first of these, which are probably the largest in the world, were seventeen feet in height. The booms, made of "T" iron, were ten feet in length, which at their outer ends carried in one case a block of marble and in the other a piece of pig iron. Beyond these heavy masses glass fibers recorded movements on a surface rotating at the rate of sixty centimeters an hour. With this apparatus, all of which was homemade, and cost only a few pounds sterling, Cancani obtained some striking seismograms.

Good Reason.

Two little boys and two little girls were playing "house," the boys being the papas, of course. All went well until the papas insisted upon coming home to luncheon, although their wives repeatedly told them that they should stay down town in their offices and kill bears until 5 o'clock. The argument finally grew so noisy that auntie came to investigate.

"Boys, why do you come home when the little girls ask you not to. Is it because you are so fond of them you cannot keep away?"

"No," said Tom disgustedly.

"Is it because you wanted another look at your beautiful children?"

"No," said Rob, with even more disgust in his tones. "It's because the girls eat chocolate for lunch and we want some.'"

Reason for Marrying.

They were talking about a friend of hers who had married a bishop stationed in Kamchatka, or Timbuktu, or some other heathen land.

"I never could understand why she married him," said the young woman. "She seemed the last girl on earth to marry a bishop. She cared so much more for having a good time than she did for church work and sewing circles!"

"Girls are pretty wise nowadays," said the young man, "and they generally have a good reason for marrying the way they do. A girl friend of mine married a doctor so she could always be well for nothing; and maybe this girl married the bishop so she could be good for nothing."—New York Tribune.

ALLEGED DYNAMITER UNDER ARREST; BELIEVED TO BE WHOLESALE MURDERER

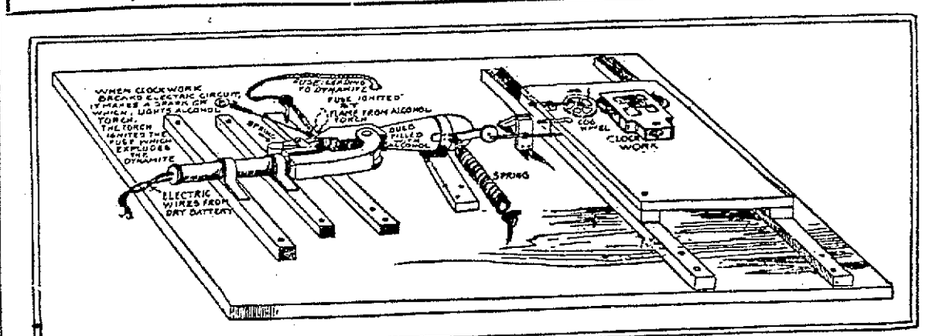


DIAGRAM SHOWING CONSTRUCTION OF INFERNAL MACHINE SENT TO THE UMBRIA.

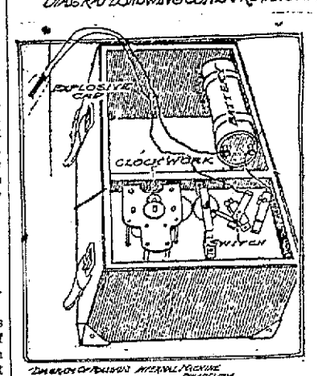


DIAGRAM OF INFERNAL MACHINE FOUND ON ROSSEAU



GESSLER ROSSEAU

Gessler Rosseau, the self-confessed dynamiter arrested in Philadelphia with an infernal machine in his possession, has been positively identified as the "G. Rosseau" who on May 9, 1903, sent an infernal machine to the Cunard line pier in New York for shipment on the Umbria.

He is believed to be a dangerous fanatic, and the New York police are taking steps to have him brought back and placed on trial for the Cunard affair.

An interesting feature of the case is that there are grounds for believing that Rosseau was concerned in the loss of the White Star liner Naronic, which sailed from Liverpool a dozen years ago and was never heard of again. Several hundred men and women were lost with the steamer, and her disappearance has always been shrouded in mystery.

In the house at 237 Washington boulevard, New York, where Rosseau made the machine sent to the Umbria, was found a part of a note written in French on a scrap of newspaper, which read:

"The destruction of the Naronic was complete. Mr. Lebrun, who at this moment has left for Chicago——"

The police will pursue the suggestion contained in this note to the limit. They will endeavor to ascertain the whereabouts of Rosseau at the time the Naronic was lost, and they will compare his handwriting with the handwriting in the note. He will be called on to tell who "Mr. Lebrun" is and to explain the meaning of the note.

There is also a theory that Rosseau is the man who attempted to blow up the statue of Frederick the Great in Washington a few days ago.

The machine found in Rosseau's telescope bag by the Philadelphia police is similar in detail to that sent to the Umbria. Inside the bag was a box, which fitted snugly in the case, and was neatly made. The works, which were those taken from a clock, were simple. The box was about eight inches deep and 12 by 18 inches long.

The works occupied one side, while a dry-cell battery was on the other, with two wires coupled to it. A dial bore mechanism by which the explosion could be timed. When the hour for ignition was reached a little steel arm was automatically moved, and, connecting with another, formed a circuit. On one of the wires was attached a fulminating cap ready to be applied to a dynamite cartridge.

The box was not loaded, but it was ready for business. There was a small box for caps in the valise and a copy of a Washington newspaper.

What Rosseau proposed to do with the machine has not yet been made apparent, except that he told the Philadelphia police his mission was to rid the seas of English ships, and that there was a powerful Irish organization at his back.

IRASCIBLE RULER OF CHINA.

Empress Dowager Is Sensitive About Her Supremacy.

The Chinese empress dowager recently severely lectured Yung Luh's daughter for wearing blue mourning shoes. The enraged old lady inquired how she dared to come into her presence in mourning, and particularly when her birthday was about to be celebrated. When the bewildered young lady explained that she was in mourning for her father the empress dowager replied that she was supreme, and that the mistake must never happen again. It was on the occasion of this birthday, by the way, that the American Bible Society presented to the dowager empress a sumptuous edition de luxe of the Bible. The book had silver covers embossed with bamboo and bird designs. It was printed on the very finest paper obtainable, with the biggest type, and a border of gold encircled every page. It was incased in a casket of solid silver, the whole weighing ten and a half pounds, and there was a gold inscription plate on the cover of the casket.

Kitchener's Military Record.

General Lord Kitchener of Khartoum, commander in chief of India, has just entered upon his thirty-fifth year of army service, he having joined the royal engineers as a lieutenant on Jan. 4, 1871. He remained exactly twelve years a lieutenant, being promoted to a captain Jan. 4, 1883. From that point his promotion was somewhat rapid, he passing through the ranks of major and lieutenant colonel in little more than five years, his colonelcy being dated April, 1888. He became major general in 1896, lieutenant general in December, 1899, and general in June, 1902. Lord Kitchener is now in his fifty-fifth year.

To Secure Brains of Eminent Men.

An attempt is being made to form a society which shall have for its object the education of the public to a realization of the advantages to science attending the study of the brains of illustrious personages. A committee, consisting of Dr. Alexander Hrdlicka, Dr. E. A. Spitzka and Prof. B. G. Wilder, has been appointed for the purpose of preparing a general form of brain request, which will hold in law and not be rendered null by any action that may be taken by relatives of the person making the bequest.

Jules Verne Still Writing.

Jules Verne, at the age of nearly three score years and ten, is still pouring forth fantastic wonder tales for French boys, his fiftieth published book having just been issued under the title "Le Voyage Extraordinaire." This seems just as wild and impossible as some of the stories which went before, but M. Verne has seen so many of his semi-scientific literary imaginings bear fruit in sober reality that it will not do to be too skeptical or contemptuous.

Geologists to Visit Ireland.

Prof. Jagger of Harvard university is to lead an important geological expedition to Ireland. It is expected to start from Cambridge about May 25. There will be about fifty men in the party, which will have as an object observation of the volcanic and glacial formations, etc.

Japan's Cable Bill.

Since the outbreak of the war cable messages to the amount of about $250,000 have been sent from Japan every month.

BERNHARDT SOON TO RETIRE?

Tragedienne Expresses Unwillingness to "Lag Superfluous."

The rumor that has been going about that Mme. Sarah Bernhardt contemplates retirement seems to be well and truly founded. For some time the actress has been in the habit of condemning, in private conversation with her friends, the folly of the player, male or female, but especially female, who clings to the stage with quivering and enfeebled hands and can not see that a new generation of playgoers want something more for their money than a great name and a great reputation chiefly made when they were in their cradles. It is a continually haunting fear with Mme. Bernhardt that she might one day hear herself spoken of as "a woman who really used to be a grand actress," and not long ago she told an old friend that she seriously thought of retiring from the stage in something like a year's time.

End of a Famous Boom Town.

The postoffice at Le Beau, in Walworth county, has been removed by the newly appointed postmaster from the town site to his farm, a half mile distant. This marks the final downfall of a town which at one time hoped to become a metropolis. In the early 80s Le Beau was the county seat of Walworth county, and a rival of Aberdeen.

The enterprising residents of the town believed that in time it would become the capital of South Dakota when the territory should be admitted. Then it lost the county seat, the railroads failed to arrive, the territory was divided into two states, and it was at one edge instead of the center of the commonwealth, and finally the end came in the removal of the postoffice to a farmhouse.—St. Paul Dispatch.

Bagpipes English Society Fad.

Society people in London are taking to that terrible "musical" instrument, the highland bagpipe. It is even whispered that there is a fair royal piper, and that the daughters of Scottish nobles are rapidly becoming proficient in the art of skirling the pipes in the hapless experience of many visitors to the north. One alarmed writer, in noting the new fad, says that the pipes are trying enough when manipulated by experts, but that life will not be worth living should amateurs take to trying it.

Revival of Interest in Byron.

According to high London authority, "Byron is coming into his own," there being an increased demand for the poet's works. This opinion is reinforced by John Morley. Speaking at the dedication of the Plumstead "when our democracy seeks inspiration in poetry Byron will once more have his day. He was the greater center and inspiring force of democracy in Europe. If I were asked what poet I would recommend a reader to begin with, I think I should say Byron."

Finest Collection of Burnsiana.

W. R. Smith of Washington has made rare additions to his collection of books relating to the greatest of Scottish poets, Robert Burns. His collection of Burnsiana is now, beyond all question, the finest of the kind in the world.

Urges Attack on Jews.

Leaflets have been distributed in the streets of Berlin, in which the notorious anti-Semite, Count Puckler, calls on the inhabitants to attack the Jews and destroy Jewish property.

READY FOR AN EMERGENCY.

Habit of the Frontier Second Nature to Late Senator Shoup.

Ex-Senator Shoup of Idaho, who died recently, clung close through all his residence in Washington to one old frontier precaution that seemed ingrained. He would never sit with his back to a door or an open window, but always took a seat or stood in a room where he could command the entrance and where no one could come up behind him. In his early days in the west he had got mixed up in one or two feuds, but being a man of the world and quick on his feet had contrived to come through unhurt. During those busy and trouble-filled years he learned the necessity of caution. He had seen too many men snuffed out from behind not to recognize the potential danger that lay in an unwatched door or window. The habits of a lifetime are not easily shaken off, so that even in the same seclusion of the senate restaurant Mr. Shoup always sat where he could keep a wary eye on all who entered the room.

Whistler's Wit.

In Whistler's student days he was on one occasion dining with a group of friends in a Paris restaurant. The attention of the young men was presently directed toward an English family near them, of whom the father was endeavoring in execrable French to plan a dinner. Leaning forward, Whistler, in his most charming manner, inquired if he could be of aid. The stranger drew himself up with a manner of offense and haughtily replied, "I assure you, sir, I can give my order without assistance."

"Can you, indeed?" quoth Whistler, airily. "I fancied the contrary just now, when I heard you desire the waiter to bring you a pair of stairs."—Lippincott's Magazine.

No Job for Him.

An Ohio man wrote to Elmer Dover, secretary of the Republican national committee claiming to have done great work for Roosevelt in the campaign, and asking for a job. He said he would like to be "chief cuspidorian" of the treasury department. Mr. Dover wrote in reply: "I regret to inform you that there is no such position as chief cuspidorian of the treasury department, although I think there might very well be. Unfortunately, however, while you have coined a word I can not coin the job."

Ravages of Pestilence.

The English Church Missionary society calls attention to the fearful ravages of pestilence in several countries in which its agents are at work. In Uganda the sleeping sickness has desolated Busoga and the northern shores of Victoria lake and is fast depopulating the Sese islands. The plague in the Punjab has been claiming as many as twenty thousand victims a month, while cholera, which has laid thousands low in Palestine, is now raging in Persia.

New South Wales' Wool Clip.

In the last five years New South Wales has received $208,111,872.23 for her wool clip, or only $2,965,946.82 less than during the previous five years, though the sheep then numbered 238,107,648 in the aggregate, against only 173,396,044 for the last five years.

Adulterated Coffee.

Of seventy-five samples of coffee examined by the inland revenue department of Ottawa about one-third were found to be adulterated.

HAD DONE IT OFTEN.

Carrying Water Was No Hard Job for ex-Milkman.

Yes, the foreman admitted they were rather short handed. They could do with another man, but he wasn't sure the applicant would suit.

"You're rather old," he said.

"Fifty, sir!" was the reply.

"H'm! I fancy you wouldn't be able to stand the strain. You see, it's hard and monotonous work."

"What is it, sir?"

"The man I engage will have to carry water all day long from the tank to the workmen there. You don't think you could manage a couple of buckets of water for hours at a stretch, do you?"

"What?" ejaculated the applicant delightedly. "Why, it's the thing! A couple o' buckets o' water—just try me, sir! Why, I've done it for years!"

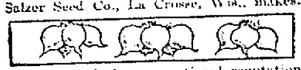
"Then you've been in this line before?" asked the foreman. "When was that?"

"When I was a milkman!" came the innocent reply.

The applicant got the post, though he couldn't see for the life of him what the foreman was laughing at.

10,000 Plants for 10c.

This is a remarkable offer the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., makes.



Salzer Seeds have a national reputation as the earliest, finest, cleanest the earth produces. They will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow

1,000 fine, solid Cabbages,
2,000 rich, juicy Turnips,
2,000 blanching, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers.

This great offer is made in order to induce you to try their warranted seeds—for when you once plant them you will grow no others, and

ALL FOR BUT 10c POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 20c in postage, they will add to the above a big package of the earliest Sweet Corn on earth—Salzer's Fourth of July—fully 10 days earlier than Cory, Peep o' Day, etc., etc. [W. N. U.]

Speaker Cannon's Fine Watch.

Speaker Cannon has laid away the cheap watch (some of his friends declare it was a Waterbury) which he used to carry, that timepiece having been replaced by a splendid affair of gold, with jewels, monogram and all the rest of it. Last fall "Uncle Joe" did some campaigning in Connecticut, and while there gave great satisfaction to Yankee voters. It was in memory of his visit to the Nutmeg state that some Connecticut friends purchased for him the magnificent timepiece which Congressman Lilley of Waterbury, Conn, handed to him the other day.

Not the Same Badge.

Joseph Herbert says that he was once playing in a small city in Michigan where there was at that time a very active temperance crusade. Standing in the hotel was a young man on whose breast was a blue ribbon. One of the crusaders approached him, and grasping his hand said: 'Oh, my friend, I see you wear the blue ribbon. You, too, believe that rum is the curse of the nation!"

"Not on your life!" responded the other, "I won this ribbon at the county fair for growing the biggest pumpkin."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Woman Expert Money Counter.

Mrs. Willa A. Leonard has been an expert money counter for the United States treasury department since 1862. For many years she has been the fastest note counter in the department. She has counted more money than would pay off the national debt.

"Table Talk" is a monthly magazine devoted to the interest of progressive housewives having special reference to the table—its luxuries and economies.

"The House Beautiful" is full of good suggestions for home builders who love artistic surroundings.—Jersey City Evening Journal.

In round figures the fire loss in 1904 was $230,000,000, the greatest on record in any year. Don't throw lighted matches in the wastebasket.

Why It Is the Best

is because made by an entirely different process. Defiance Starch is unlike any other, better and one-third more for 10 cents.

The boy who ate twenty-nine bananas to win a $1 prize probably needed the money.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is adapted to both sexes and all ages. Cures Kidney and Liver complaint, and purifies the blood. $1 all druggists.

It's an ill wind that blows of scandal.

CONSTANT ACHING.

Back aches all the time. Spoils your appetite, wearies the body, worries the mind. Kidneys cause it all and Doan's Kidney Pills relieve and cure it.



H. B. McCarver, of 201 Cherry St., Portland, Ore., inspector of freight for the Trans-Continental Co., says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills for backache and other symptoms of kidney trouble which had annoyed me for months. I think a cold was responsible for the whole trouble. It seemed to settle in my kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills routed it out. It is several months since I used them, and up to date there has been no recurrence of the trouble."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Pastor Stands by Saloonkeepers.

Rev. George M. Bock, pastor of a Lutheran church in Mahony City, Pa., has resigned from the Ministerial Association of that city because of some features connected with its war on saloons. The association opposed the granting of a license to a man whose saloon is opposite Mr. Bock's church. The clergyman declares that the man is "a good neighbor" and that his place is "clean, decent, quiet and respectable." Therefore the preacher can not indorse the fight that is being made. He adds: "I have been pastor of the church for the past twelve years and have always endeavored to mind my own business."

The Important Cities of Wisconsin are reached via the Wisconsin Central Ry. Solid White Vestibuled Trains, equipped with Pullman Sleepers, Free Reclining Chair Cars and Modern Coaches run between Chicago, Milwaukee and Manitowoc, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland, Superior and Duluth. Meals are served a la carte. Connections made with all diverging lines at terminal points. For tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., apply to agents of this company, or address Jas. C. Pond, Gen'l. Pass. Agt., Milwaukee, Wis.

President Roosevelt's Walks.

President Roosevelt has given up horseback riding, for the winter at least, and substituted walking as his favorite exercise. He has found that walking keeps his waist as trim as riding and he is tramping many miles across the country every afternoon. He has two regular routes which he has styled the "short" walk and the "long" one.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Paderewski Aids Monument Fund.

Paderewski, on his recent season in San Francisco, sold his signatures at $1 each, with a bar or two of music at $2, toward his share of the fund for the erection of a monument to Chopin in Poland.

Leaves of Immense Size.

The biggest leaves in the world are those of the Iraj palm, which grows on the banks of the Amazon. They reach a length of 30 to 50 feet, and are from 10 to 12 feet in breadth.

SHAWS WONDER SALVE

the best remedy known for burns, cuts, chapped hands, itching and pimply skin, chapped lips and lumps. Nothing like it. Guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sent by mail postpaid to any address in the United States or Canada upon receipt of 25 cents in stamps. Address CHICAGO REMEDY CO., 631 Cumberland Ave., Chicago.

We are willing to bet a million of Aunt Cassie Chadwick's securities that she can't get four bits out of Uncle Russell Sage after an all-day session.

Defiance Starch

should be in every household, none so good, besides 4 oz. more for 10 cents than any other brand of cold water starch.

The practice of putting one's property in one's wife's name would gradually cease if many men had the experience of Dr. Chadwick.

Lewis' "Single Binder." The richest quality cigar on the market at straight 5c. Always reliable. You pay 10c for cigars not so good. Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

A wise man never loses anything, if he has himself.—Michael Montaigne.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

A rolling stone gathers no moss, but it is always given the right of way.



Alexander Hilton.

Alexander Hilton, formerly general passenger agent of the Frisco system, and prior to that, assistant general passenger agent of the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis railway (now absorbed by the Frisco), has been advanced to the position of passenger traffic manager for both the Frisco and the Eastern Illinois systems, with headquarters in St. Louis. Mr. Hilton, besides being a broad, intellectual and well-endowed gentleman, is also widely known as a successful and master railroader, respected in business for sagacity and fairness. As a passenger traffic man he has been widely known and justly popular. During the late world's fair he made a most enviable record, and is now president of the St. Louis association of general passenger agents. Mr. Hilton succeeds Bryan Snyder.

Hon. Clark E. Carr, for fifty years a resident of Illinois, has given in "The Illini: a Story of the Prairies" (A. C. McClurg), a historical story—not a record—of his own remarkable life from boyhood, when he "came around the lakes" with his parents from Buffalo to mature age, and his relationship with "the men" who were prominently identified with the stirring events which so disturbed the nation from 1850 to the opening of the civil war, and in which he played so conspicuous a part. His character sketches of the famous sons of Illinois, of whom are Lincoln, Douglas, Grant, Logan, Yates, Trumbull, Palmer and many others, are given with a vividness and brilliancy which entices perusal. With the license of fiction writing, he creates situations, and therein places characters to more strikingly portray the real personages than would otherwise be possible, but the intelligent reader will have little difficulty in separating the real from the created.

Every housekeeper should know that if they will buy Defiance Cold Water Starch for laundry use they will save not only time, because it never sticks to the iron, but because each package contains 16 oz.—one full pound—while all other Cold Water Starches are put up in ¾-pound packages, and the price is the same, 10 cents. Then again because Defiance Starch is free from all injurious chemicals. If your grocer tries to sell you a 12-oz. package it is because he has a stock on hand which he wishes to dispose of before he puts in Defiance. He knows that Defiance Starch has printed on every package in large letters and figures "16 ozs." Demand Defiance and save much time and money and the annoyance of the iron sticking. Defiance never sticks.

"It is the positive and aggressive attitude toward life, the ethics of action, rather than the ethics of negation, that must control the modern business world, and that may make our modern business man the most potent factor for good in this, his own, industrial period," says Dr. Albert Shaw, editor of "The American Review of Reviews," in "Commercialism and Morality," recently published by Paul Elder & Co., San Francisco.

The most celebrated fiction writers of our time tell their best stories in McClure's. A few of these in this great company are: Stewart Edward White, Booth Tarkington, Henry Harland, George Madden Martin, Alice Hegan Rice, Myra Kelly, Edwin Lefevre, Henry Wallace Phillips, James Hopper, Mary Raymond Shipman Andrews, Alice Brown, O. Henry.

The announcements for the February Red Book include in the table of contents such names as Nelson Lloyd, Owen Oliver, Anne Warner, Harry Irving Greene, Elizabeth Phipps Train, Harriet A. Nash, Juliet Sager, E. F. Stearns and others that justify the promise of unusual excellence.

More Methodist Missionaries.

The board of managers of the Methodist Missionary Society have made provision for the outgoing of six new missionaries, five of whom go to Africa and one to China.

has the finest collection of orchids on the continent. It is worth around $400,000.

If a man is a coward he always claims to be conservative.

Where Brains Tell.

Prof. Retzius of Sweden has recently described the brain of a Swedish statesman, whose name is withheld, but who was prime minister at 40, and a highly gifted jurist, thinker, orator and philanthropist. He was tall, blonde, and of the genuine Swedish type. His brain weighed 1,489 grams, was well formed, and richly convoluted. Seen from behind it is ovoid, and widest at the subparietal region. The frontal and parietal association areas are complex and rich in fissures, but otherwise without redundancy of development, as was to be expected, for he was a good all-round man. He was a clear and skilful debater, and could familiarize himself with arts and sciences. This well-balanced mind, or harmonious construction of mental abilities, agrees with the symmetry of his brain. It is noticeable, however, that the left subfrontalgyre (the motor-speech center) is more favorably developed than the same region on the right side.

Interesting News.

It will interest all readers of this paper to hear that at last a genuine cure for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Headache and Biliousness has been found in Dr. Caldwell's (laxative) Syrup Pepsin. It is a pleasant, tonic purifying syrup, with a mild action and no bad after-effects. Sold by all druggists at 50c and $1.00. Money back if it fails.

Titled Women Nurses.

Lady Marjorie Erskine of England, has entered a children's hospital in London as a child's nurse, and will be known only as Nurse Erskine. A sister of the duke of Sutherland entered a large London hospital, wishing to perform similar service, but had not sufficient health to continue.

Insist on Getting It.

Some grocers say they don't keep Defiance Starch. This is because they have a stock on hand of other brands containing only 12 oz in a package, which they won't be able to sell first, because Defiance contains 16 oz. for the same money.

Do you want 16 oz. instead of 12 oz. for same money? Then buy Defiance Starch. Requires no cooking.

Dog Is Loti's Best Friend.

The best friend of M. Pierre Loti, the well-known French novelist, is not a man or a woman, but a dog. M. Loti is never better pleased than when he is making long journeys, but no matter where he may wander he takes with him his favorite spaniel.

Many Children Are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, Break up Colds and Destroy Worms. At all Druggists', 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

It is easier for a married man to pack his trunk than it is for a bachelor—because he has less to pack.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Instead of doing things today the wise man did them yesterday.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

The truth is always the strongest argument.—Sophocles.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Champion prize fighters are naturally stunning men.

THE DISCOVERER

Of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the Great Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.



No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement.

No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles or such hosts of grateful friends as has

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacement of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life.

It has cured more cases of Backache and Leucorrhœa than any other remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development.

Irregular, Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility quickly yield to it. Womb troubles, causing pain, weight and backache, instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it invigorates the female system, and is as harmless as water.

It quickly removes that Bearing-down Feeling, extreme lassitude, "don't care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, Dizziness, Faintness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy or the "blues" and headache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, or some derangement of the Uterus, which this medicine always cures. Kidney Complaints and Backache, of either sex, the Vegetable Compound always cures.

Those women who refuse to accept anything else are rewarded a hundred thousand times, for they get what they want—a cure. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Refuse all substitutes.

THE KATY FLYER FROM KANSAS CITY

The M. K. & T. R'y has inaugurated a new fast train from Kansas City to Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas points. This train leaves Kansas City at 2:20 a. m., daily, arriving at all the principal Oklahoma, Indian Territory and Texas points the same day. There are now three daily trains from Kansas City Southwest via "The Katy"—2:20 a. m., 12:35 noon, and 9:00 p. m. Ask the agent or write

"KATY"

ST. LOUIS, MO.



$10.00 FOR ALL

That's all it will cost to get one of our 120-egg incubators complete, laid down at your railroad station, all freight charges prepaid. No other expense necessary. All ready to operate.

SURE HATCH INCUBATORS

are the world's standard incubators. Three walls California redwood. Asbestos lined throughout. Copper hot water heating system. 139 square inches heating surface to water heater. Only thirty cents worth of oil required for a hatch. All machines sold on 60 Days' Free Trial, giving you every opportunity to be sure you are right. Every machine carries a 5 years guarantee. You take no risk with us. SURE HATCH—the machine that has stood the test of time. Send for free booklet 230. If you live west of Mississippi River address Indianapolis; if west, Clay Center, Neb.

SURE HATCH INCUBATOR COMPANY
Clay Center, Neb. Indianapolis, Ind.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

LAND FOR SALE at $12.50 per acre. J. H. VESSEY, Wessington Springs, Jerauld County, South Dakota.



The Countess Cordozo

BY J. C. PLUMMER

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Those were troublous times in Venezuela when the old brig Gemsbok was loading coffee at Puerto Cabello for Marseilles. Revolutions were breaking out like measles in an orphan asylum, and it was small wonder that the Countess Cordozo, in her haste to leave such a perturbed country, should avail herself of the one practicable stateroom on the Gemsbok to get away from it. The skipper, while drinking aguadiente with the red-headed agent, had picked up some gossip about our passenger, although the agent had never laid eyes on the noble lady. She was an English countess who had fallen in love with Senor Cordozo, a Venezuelan, and had accompanied him to his native land. He promptly mixed himself up in one of the revolutions and on the defeat of his faction remained in the interior dangling by the neck to a tropical tree. His widow then sought to return to Europe. She might have waited for a steamer, but that meant time, and perhaps prudence suggested leaving Venezuela promptly. At any rate she engaged the lone spare stateroom on the Gemsbok.

She came aboard one of those hot, muggy nights for which Puerto Cabello can beat the world and was under convoy of Tom Devitt, chief mate. We got no glimpse of her face that night, for we weighed anchor and put to sea, but we saw it the next morning, and it was worth looking at. A pair of true blue eyes danced in the prettiest face that the Lord ever gave to a woman, and she was a wonder in the way she stood the slant of the deck, for the weather was rough and the Gemsbok rolled in any sort of a swell. "Hi bet she can dance," said Ben, the English sailor. "My heyes! what a pair of legs that there countess 'as to her to walk like a hable seaman on sich a rollin' hold tub as this!"

"Lots of good it'll do you if she can dance or no," snapped Sam, an American foremast hand; "she's a whole ways above you, Ben, so keep your jacket buttoned over your heart."

"Ho," retorted Ben, "no danger o' my pinin' with love, but the mate's 'ard hit."

And he was too. Every man forward saw that Tom Devitt had lost his heart to the countess. He was a strapping, good-looking seaman, but then a countess——

Devitt hovered about her like a bee around a flower. He was shifting her chair from sun and breeze and diving down after a wrap if the wind had a bit of an edge to it.

"'E can't marry 'er even if she'd 'ave him," said Ben, positively. 'Ow would a sailor look a sittin' at one of them big dinners in the countess' castle? 'E'd fergit hisself sure and sing hout to the waiters, 'Lay aft here, you 'errin' gutted swabs, and pump the dook's glass full o' wine.' No, bit'd never do."

"An American sailor-man's good enough for any woman," retorted Sam, "and he'd know how to behave himself, anywhere."

Verbally, we agreed with Sam; mentally, with Ben. If she'd have Devitt it would be an awful bad break for him, we all felt.

She was sweet, that countess, she had a way of thanking a fellow for the smallest thing and then ramming the thanks home with a glimpse of those blue eyes that made a man want to shake hands with himself, and we didn't wonder at Devitt loving her.

One evening I was coming down the main rigging and had just reached the rail. Devitt started for the cabin to get something for her and she looked after him. If ever I want a girl and she looks after me with that kind of light in her eyes I'm going back and ask her to marry me, I don't care if she's a millionaire's daughter.

Tom Devitt the husband of a countess, and I'm simply an American seaman. It won't do."



"But the mate's 'ard hit."

tess! We talked it over in the fo'castle that night and could hardly believe it.

"'E'll cut us dead," said Ben. "'E'll want no sailors in 'is baronial 'all."

Then old Captain Paul took a hand. He saw the way things were lying and he had a long talk with Devitt. Captain Paul hated women, having married a shrew who scolded herself to death in ten years. He always spat over his left shoulder when he met a woman on the street. Well, after the captain, Ben took a hand, then Sam, and then a deputation of the crew. All advised Devitt to stand aloof from the countess.

"Cap'n Paul is a good master of a sailin' brig," urged Sam, "but he'd make a fist of handling the passengers on a liner. You are a first rate fellow for a girl in your sphere, but don't go above it."

We were free with Devitt, for he had begun as a foremast hand with us.

"What's the matter?" asked the countess, sweetly, of Devitt as he leaned moodily over the rail one tropical moonlit night.

"Nothing," said Devitt, still looking at the water.

"You've been very kind to me," continued she. "I'm sorry to see you so gloomy."

He faced her. "I'm in trouble," he said. "I've fallen in love with a woman miles above me."

"If you are an honorable, true man, as I think you are," she said, quietly, "no woman is miles above you."

"The woman I love," said he, watching her face in the moonlight, "is a



"I'd give away my soul for you," he said, hotly.

countess, and I'm simply an American seaman. It won't do."

She was silent a moment and her head was averted. "No," she replied, slowly, "I don't believe you'd be happy with the countess."

He gritted his teeth.

"You are the woman I love," he said. "Do you love me?"

The countess smiled slightly at the almost peremptory tone in which he asked the question. Probably it was a new sort of wooing for a countess.

"If I was to say yes," she said, softly, "it would mean I must give up being a countess, give up my castle, my servants, carriages."

"Of course you won't do that," said Devitt, ironically.

"I cannot," she replied.

"I'd give away my soul for you," he said, hotly.

"I cannot give up those things, for I do not possess them. I am the Countess Cordozo's maid. She engaged passage on your vessel, but she, later, found means to reach a steamer at Maracaibo. I, with her permission, went on her passage billet in the Gemsbok."

"Then you're not a countess?" exclaimed Devitt.

"No, only a ladies' maid. I suppose you don't want me now."

"I have you anyway," he said; "lady's maid or countess, I have you now."

And his strong arms were closely around her.

Their Hand-Painted Ancestors.

"Speaking of old pictures," said the virtuoso, as he placed an old oil color of Grover Cleveland beside a dusty painting of Henry Clay, "I can tell you something that exposes the ridiculous side of ambition and the weakness of vain human nature. It's this: "Many of the pictures of supposed deceased ancestors that hang on the walls of the nouveau riche are no more paintings of their kinsmen than they are of Julius Caesar or of Garibaldi. They are simply pictures of unknown, but respectable appearing Toms, Dicks and Harrys purchased for so much a head in antique stores for the purpose of deceiving a guileless public.

"So in Mrs. Porkbarrel's salon, when a visitor adjusts her lorgnette and stares patronizingly at the rusty painting of an old gentleman hanging on the wall, Mrs. Porkbarrel will calmly say: 'Oh, yes, that's my great grandfather.' And, indeed, she may be telling the truth; she has no more idea who her great grandfather was than if she never had any, and she probably paid $20 for that picture in the store around the corner."

Ice Roads to Lumber Camps.

"The season for making ice roads in the woods has just commenced," said Robert Reick of Menominee, Mich. "For several weeks now the water wagons will be kept busy. I have made ice roads in the woods for the last nineteen or twenty years, and so have seen all the improvements that have been made in that time.

"The ice roads of to-day are a great improvement over those of years ago, and much larger loads of logs can be hauled on them. Formerly about all that was necessary was to sprinkle a road well and it was a mixture of hard packed snow and ice. The tracks for the runners of the sleighs were not as deep then as they are now. The roads of to-day are all the way from a foot to two feet solid ice, and the grooves for the runners are made so deep in many cases that a team could not pull the sleigh out of the track if it tried."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

GIANTS OF OTHER DAYS.

Fossil of a New Animal and One of the Ichthyosaurus Found.

Important discoveries in Western fossil beds are announced by Prof. John C. Merriam, head of the paleontological department of the University of California. A remarkable specimen of the very early ichthyosaurus was unearthed in the middle triassic limestones in Nevada. The specimen showed the greater part of the anterior half of the body, including the skull, vertebrae and front limb or paddle, the upper arm and forearm of the latter being perfect and distinct.

Another important find was that made in the Samuel Cave in Shasta county. It consisted of the greater part of the skeleton of an animal as large as an elk, but with distinctly sheep and goat affinities. The most noticeable feature of the fossil is the horns, which are so large and magnificently formed that they make the animal distinctive among bovines, at least of any type known here.

The skeleton will soon be set up in the Paleontological museum at Berkeley.

The Lamb.



Fast Work With Shotgun.

John Backman, a farmer living at Thornhurst, on the Pocono mountains, in Pennsylvania, killed four bears in five minutes with five shots from his repeating shotgun and holds the record of the season.

He was taking a party of hunters through the woods when they came upon bear tracks, those of a mother and cub. Backman followed them alone and went so quietly that upon going round a large rock he came upon them. They had been joined by two half-grown bears.

The animals saw Backman as soon as he saw them. He knocked over the mother bear with a load of buckshot in the body and then killed one of the half-grown ones which was running away. Then the second half-grown one was slain and finally the cub. The mother bear was disabled, but not dead, and he killed her with the fifth shot.

Hen Cares for Young Kittens.

Citizens of McKenzie, Tenn., are amused at a strange display of affection displayed by an ordinary barnyard hen for a litter of newborn kittens. At the home of Squire N. W. Perkins the hen left her nest and on return found four kittens. She took charge of the nest, as though the kittens were not there, evidently imagining the kittens were eggs. Later on Mr. Perkins was attracted to the scene by a terrific fight being waged by the hen and the mother of the kittens. The hen was holding possession of the nest when Perkins interfered and restored the kittens to their mother.

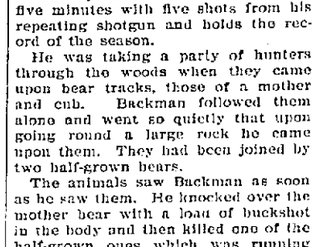
Four Grandchildren in a Day.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Williamson of Federal street, Allegheny, were informed on Jan. 1 that they were grandparents, their daughter, Mrs. J. M. Palmer, having given birth to a boy.

Soon they learned that another daughter, Mrs. Thomas Hicks of Tioga street, Pittsburg, who had been married the same night as her sister, had given birth to twin girls.

Later in the day another daughter, Mrs. Ellsworth Strothers of Webster avenue, sent a messenger to tell her parents that she was the mother of a boy.

Auto Handcar.



Railroad tracks inspectors are beginning to use this type of automobile in looking over the roadbed.

GIRL HAS OSTRICH'S APPETITE.

Coal, Paper, Toothpicks, String, and Match Boxes Part of Her Diet.

Beatrice Cardwell, the 3-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Albert P. Cardwell of Mount Holly, N. J., has an appetite like an ostrich, although her stomach is not quite as strong as that of the bird. She has just recovered from a serious illness caused by eating a quantity of paper, some toothpicks, a piece of anthracite coal, and an empty match box. Before she was taken sick she would take a piece of coal from the scuttle whenever she could and suck and eat as much of it as possible.

The child's fondness for paper is just as strong and she considers a piece of manila wrapping a choice morsel, chewing on it whenever she can get a chance. Recently her father found her chewing at something and on investigating pulled forth twenty-one feet of white string.

Jamaican Tea Becoming Popular.

Tea has been grown at Jamaica with a good deal of success recently. It has found a ready market in this country, and while not as good as that grown in the far east, it is palatable enough to be popular.

New Yorkers Carry Pistols.

A single policeman in New York city, W. A. Miller, has in two years' time turned over to the city 328 pistols taken from the men who were illegally carrying them.

PROPER HOURS OF SLEEP.

Four Hours a Night Held Sufficient by Many.

"Four hours of sleep a night," said a vegetarian, "is believed by many persons to be quite enough for any human being. A society to promulgate the four hours of sleep idea has been organized in New York and I am going to join it. I only eat half what I used to, and if I can learn to sleep only half what I used to another great saving will be made.

"Last night, for an experiment, I lay abed just four hours, and I must confess that I feel very seedy today. You do feel seedy at first, the sleep society people say. You must practice and practice. Thus you learn in time to sleep intensely, to sleep with concentration and four hours suffice.

"It has been pointed out to me that Alexander von Humboldt held advanced views on the sleep question. Humboldt died at 89. At 76 he wrote:

"'As I get old I want more sleep—four hours at least. When I was young two hours were quite enough for me.'

"Lattre, another octogenarian, slept only four hours a night for twenty years, and in retrospect regarded those years as the healthiest of his life.

"Edison only sleeps from four to six hours, and there is not a sounder man alive than he.

"Two of the members of the sleep society say that they have trained their children to sleep only four hours. I don't know whether they are telling the truth or not. They have no reason for lying. And, indeed, what a fine thing it would be if we could all, without ill effect, cut down our sleep to four hours. It would add nearly fifteen years to our lives."

MADE SMALL BOY WONDER.

Amazed at Thunder Disturbing His Employer's Sleep.

"Mrs. S.," said a woman at a theater party the other evening, "is living in a small mining town near Zacatecas, Mexico, where her husband owns important silver mining interests. One of her servants, a colored woman, possesses a son five years old, whose intelligence is only equaled by his disposition to cry at every opportunity, seemly or unseemly.

"Whenever he would become particularly disregardful of the comfort of others, Mrs. S. would threaten to pack him up and send him over the mountains. One day when her husband was awakened for the second time from a noonday siesta by his cries, Mrs. S. locked him in his room. A heavy thundershower coming up, she repented and carried him to his mother.

"The boy's eyes brightened inquisitively. 'What makes all that noise, mamma?' he asked.

"'That's thunder, Sammy.'

"'Who makes thunder, mamma?'

"'God.'

"Sammy thought for a moment, and then asked: 'Doesn't God know that Mr. S. is asleep?'"—New York Times.

HIS EXPERIENCE TEACHES THEM

That Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure Bright's Disease. Remarkable case of George J. Barber—Quick recovery after years of suffering.

Estherville, Iowa, Jan. 23d.—(Special)—The experience of Mr. George J. Barber, a well known citizen of this place, justifies his friends in making the announcement to the world "Bright's Disease can be cured." Mr Barber had Kidney trouble and it developed into Bright's Disease. He treated it with Dodd's Kidney Pills and to-day he is a well man. In an interview he says:

"I can't say too much for Dodd's Kidney Pills. I had Kidney Disease for fifteen years and though I doctored for it with the best doctors here and in Chicago, it developed into Bright's Disease. Then I started to use Dodd's Kidney Pills and two boxes cured me completely. I think Dodd's Kidney Pills are the best in the world."

A remedy that will cure Bright's Disease will cure any other form of Kidney Disease. Dodd's Kidney Pills never fail to cure Bright's Disease.

To Write History of Sioux Nation.

Dr. Charles A. Eastman, the noted Sioux Indian lecturer, author and historian, is on the Pacific coast collecting material for his comprehensive history of the Sioux nation. The work is being prepared under direction of the interior department, special attention being given to land titles. Dr. Eastman is a gentleman of culture and in addition to having been a frequent contributor to the leading magazines has written several books.

A Rare Good Thing.

"Am using ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, and can truly say I would not have been without it so long, had I known the relief it would give my aching feet. I think it a rare good thing for anyone having sore or tired feet.—Mrs. Matilda Holtwert, Providence, R. I." Sold by all Druggists, 25c. *Ask to-day.*

"Every woman is beautiful," says the Washington Evening Post. Of course! And every man is brave.

All Up-to-Date Housekeepers use Defiance Cold Water Starch, because it is better, and 4 oz. more of it for same money.

Unhappily there isn't any law to prevent old Boreas from working overtime.

Smokers find Lewis' "Single Binder," straight 5c cigar better quality than most 10c brands. Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Honesty is its own reward, and sometimes its only reward.

You can't always tell a milk train by its cowcatcher.



THERE IS NOTHING more painful than

Rheumatism and Neuralgia

but there is nothing surer to cure than

St. Jacobs Oil

The old monk cure. It is penetrating, prompt and unfailing.

Price 25c. and 50c.

CAUGHT BY THE GRIP— RELEASED BY PE-RU-NA.



La Grippe Is Epidemic Catarrh.

In spares no class or nationality. The cultured and the ignorant, the aristocrat and the pauper, the masses and the classes are alike subject to la grippe. None are exempt—all are liable.

Grip is well named. The original French term, la grippe, has been shortened by the busy American to read "grip."

Without intending to do so, a new word has been coined that exactly describes the case. As if some hideous giant with awful grip had clutched us in its fatal clasp.

Men, women, children, whole towns and cities are caught in the baneful grip of a terrible monster.

Have you the grip? Or, rather, has the grip got you? If so, read the following letters.

These testimonials speak for themselves as to the efficacy of Peruna in cases of la grippe or its after-effects:

A Southern Judge Cured.

Judge Horatio J. Goss, Hartwell, Ga., writes:

"Some five or six years ago I had a very severe spell of grip which left me with systemic catarrh.

"A friend advised me to try your Peruna, which I did and was immediately benefited and cured. The third bottle completed the cure."—H. J. Goss.

Cured in a Few Weeks.

Miss Jean Cowgill, Griswold Opera House, Troy, N. Y., is the leading lady with the Aubrey Stock Co. She writes the following:

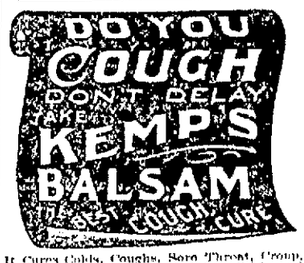
"During the past winter of 1901, I suffered for several weeks from a severe attack of grip, which left a serious catarrhal condition of the throat and head.

"Some one suggested Peruna. As a last resort, after wasting much time and money on physicians, I tried the remedy faithfully, and in a few weeks was as well as ever."—Jean Cowgill.

Saved by Pe-ru-na.

Hon. James R. Guill is one of the oldest and most esteemed men of Omaha, Neb. He has done much to make it what it is, serving on public boards a number of times. He endorses Peruna in the following words:

"I am 68 years old, am hale and hearty and Peruna has helped me all-ways. Two years ago I had la grippe; my life was despaired of. Peruna saved me."—J. R. Guill.



It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

$25.00 Cream Separator



SEPARATOR CATALOGUE. You will get all the cost of our low-cost proposition and you will receive the most complete, reliable, liberal cream separator offer ever heard of. Address

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO.

ALWAYS CALL FOR A CIGAR BY ITS NAME

"CREMO"

MEANS MORE THAN ANY OTHER NAME

BROWN BANDS GOOD FOR PRESENTS

"Largest Seller in the World."

MEXICAN **Mustang Liniment** is a positive cure for Piles.

Mapl-Flake

is a welcomed change for a tired stomach.

Used by Good Housekeepers.

E-Z (LIQUID) STOVE POLISH GOES IT EASY.

Sold by Good Dealers.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

THE FARMERS on the Free Homestead Lands of Western Canada Carry the banner for yields of wheat and other grains for 1904.

100,000 FARMERS

receive $55,000,000 as a result of their Wheat Crop alone.

The returns from Oats, Barley and other grains, as well as cattle and horses, add considerably to this.

Secure a Free Homestead at once, or purchase from some reliable dealer while lands are selling at present low prices.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—C. J. Broughton, Room 430 Quincy Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; W. H. Rogers, third floor, Traction Terminal Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.; T. O. Currie, Room 12, B. Callahan Block, Milwaukee, Wis.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

Co-operation is the Keynote of Success.

The Kennedy mine on the Mother Lode in California has produced more than $20,000,000. We are on the same vein and only 350 feet from the Kennedy. We need money to open this property. Will sell block of stock at 25c per share. One shaft sunk 80 feet shows 7½ feet of fine milling ore. Another shaft 160 feet deep shows 6 feet of ore running from $6 to $20 per ton. We hope to have the property on a paying basis within one year. Will be glad to make you big money, while you help us. Write for information. JOHN L. DEAM, 236 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Salzer's National Oats

Greatest out of the century. Yielded in Ohio 241, in Mich. 201, in Mo. 166, and in N. Dakota 211 bu. per acre. You can beat that record in 1905.

For 10c and this notice

we mail you free tens of farm seed samples and our big catalog, telling all about this and 1000 other great thousands of other seeds.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. La Crosse, Wis.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE.



Electropede Co. Box D Lima, Ohio.

REAL ESTATE.

Stock Farm for Sale, containing 264 acres in Wayne Co., Ia., 100 miles E. of St. Louis, Mo. Land rich, sandy loam, well improved, half cultivated, good prairie land; good buildings and never failing water. Price $7,920. Easy terms. R. L. MORSE, - Mt. Ayr, Ringgold Co., Ia.

FOR SALE—A few choice improved farms ranging from 80 to 1,000 acres in size at $5 to $20 per acre, in Pettis Co., Mo. Soil of gently rolling prairie. Farms easy to be reached from county seat, and within 40 miles of the county seat, and within 40 miles of Kansas City. Write for list. W. H. WOODS, Sedalia, Mo.

FARMS AND MORTGAGES FOR SALE. Good farming, fruit and grass lands, close to county seat on two railroads. Pay $1.00 per acre. Balance easy. I will trade for stock. Address JAMES P. FLINT, Bowling Green, Mo.

FOR SALE. Your choice of 40 acres good land, 50 cattle; 80 miles from county seat, 10 rods from school; good water. Pick what you want, either or both. Prices and terms interesting for quick deal. Edward Ferris, Owner, Napoleon, N. Dak.

FOR SALE Quarter farm in Watson County, Mich., a bargain, $15 per acre, cash, balance to suit purchaser. Good house, good barn; 120 acres meadow, balance good farm land, well fenced. Model stock farm in clover belt. B. A. HEATH, - Mendon, Michigan.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Buy a Yearning Pot and be Successful.

Learn the truth. Wonderful Hindu Fortune Teller with marvelous book, telling past, present and future. All things made plain. Post paid one dollar. HIKARA CO., Station H, New York City.

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMEN

in this county. Our men are making from $75 to $150 a month selling our household and stock remedies, flavoring extracts, spices and toilet articles direct to consumers. Exclusive territory. Goods are first-class and in great demand. CASH OUTFIT. Pleasant, profitable, life-long position. No experience necessary; we teach you. Write for information. Don't delay. Incorporated.

THE S. D. CONFER MEDICAL COMPANY, Dept. C, ORANGEVILLE, ILL.

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 4, 1905.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

OUR COUNTRY CORRESPONDENTS

BIRON.

The Modern Brotherhood of America dance given at Possley hall Saturday evening, the 21st, was a grand success. It was the largest and best attended dance given thus far in Possley hall. This order is one of the new orders recently organized at Grand Rapids and they already have a membership of forty or fifty and steadily increasing. The order netted a nice little sum from this dance of $24.00 and all members wish to express their thanks and appreciation to the public for their large attendance.

Sam Lupa and his brother in law had a little experience in a runaway Sunday. They hitched together two young horses which, not being used to one another, became quite wild, when the tug became loosened from one and frightened them all the more. The pole dropped and had it not been for one of the horses stepping on the line and pulling him to a standstill, there would have been very little left of the sleigh.

It was announced at the dance given Saturday evening that the next dance at Possley hall would be a masquerade and would be given Feb. 15th. Admission, gentlemen, masked, 50 cents; ladies, masked, 25 cents; spectators, 25 cents. Stolb's orchestra has been engaged to furnish music.

Geo. Fisher has purchased a fine driving horse from a Mosinee party, consideration $110.00.

Miss DeFoe of Nekoosa was visiting with Miss Bertha Akey the latter part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Laeder are happy over the arrival of a baby girl, born Saturday.

Henry Hamm spent the Sabbath with his daughter, Mrs. Joseph Sweeney, jr.

Mrs. Jos. Sweeney, jr., is able to be about after a short illness.

Oliver DeMars spent Sunday with his son, William, at Glenwood addition.

Alexander Haydock and wife spent Sunday at Sigel attending church and visiting friends.

James Klappa spent Sunday at Sigel attending church and visiting friends.

Mrs. Chas. Nagel of Rudolph spent Sunday with Mrs. Henry Laeder.

Mrs. Joseph Klappa is reported quite sick, has been sick since last Thursday.

Mrs. J. M. Johnson is quite sick this week.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25 cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded. Daly Drug and Jewelry Co.

KELLNER.

We are having today a bad wind which is piling roads full of snow. The roads have been nearly impassable ever since the first snow storm.

Wm. J. Robinson spent Sunday in Green Bay with his family.

Mr. Rice of Green Bay is expected here today to take charge of the wood which his concern is buying here. They have already secured eight carloads here.

Dr. Looze was called Sunday to attend little Eddie Witt for a severe cold. The little fellow is better at this writing.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Granger was quite ill a few days last week, but is nearly well again now.

An infant daughter arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Sager last Thursday.

Anna Buss, who has been staying in your city, is at home for a few week, Amanda having taken her place at her sister's.

O. D. Billings has a crew of men cutting wood which he purchased of J. G. Timm. He is hauling same here.

The Finley Hay Co. are expected this week with their hay press. If they come they will surely receive a lot of hay as nearly everyone has more than necessary for their stock.

Charles Smith and Mr. Korn of your city were business visitors here Monday.

Walter Buss made two trips to Chicago last week in charge of potatoes from our warehouse.

Fred Rickhoff has the job of loading wood on cars here for Rice and Vroman Co.

Henry Knuth is visiting with relatives hereabouts for a short time.

Constipation and piles are twins They kill people inch by inch, snap life away every day. Hollisters Rocky Mountain Tea will positively cure you. No cure no pay. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Johnson & Hill Co.

It is expected that H. R. Nelson will buy the creamery here. We believe he could do better alone than could the old company, as there were so many shareholders as to make it unwieldly.

SARATOGA.

Geo. T. Rowland of Grand Rapids called on John Peterson, sr. one day last week.

Rev. and Mrs. Chris. Madsen of the Moravian church, spent Tuesday afternoon at Mrs. Hansen's.

Mrs. H. Rockstead of Grand Rapids is assisting Mrs. Hansen in the care of her daughter Helma, who is very sick.

Jacob Peterson has gone to Dancy where he has obtained employment for the winter.

Mrs. Stephen Slattery, Mrs. Chose, Mrs. Casberg and Mrs. O. Larson visited relatives and friends here one day last week.

George Peterson is living at the home of his father again. He must have tired of keeping bachelor's hall.

RUDOLPH.

The E. F. C. sociable was a grand success financially and the entertainment was very good. Little Miss Helen Smith and Miss Amanda Rayome deserve much praise for the part they took in the entertainment.

C. O. Hassel, one of Rudolph's solid farmers, is preparing to build a large barn in the spring.

Mrs. Peter Redmond has a cousin visiting her from Wittenberg.

Almerian Bates, sr., was hurt quite badly by one of his horses last week, which necessitated calling the doctor, but he is improving at the present time.

Miss Laura Provost went up to Tomahawk last Monday morning to visit her brother Leon.

Gus Cosland, son of Eric Cosland, picked up a torpedo on the track near home and in hammering it it exploded and blew a part of his thumb off which makes a painful sore.

A. J. Chambers and wife spent Sunday at Junction City with his brother Will.

H. L. Freeman put in a new pump for Jos. Juneau last week. Herb is doing that kind of work.

The dance and concert given by the Shepard Sisters was a grand success.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Grab mourn the loss of their three-year-old daughter who died last week. The funeral was held from the Catholic church on Wednesday.

Mrs. N. Ratelle was the guest of relatives in your city last week.

Geo. Hamm underwent an operation in Grand Rapids last week at the home of his sister, Mrs. Hollmueller. His many friends hope soon to see him able to be out.

Miss Laura Provost attended the funeral of a relative at Fond du Lac last week.

I find it pays to look over F. M. Logan's bargains. He is selling as follows:

Choice pail syrup.....25c per gal
Choice leaf tea.....25c per lb
Choice coffee.....15c per lb
Ginger snaps.....4c per lb
Round shore herring.....4c pr lb

He has just received a car of flour, feed, bran middlings which he quotes as dirt cheap. Call and see for yourself.

Not a minute should be lost when a child shows symptoms of croup. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. It never fails, and is pleasant and safe to take. Otto's Pharmacy.

REMINGTON.

Mrs. Hass and her daughter Maita departed for Nekoosa the fore part of the week to visit her daughter, Mrs. Sanger.

Mrs. Tiffney of Nekoosa visited at the home of her daughter Mrs. Phil Briggs.

Rudolph Hass made a business trip to Pittsville one day this week.

The Lutherans of this vicinity attended services held at Babcock last Monday.

The farmers are busily engaged in hauling wood to town. They are taking advantage of our nice weather.

Miss Clara Meyer is visiting at Babcock with her aunt, Mrs. Coolan this week.

Miss Rosa Seabruck arrived from Marshfield last Wednesday after an extended visit with relatives.

O. Lowe who has been sick nearly all winter is still in very poor health.

Services were held at the Catholic church at Babcock yesterday at half past eight in the morning, nearly all the Catholics from here attended.

BLENKER.

Miss Kate Brandl of Milladore visited with her parents a few days last week. Miss Rosa Grassl returned from Stratford Saturday and is now visiting with her brother.

The marriage of James Ashenbrenner to Mary Bohman will take place Tuesday at the Catholic church, Rev. Bilik officiating.

Basket ball is all the rage now. The Sherry team will play a return game with Auburndale Friday at Blenker's hall. Admission ten cents. There will also be a dance after the game.

Miss Rose Najemnik returned from Chicago on Friday.

F. E. Marquart left for his home at Berlin on Saturday.

Henry Blenker drove to Milladore on Sunday.

Sickening, Shivering Fits

of Ague and Malaria can be relieved and cured with Electric Bitters. This is a pure, tonic medicine; of especial benefit in malaria, for it exerts a true curative influence on the disease, driving it entirely out of the system. It is much to be preferred to Quinine, having none of this drug's bad after-effects. E. S. Munday of Henrietta, Texas, writes: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice, till he took Electric Bitters, which saved his life." At Daly Drug & Jewelry Co. drug store; price 50c, guaranteed.

MARKET REPORT.

Potatoes, ₱ bushel	18
Wheat, No. 2, ₱ bushel	80
Rye, ₱ bushel	65 70
Oats, ₱ bushel	.31
Corn, shelled, ₱ 100 lbs	1.15
Hay, marsh, ₱ ton	5.00
Hay, timothy, ₱ ton	17.00@8.00
Eggs, ₱ dozen	.22
Butter, ₱ lb	18 @24
Beans, ₱ bushel	@ 1.60
Peas, ₱ bushel	.75
Onions, ₱ bushel	65
Beef, live, ₱ 100 lbs	$2.00 @ 3.00
Beef, dressed, ₱ 100 lbs	$4.00 @ 6.00
Pork, live	3½ 4
Pork, dressed	5½ 6
Veal, live, ₱ lb	.05
Veal, dressed, ₱ lb	.06@.07
Chickens, live, ₱ lb	.6 @ .8
Chickens, dressed, ₱ lb	.8 @ .12
Turkeys, live, ₱ lb	11 @ .14
Turkeys, dressed, ₱ lb	13 @ .15
Flour, patent, ₱ bbl	6.30
Feed, ₱ ton	21.00
Middlings, ₱ ton	19.00
Bran, ₱ ton	19.00

NEKOOSA.

Last Wednesday evening a very serious and very nearly fatal accident happened to Albert Schiefelbein. The arm on the derrick broke loose and struck him on the head causing an ugly scalp wound and partial fracture of the skull. Dr. H. F. Waters assisted by Dr. Ridgman dressed the wound. At present he is doing nicely.

Last Thursday morning M. Sayer was was quite badly scalded while running one of the machines by one of the pipes bursting. He is rapidly improving and will soon be able to go to work again.

Mrs. A. Wiley and son Ray came up Saturday from Marseilles, Ill., and their goods have arrived so the family will soon be settled ready for housekeeping. They have rented the house vacated by the Baker family.

The stockholders' meeting of the Nekoosa Paper Co. was held last week Tuesday. Those present were T. E. Nash, F. Garrison, L. Alexander, E. Roenius and J. McNaughton.

Last Thursday evening Misses Cournoyer and Coffman were taken to the poor farm—evidently only for a short visit, though, as they came back the same night.

The regular six weeks examinations were held last week.

S. Platt Jones, humorist and impersonator, gave the second number of the lecture course last Friday evening, which was very good.

East Lynn was played at Brooks' hall on Saturday evening. Those who attended report it very good.

The following deaths occurred the latter part of last week: Mr. Charles Herring, who lived about six miles southwest of here, of acute nephritis, and Mary Belot of embolus on the brain.

When you want a pleasant purgative try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are easy to take and produce no nausea, griping or other disagreeable effect. Otto's Pharmacy.

Will Rouhan of Milwaukee was in town Monday.

Prof. Ellis now has a music class of eighteen.

O. J. Lou went to Grand Rapids last Thursday evening to attend the stockholders' meeting of the Telephone Toll Line Co.

The office of the Herrick house is being repainted at present.

Wins Seven Medals.

The College of Agriculture of the University of Wisconsin has just received official announcement of the awards made to the various departments for exhibits at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition. The awards are seven in number, three grand prizes, three silver medals and one bronze medal. The grand prizes are awarded as follows: (1) for Dairy Laboratory exhibit prepared by Prof. E. H. Farrington; (2) for exhibit on dairy instruction and results of investigations; prepared by Prof. E. H. Farrington; (3) for the Babcock test invented by Dr. S. M. Babcock. The silver medals were conferred as follows: (1) for exhibit showing soil aspirator and apparatus for determining relative rates of flow of air thru soils of different texture and structure, prepared by Prof. A. R. Whitson; (2) for exhibit on instruction and investigation in drainage and irrigation, prepared by Prof. A. R. Whitson; (3) for exhibit illustrating feeding value of corn by products, prepared by Dr. F. W. Woll. The bronze medal was given for the exhibit showing methods of pruning, prepared by Dr. E. P. Sandsten.

Cauberry Cookery.

Although cranberry sauce is cranberry sauce wherever the dish is known, it may not be amiss to put before even such skilled cooks as are our readers a few recipes for cooking cranberries. And even if they are as twice or many times told tales the topic is a portinent one, and much can be forgiven in that case.

And as for cranberry sauce, if you happen to be in ignorance of the way to make it, try this: To a quart of well-washed berries add a little less than a pint of water and stew for ten minutes. Add then one pound of loaf sugar and remove to back of range to simmer, without boiling, for fifteen minutes or so. Turn out to cool and that is all there is to it. Taking this sauce, our English cousins have a happy knack of adding to it, when it is cool, some whipped cream and then using it as a kind of filling for shortcake, to be served with afternoon tea. Perhaps it needs a bit more sugar used in this way, but that may be added easily.

In making cranberry tarts, line the moulds with paste, fill with the cranberry sauce, cover with paste, bake, and serve with whipped cream.

To make cranberry jelly cook a quart of the berries in half a pint of water for twenty minutes, then sieve them through a fine sieve and add to the juice one pound of sugar. Cook for ten minutes, boiling hard all the time, and turn into a mould. Let stand for several hours before using. If it is not to be used with meats, but is to go to the table as a sweet, then surround it with whipped cream or a thick custard, flavored in either case with brandy.

An oldfashioned recipe, said indeed to have its origin in a cook book one hundred years old, prescribes a drink made from cranberries. It is made like this: Mix together half a pint of each of cranberries and water and mash the fruit well. Now boil the peel of half a lemon and one ounce of oatmeal in two quarts of water for fifteen minutes, then add the mashed fruitand water with just enough sugar to sweeten it lightly without destroying the flavor of the fruit. Boil for twenty minutes, strain and let get cold, adding a little brandy or some sherry. They do say it was a popular drink with our ancestresses and it surely has a plausible way with it sufficient to lead almost any enterprising housekeeper to try. It is called, by the way, a posset.—The Epicure.

I'll brave the storms of Chilkoot Pass,
I'll cross the plains of frozen glass,
I'd leave my wife and cross the sea.
Rather than be without Rocky Mountain Tea.

Science Overcomes Frost.

Now comes the season of the year when the farmers fight the frost. While in the hours of sunshine the mercury registers summer temperature, night and early morning may be sharp and cold. It is in these weeks of early fall, when crops and fruits are ripening, that the farmer must be on the alert to prevent damage. Time was when a heavy frost necessarily meant injury to growing crops; but today, when news is sent over the farming districts of the coming of frosts, there is a mustering of the forces and the battle is on. People who live in lare cities know very little about modern methods by which the farmer wages his never ending battle with the frost in a way long familiar, but the up-to-date agriculturist has many other weapons at his command.

The radiation of heat stored in plants and in the earth itself during the hours of sunshine, the evaporation of moisture and the tendency of cold air to settle while the warmer air rises, contribute to the formation of frost. Low lying clouds, charged with moisture, wind which keeps the air in motion, and so equalizes the temperature, are natural preventatives.

The farmer has a choice of several agencies in protecting his crops from frost. Should a stranger in a county district see at night the glow of smoky fires mounted on carts and drawn around a field or orchard, it would be erroneous for the visitor to infer that the farmers were using the perambulating bonfires for purposes of celebration. As a matter of fact, the movable "smudge" is one of the devices for ropelling the advance of the legions of Gen. Jack Frost. The purpose of the smudge is to create a smoke which hangs like a cloud a short distance above the surface of the earth and imprisons the heat which would otherwise be radiated thru the upper air. Smudges, both of the kind which are stationary, are used in the fruit orchards of California and other Pacific coast states, in the orange groves in Florida and in the wheat fields of the Dakotas.

Another of the methods employed to avert the danger from frosts may be described as the artificial shower. The story of how this is used on one California ranch is told in the United States government publications. Did it come from a less reliable source, the man who lives in a city and knows little about farming and fruit raising might put it in the class with the stories told by the returning trout fisherman. The owner of this ranch caused to be erected on it a number of masts fifty feet high. At the top of each mast was fastened a sprinkling device thru which water could be forced. On nights when the temperature sinks to the frost point the pumps begin to work, the sprinklers commence to sprinkle and the air is filled with a fine spray which so charges it with moisture that in nearly every instance the protection given the ripening fruit has been sufficient. The owner of a little patch of garden and a garden hose, if he will get up just before sunrise on a frosty morning, may save his precious vegetables by sprinkling them. He is doing in a small way what the ranchman of California accomplishes by the use of the fifty foot mast with the sprinkler at its top.

For the protection of large fields and orchards, another elaborate scheme has been used with more or less success. This consists in extending to different parts of the area to be protected pipes which are connected with a steam boiler, steam being generate on frosty nights and distributed by the pipes to the places where it will do the most good. Water is extensively employed in fighting frost in the cranberry district of New Jersey, Wisconsin, Cape Cod and other portions of New England and the upper districts. When there is likely to be a frost, the swamp or bog lands to which this crop is confined are flooded by means of appliances by which neighboring bodies of water can be drawn upon. The water covering the cranberry patches keeps the lower stratum of air comparatively warm and moist. Irrigation has been similarly employed in orange growing districts and the rice fields of the south. More familiar than these methods is the use of screens made of cloth and other materials for covering the growing crops.

This is a great country, but there is no considerable section of it near enough the equator to be entirely free from frost. In some parts of the northern states frosts are likely to occur during any of the summer months. In the northern part of Florida peninsular, in the region immediately bordering the coast of the Gulf of Mexico, and in the Pacific coast states frosts may occur from the latter part of October until the early part of April. From December until early in March, the frost limit, at long intervals may be extended southward well over central and even southern Florida. Consequently, the farmer and orchardist wherever he lives in the United States must be ready to battle with the frost and thanks to the weather bureau, the mails, the telegraph and the telephone, he is promptly notified when to light his smudge, turn on the water or stretch the protective screen. Philadelphia Ledger.

The greatest system renovator. Restores vitality, regulates the kiducys, liver and stomach. If Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea fails to cure get your money back. That's fair. 35 cts tea or tablets.

Notice of Application.

In Wood County Court—In Probate.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } ss.
COUNTY OF WOOD.

In the Matter of the Estate of Joseph Provost, deceased.

On this 3rd day of January, A. D. 1905, upon reading and filing the petition of A. John Provost stating that Joseph Provost of the county of Wood, died intestate on or about the seventeenth day of December, 1904, and praying that Laura Provost be appointed administratrix of the estate of said deceased.

It is Ordered, That said application be heard before the probate office in in Grand Rapids on the 31st day of January, A. D. 1905 at ten o'clock a. m.

And it is Further Ordered, That notice of the time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively in the Grand Rapids Tribune a newspaper printed in said county, previous to the time appointed for said hearing.

By the Court, W. J. CONWAY, County Judge.

The Cranberry and its Uses.

The cranberry is one of the best of our autumn and winter fruits, and is a most healthful food, containing an acid which has been found highly beneficial in cases of diphtheria, cholera, grip, and eruptive skin diseases. It is richer in salts and acids than any fruit; consequently, a smaller quantity satisfies the appetite and it is not an expensive luxury. It has been demonstrated that one quart of cranberries is equal to a half peck of apples. With sound berries there is no waste, and all the berries and the sugar go to increase the quantity and richness of the sauce. Many families buy a bushel or a barrel of cranberries instead of apples, and find them much more desirable for the table. It is a mistaken idea that this fruit is only to be eaten as a sauce and served up as a sort of holiday dish with game and poultry. There can be made with it most delicious puddings and dumplings, boiled, steamed or baked, as well as pies, shortcakes, tarts, and jellies. Always remember to cook cranberries in porcelain or granite lined dishes. —Exchange.



Miss. Agnes Westley
816 Wells Street
Marinette, Wis.

816 Wells Street,
MARINETTE, WIS., Sept. 25, 1903.

I was all run down from nervousness and overwork and had to resign my position and take a rest. I found that I was not gaining my strength and health as fast as I could wish, and as your Wine of Cardui was recommended as such a good medicine for the ills of our sex, I bought a bottle and began using it. I was satisfied with the results from the use of the first bottle, and took three more and then found I was restored to good health and strength and able to take up my work with renewed vigor. I consider it a fine tonic and excellent for worn-out, nervous condition, and am pleased to endorse it.

AGNES WESTLEY,
Sec'y, North Wisconsin Holland Society.

Secure a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui and a 25c. package of Thedford's Black-Draught today.

WINE OF CARDUI

11-29-7t

Summons.

In Circuit Court—Wood County.

Ferdinand Hopp, Plaintiff, }
vs.
Auguste Hopp, Defendant. }

The State of Wisconsin:—To the said Defendant, and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint; of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

O. C. HAHN,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
P. O. Address Watertown, Jefferson Co., Wis

P. S. Please take notice that the summons and verified complaint in the above entitled action were duly filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of said county, on the 9th day of November, 1901.

Chicago & Northwestern Ry.

GOING NORTHWEST.

No. 423 leaves Chicago	3:00 a. m
No. 423 leaves Milwaukee	7:30 a. m
No. 423 arrives Fond du Lac	9:50 a. m
No. 423 arrives Grand Rapids	1:25 p. m
No. 423 arrives Marshfield	2:16 p. m
No. 409 leaves Chicago	3:00 p. m
No. 409 leaves Milwaukee	5:00 p. m
No. 409 arrives Fond du Lac	6:45 p. m
No. 409 arrives Grand Rapids	10:05 p. m
No. 439 arrives Fond du Lac	6:50 a. m
No. 275 arrives Green Bay	9:45 p. m

GOING SOUTHEAST.

No. 410 leaves Grand Rapids	5:15 a. m
No. 410 arrives Fond du Lac	8:50 a. m
No. 410 arrives Milwaukee	10:45 a. m
No. 410 arrives Chicago	1:15 p. m
No. 436 arrives Grand Rapids	4:25 a. m
No. 436 arrives Fond du Lac	3:46 p. m
No. 416 leaves Marshfield	12:35 p. m
No. 416 leaves Grand Rapids	1:25 p. m
No. 416 arrives Fond du Lac	4:55 p. m
No. 416 leaves Milwaukee	7:10 p. m
No. 416 arrives Chicago	9:30 p. m

NEKOOSA BRANCH.

SOUTH BOUND.

Leave Grand Rapids	7:15 a. m.
Arrive Nekoosa	8:45 a. m.

NORTH BOUND.

Leave Nekoosa	9:10 a. m.
Arrive Grand Rapids	10:35 a. m.

1:35 p. m
2:05 p. m
3:00 p. m
3:30 p. m

Tickets on sale for all points in the United States and Canada. Baggage checked through.
J. C. WILLARD, Agent.

Wisconsin Central Line.

SOUTH BOUND.

Arrive Marshfield	2:20 p. m.
Leave Grand Rapids	3:20 p. m.
Arrive Minneapolis	7:25 p. m.
Arrive St. Paul	7:40 p. m.
Arrive Eau Claire	10:25 p. m.
Arrive Chippewa Falls	11:00 p. m.
Arrive Ashland	7:25 p. m.
Arrive Duluth	4:00 p. m.

7:30 a. m
8:30 a. m
7:05 p. m
8:00 a. m
11:00 a. m
1:30 a. m
8:30 a. m

NORTH BOUND.

Leave Grand Rapids	9:35 a. m.
Arrive Marshfield	10:35 a. m.
Arrive Chippewa Falls	1:10 p. m.
Arrive Eau Claire	1:40 p. m.
Arrive Ashland	4:15 p. m.
Arrive Duluth	7:30 p. m.
Arrive St. Paul	4:30 p. m.
Arrive Minneapolis	5:10 p. m.

5:05 a. m
6:05 p. m
8:30 p. m
9:20 p. m
7:45 a. m
11:15 a. m
8:15 a. m
8:50 a. m

NEKOOSA TRAINS.

GOING NORTH.

Grand Rapids	9:35 a. m.	5:05 p. m 6:00 p. m
South Centralia	9:20 a. m.	5:15 p. m 6:00 p. m
Port Edwards	9:25 a. m.	6:10 p. m 4:55 p. m
Nekoosa	9:15 a. m.	5:00 p. m 4:45 p. m

GOING SOUTH.

Grand Rapids	8:30 a. m.	3:30 p. m
South Centralia	8:35 a. m.	3:25 p. m
Port Edwards	8:40 a. m.	3:20 p. m 3:40 p. m
Nekoosa	8:50 a. m.	3:40 p. m 4:00 p. m

J. W. Hancock, Agent.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

GOING NORTH.

No. 3 passenger, daily except Sunday	7:27 a. m
No. 5 passenger, daily except Sunday	5:38 p. m
No. 83, freight	12:35 p. m

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 passenger, daily	10:10 p. m
No. 4 passenger, daily except Sunday	12:55 p. m
No. 82 freight	12:45 p. m

Passenger trains going south make close connections at New Lisbon with regular trains going east and west.

Baggage checked through.

Tickets to all points in the United States and Canada. G. O. ANDERSON, Agent.

Green Bay & Western Ry.

GOING EAST.

No. 8 freight departs	5:00 a. m
No. 4 passenger departs	6:40 a. m
No. 2 passenger departs	2:42 p. m
No. 10 freight arrives	6:00 p. m
No. 28 (Sunday only) departs	7:00 a. m

GOING WEST.

No. 9 freight departs	4:00 a. m
No. 1 passenger departs	10:22 a. m
No. 3 passenger arrives	8:30 p. m
No. 7 freight arrives	7:30 p. m
No. 27 (Sunday only) arrive	9:50 p. m

Tickets for Sunday trains sold at reduced rates.

Refrigerator cars for dairy shipments for all points east or south on train No. 10 Tuesdays and Fridays.

Regular tickets on sale for all points in United States and Canada. Baggage checked through. For any information apply to the local agent. Telephone 28s. Residence phone 134.

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Or are you going to buy any tickets from Europe? If so, remember that I represent all the leading steamship lines sailing between this country and Europe and am in a position to furnish promptly the very best accommodations at the lowest rates. I represent: The Hamburg American; The Cunard; The White Star; The American; The Red Star; The Holland-American The Allan; The Allan State; The Beaver; The Dominion, and The Scandinavian Lines and shall be pleased to furnish on application rates, sailings, and all information desired concerning any of these lines.

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The family man,
The family man,
Of all the men to adore
Is the man who can sit,
With his toes turning in,
Caring for children four.

The family man,
The family man,
The pride of the men I know,
Is the man when one twin
Is pulling his chin
Gives all the rest a show.

The family man,
The family man,
Is only a foolish cub,
If when tending the kids,
Getting kicked in the ribs,
His wife is at the club.

No, but if she is down at the lumber yard, making a better bargain than he could, it is all right. Come down yourself and look us over.

Grand Rapids Lumber Co.

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